



Quantification of soil respiration in a soil amended with sewage sludges

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The measurement of biological activity is a parameter that can be used as a quality index to evaluate, for example, the influence of an organic amendment or a contaminant in soil or to select the better substrates. Soil biological activity can be estimated by different indexes such as nitrification index, humification index or soil respiration measuring CO₂ evolved in incubation experiments.

The objective of this work was to study the influence of sewage sludge at different rates in soil biological activity measuring CO₂ evolved. The CO₂ was determined by passing CO₂ and NH₃ free air through respiration vessels, trapping the evolving CO₂ in NaOH and periodic titration of the CO₂ trapped with HCl after BaCl₂ precipitation of carbonates. Experimental results obtained during incubation process of amended soils show that all treatments presented the same mineralization pattern which was satisfactorily described by means of a power model $CO_2-C = a \cdot t^b$.