Geophysical Research Abstracts Vol. 13, EGU2011-8853, 2011 EGU General Assembly 2011 © Author(s) 2011



Digital Earth: Advancing hydro-geomorphology and hazard prediction

Efi Foufoula-Georgiou (1), Paola Passalacqua (2), William E. Dietrich (3), Dino Bellugi (3,4)

(1) Department of Civil Engineering and National Center for Earth-surface Dynamics, St. Anthony Falls Laboratory, University of Minnesota, Minneapolis, MN, USA (efi@umn.edu), (2) Department of Civil, Architectural, and Environmental Engineering, University of Texas at Austin, Austin, TX, USA (paola@austin.utexas.edu), (3) Department of Earth and Planetary Science, University of California-Berkeley, Berkeley, CA, USA, (4) Department of Computational Science and Engineering, University of California-Berkeley, Berkeley, CA, USA

In 1998, Al Gore in his famous speech "The Digital Earth: Understanding our Planet in the 21st century" presented a vision for Digital Earth: a multi-resolution, three-dimensional representation of the planet, into which we can embed vast quantities of geo-referenced data and which can provide the basis for understanding our complex planet, predict disasters, undertake humanitarian efforts, and assist in planning and decision making, as well as create the basis for scientific inquiry. This effort is beyond any single investigator, any single group, any single funding agency, any single country. Instead it is an effort of global involvement which requires sustainable resources to create the platform on which the international community (scientific, government agencies, and informed citizens) can build upon. In this talk, we will present some recent efforts to develop tools that can be supported within the Google Earth Engine (EE) environment for wide use in river basin applications including flooding and landslide prediction.