Geophysical Research Abstracts Vol. 12, EGU2010-2097, 2010 EGU General Assembly 2010 © Author(s) 2010



The Kaguya Mission: Science Achievements and Data Release

Manabu Kato, Susumu Sasaki, and Yoshisada Takizawa ISAS /JAXA, Planetary Science, Sagamihara, Kanagawa, Japan (kato@planeta.sci.isas.jaxa.jp, 42 759 8457)

Lunar orbiter Kaguya (SELENE) has impacted the Moon on July 10, 2009. The Kaguya mission has completed to observe the whole Moon for total twenty months; checkout term of three months, nominal one of ten months, and the extension of seven months. In the extended mission before the impact the measurements of magnetic field and gamma-ray from lower orbits have been perrformed successfully in addition to low altitude observation by Terraine Camera, Multiband Imager, and HDTV Camera. New data of intense magnetic anomaly and GRS data with higher spacial resolution has been acquired to study elemental distribution and magnetism of the Moon. New information and insights have been brought to lunar sciences in topography, gra-vimetry, geology, mineralogy, lithology, plasma physics.

On November 1, 2009 the Kaguya team has released science data to the public as an international promise. The archive data can be accessed through Kaguya homepage of JAXA. Image gallary and 3D GIS system have been also put on view from the same homepage.