



Planktic foraminiferal stratigraphic study across the Campanian/ Maastrichtian boundary (C/M) and the Cretaceous/ Paleogene (K-Pg) transition sediments deposits at Oued Smara and Oued Abiod sections (Tadjerouine, NW Tunisia)

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The detailed planktic foraminiferal stratigraphical study from the upper Campanian to the Cretaceous/Paleogene boundary of the two closed sections; Oued Smara and Oued Abiod located at Tadjerouine region (NW Tunisia), allows us to establish a biozonation and subzonation of this interval.

Across the upper Campanian/lower Maastrichtian interval deposits, we have recognized the following biozones and subzones by their biomarkers: The *Gansserina gansseri* and the *Abathomphalus mayaroensis* biozones subdivided into *Rugoglobigerina rotundata*, *Rugoglobigerina scotti*, *Planoglobulina acervulinoides*, *Racemiguembelina fructifera*, *Pseudoguembelina hariaensis* and *Plummerita hantkeninoides* subzones. The international Commission of Stratigraphy placed the Campanian/Maastrichtian (C/M) boundary close to the first appearance of the biomarker *R. scotti* at the Tercis-les-Bains section (Landes, France). We have adopted this first occurrence which coincides with the C/M boundary to place this boundary at Tadjerouine area (Tunisia). The first occurrence defines also the base of the *R. scotti* subzones of the lower Maastrichtian interval. This subzone which corresponds to El Haria Formation, is composed of marls deposits and is intercalated by two limestone's bar and characterized by high abundances of *H. globulosa* species which attend maximum abundances at the middle and upper part of this subzone.

The lower Danian interval deposits, is characterized by *Guembelitra cretacea*, *Parvularugoglobigerina eugubina*, and *Parasubbotina pseudobulloides* biozones. The *Guembelitra cretacea* Zone was subdivided into the *Hedbergella holmdelensis* and *Parvularugoglobigerina longiapertura* Subzones; the *Parvularugoglobigerina eugubina* Zone into the *Parvularugoglobigerina sabina* and *Eoglobigerina simplicissima* Subzones; and the *Parasubbotina pseudobulloides* Zone into the *Eoglobigerina trivialis* and *Subbotina triloculinoides* Subzones. We have also identified the *Praemurica trinidadensis* biozones at the upper part of the Danian interval.

To subdivide the Upper Campanian-Maastrichtian interval, we have placed the base of the lower Maastrichtian at the first occurrence (F.O) of *R. scotti* index species, and the base of the Upper Maastrichtian at the F.O of *Abathomphalus mayaroensis* index species. Consequently, the *Rugoglobigerina rotundata* characterize the upper Campanian deposits.