



## Coordinated ground-based ULF and sub-ionospheric VLF seismo-electromagnetic investigations in Europe

Konrad Schwingenschuh (1), Alexander Rozhnoi (4), Maria Solovieva (4), Massimo Vellante (2,3), Umberto Villante (2,3), Petko Nenovski (5), Victor Wesztergom (6), Pier Francesco Biagi (7), and the SEM Team

(1) Space Research Institute, Austrian Academy of Sciences, Graz, Austria (konrad.schwingenschuh@oeaw.ac.at), (2) Dipartimento di Fisica, Università L'Aquila, L'Aquila, Italy, (3) Consorzio Area di Ricerca in Astrogeofisica, L'Aquila, Italy, (4) Institute of the Physics of the Earth, Russian Academy of Sciences, Moscow, Russia, (5) Geophysical Institute, Sofia, Bulgaria, (6) Geodetic and Geophysical Research Institute, Hungarian Academy of Science, Sopron, Hungary, (7) Department of Physics, University of Bari, Bari, Italy

In order to differentiate seismo-electro-magnetic phenomena from other natural events, e.g. geomagnetic activity or ionospheric disturbances, a long-term analysis of single parameter electro-magnetic data before the earthquake is widely used.

We present a dual parameter method based on the coordinated observations of ground-based ULF and sub-ionospheric VLF phenomena before earthquakes.

A major emphasis is on the April 2009 L'Aquila earthquake using the ULF data of the South European Ground Magnetometer Array (SEGMA) and the radio-links of the European VLF/LF network.

The ULF observations are used to identify geomagnetic phenomena during seismic active periods found by the European VLF network.