

Outdoor thermal comfort - experimental investigations on two recreational urban spaces in Szeged, Hungary

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Study area

Szeged, Hungary
46°N, 20°E
82 m a.s.l.
temperate warm climate

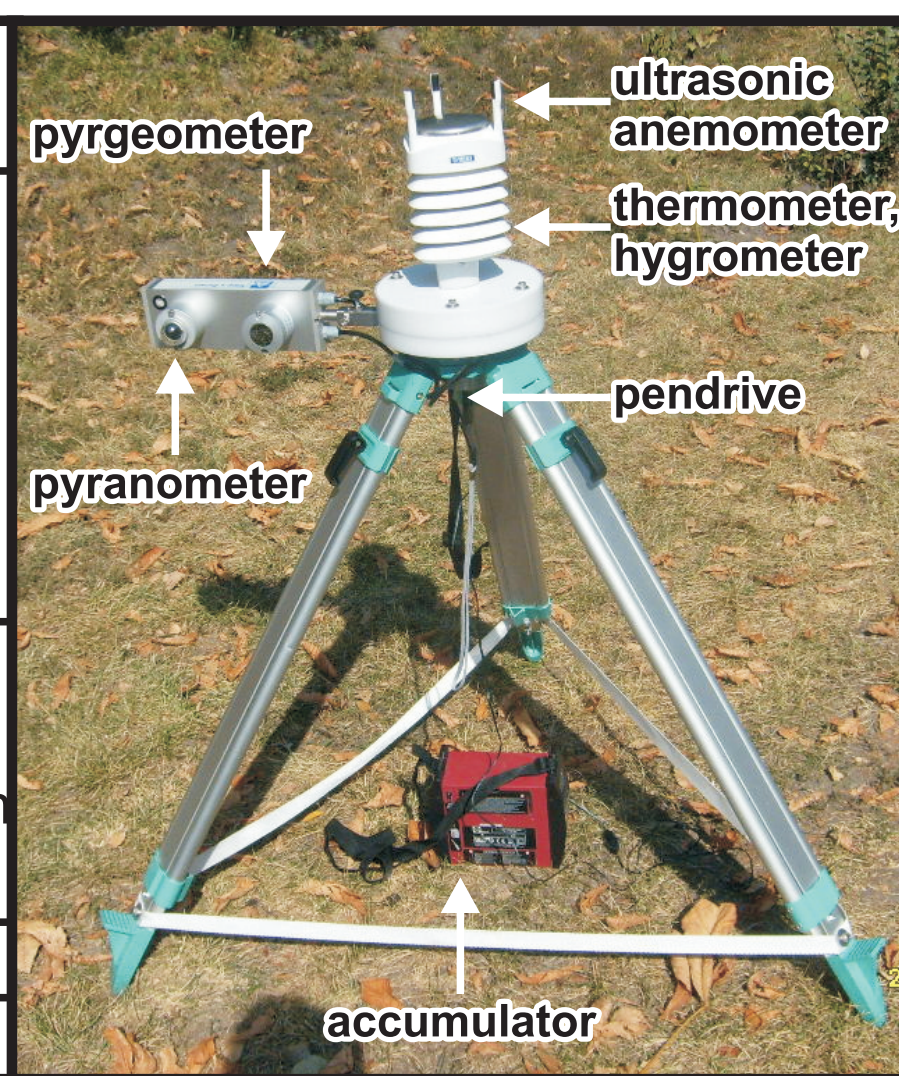


| | | |
|--------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| location | inner city | inner city |
| size | ca. 5500 m ² | ca. 6000 m ² |
| surface cover | grass | gravel, grass |
| vegetation | young and old trees | old trees |
| shading conditions | different | mainly penumbra |
| function | resting place | resting place, playground |
| visitors | mainly students | all age groups |

- 2009: 14 investigation days in early autumn Ady: 9 days / Honvéd: 5 days
- 2010: 15 investigation days in late spring Ady: 7 days / Honvéd: 8 days
In the early afternoon: from 12 to 3 p.m.
Simultan conducted on-sie meteorological measurements and questionnaires

Meteorological measurements

| MEASURED PARAMETER | INSTRUMENT | |
|---|-----------------------|--|
| air temperature Ta [°C] | THERMOCAP thermometer | as part of WXT 520, Vaisala, 1.2 m a.g.l. |
| relative humidity RH [%] | HUMICAP hygrometer | |
| wind speed v [m/s] | WINDCAP anemometer | |
| short-wave radiation K [W/m ²] | CM 3 pyranometer | as part of CNR 1, Kipp & Zonen, 1.1 m a.g.l. |
| long-wave radiation L [W/m ²] | CG 3 pyrgeometer | |
| data recording | pendrive | |
| averaging period | 1 min | |

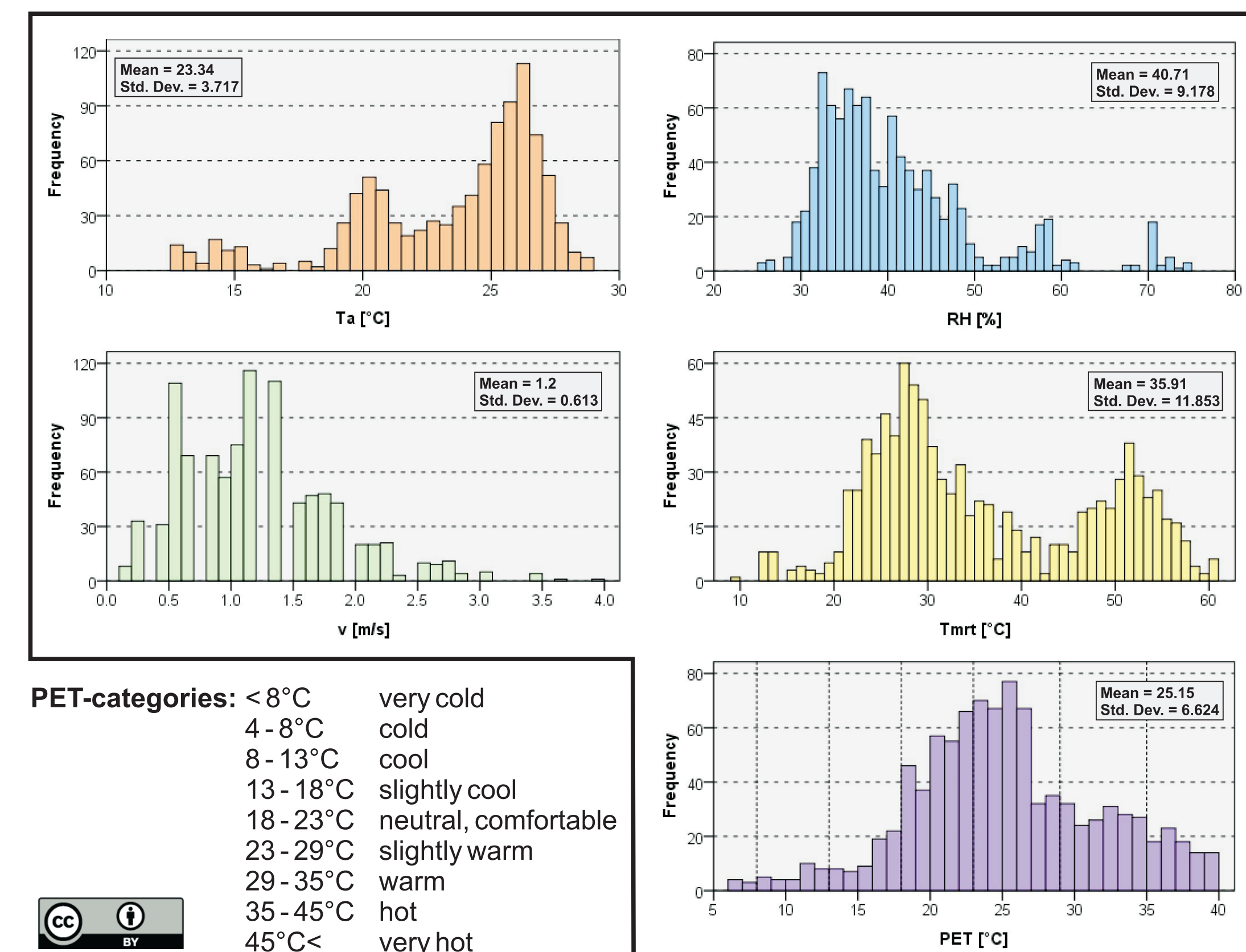


CALCULATED PARAMETERS

Tmrt [°C] mean radiant temperature (from the individual K & L fluxes)

PET [°C] physiologically equivalent temperature (from Ta, RH, v and Tmrt)

THERMAL ENVIRONMENT



Questionnaires

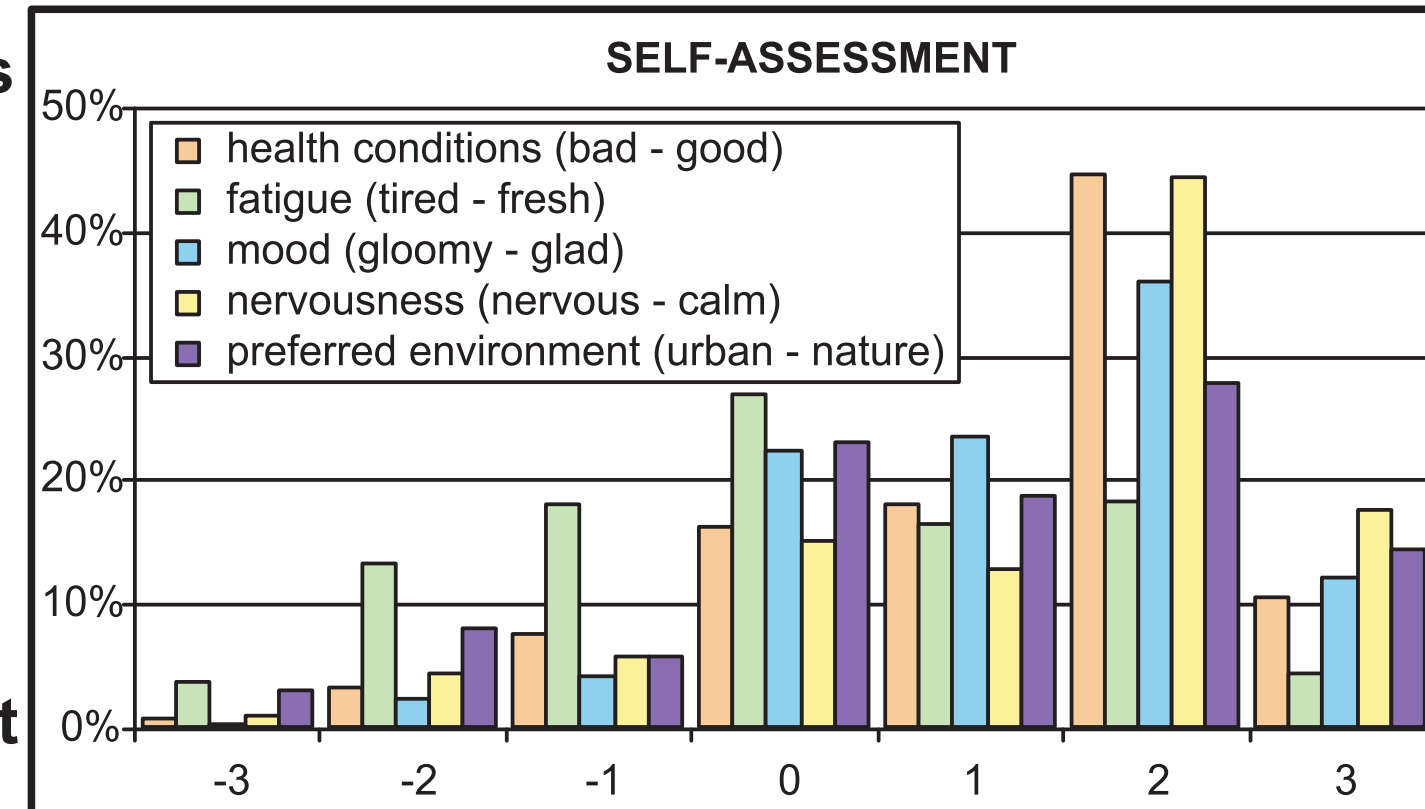
Ca. 3-5 min / interview, 967 filled questionnaires / 29 days
Interviewees near by the meteorological station - same solar exposure

PERSONAL FACTORS

| Demographics | Behaviour | Health conditions | Life style |
|--------------|----------------|---------------------------|----------------------|
| gender | clothing | cardiovascular diseases | smoking |
| age | solar exposure | blood pressure | alcohol consumption |
| height | activity | pulmonary diseases | caffeine consumption |
| weight | body posture | pollinosis | sport |
| | | weather front sensitivity | |

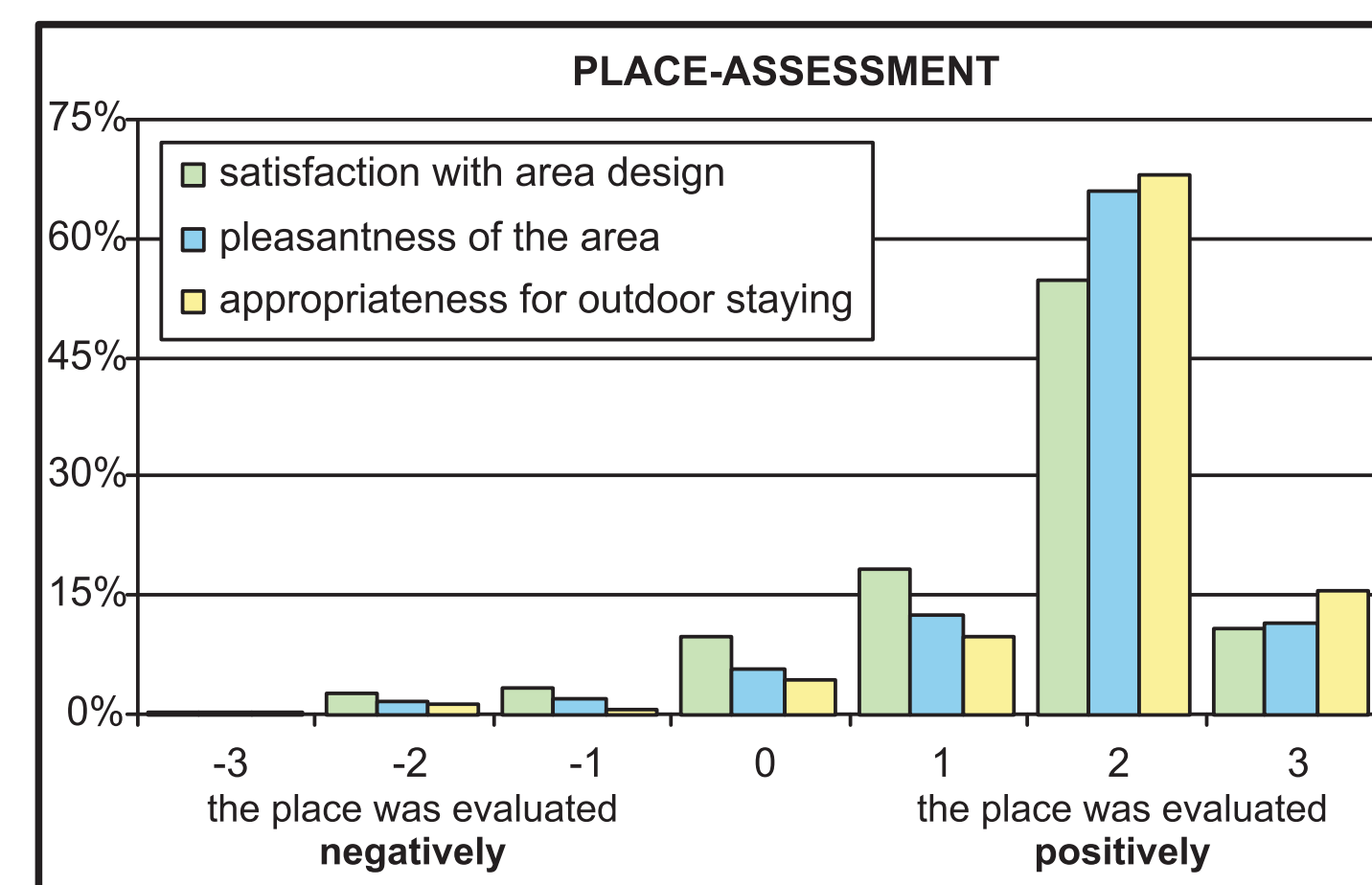
7-point semantic differential scales were used to measure the level of:

- overall health conditions
- general feelings:
 - fatigue
 - mood
 - nervousness
- urban vs. open-air person attitude:
 - preferred environment



SUBJECTIVE ASSESSMENTS

Different semantic differential scales were used to measure the visitors' subjective evaluations of the place and the thermal environment:

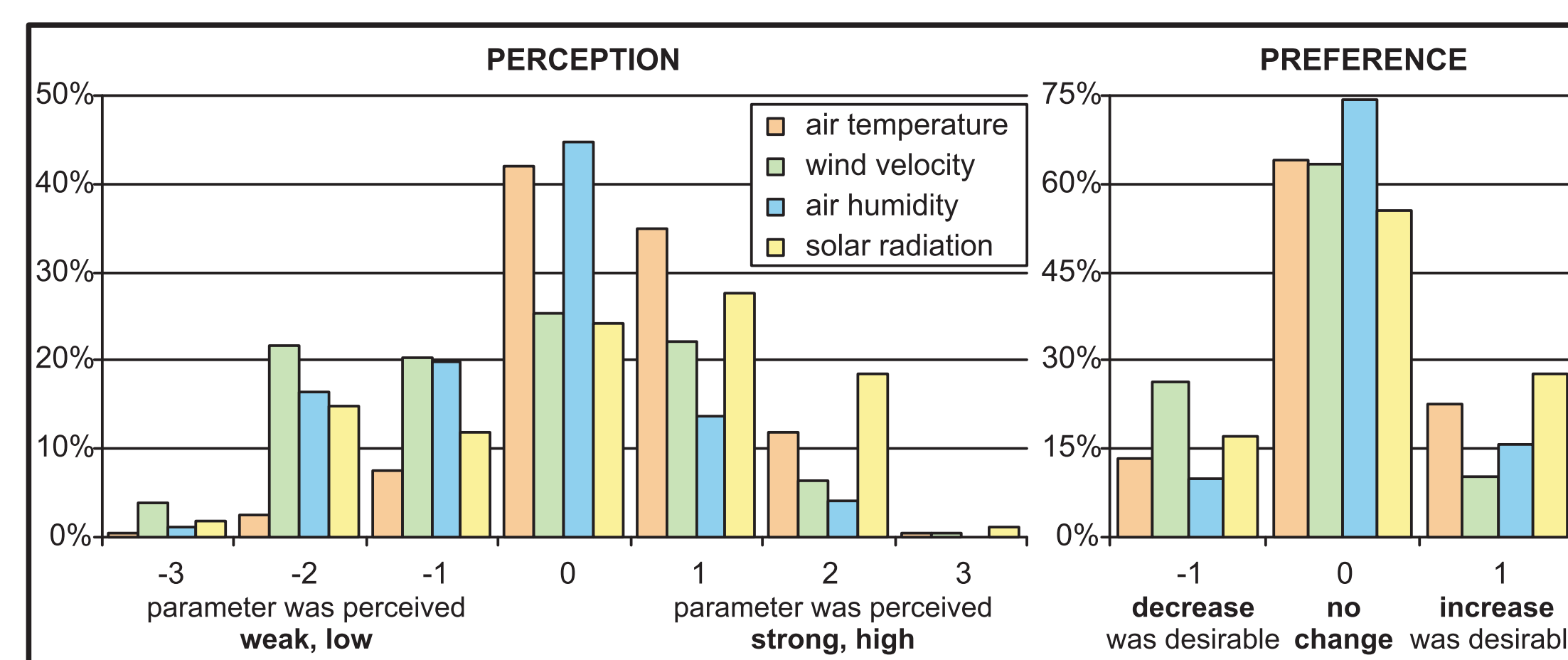
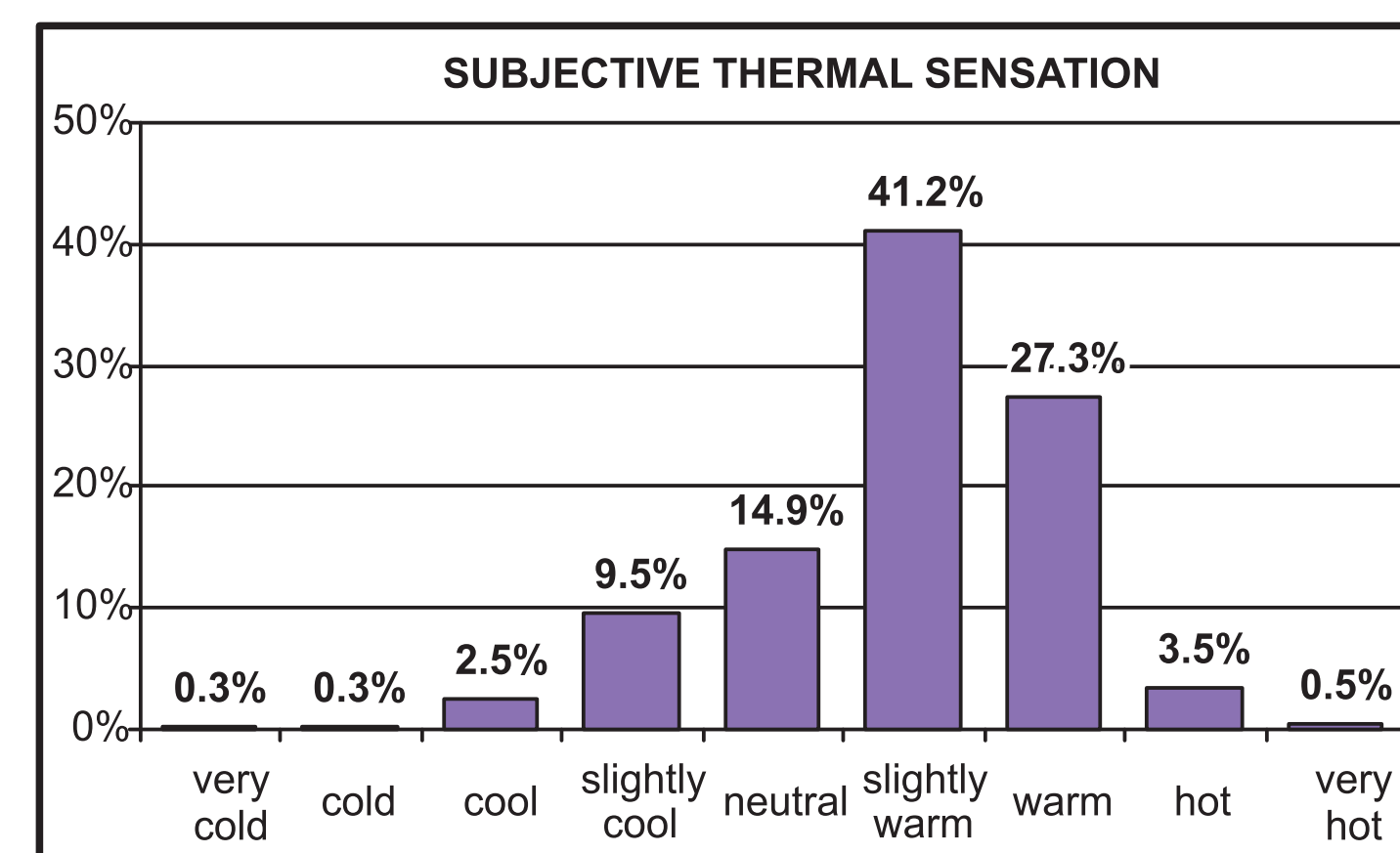


PLACE-ASSESSMENTS

- satisfaction with the design of the area
 - pleasantness of the area
 - the area's adequacy for outdoor staying
- 7-point scales

ASSESSMENTS OF THE MOMENTARY THERMAL CONDITIONS

Thermal sensation
9 main nominal categories
Perceptions of the individual climate parameters
7-point scales
Preferences for changes in the case of these climate parameters
3-point scales



Statistical analyses

DEPENDENCE OF THE INDIVIDUAL CLIMATE PARAMETER PERCEPTIONS, PREFERENCES AND THE THERMAL SENSATION ON THE...

SUBJECTIVE ASSESSMENTS OF THE THERMAL ENVIRONMENT

| perceptions (-3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3) | preferences (-1, 0, 1) | (-4 ... 4) | thermal sensation |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| air temperature | air temperature | air temperature | air temperature |
| wind velocity | wind velocity | wind velocity | wind velocity |
| air humidity | air humidity | air humidity | air humidity |
| solar radiation | solar radiation | solar radiation | solar radiation |
| thermal sensation | thermal sensation | thermal sensation | thermal sensation |

Spearman's rho (ρ)

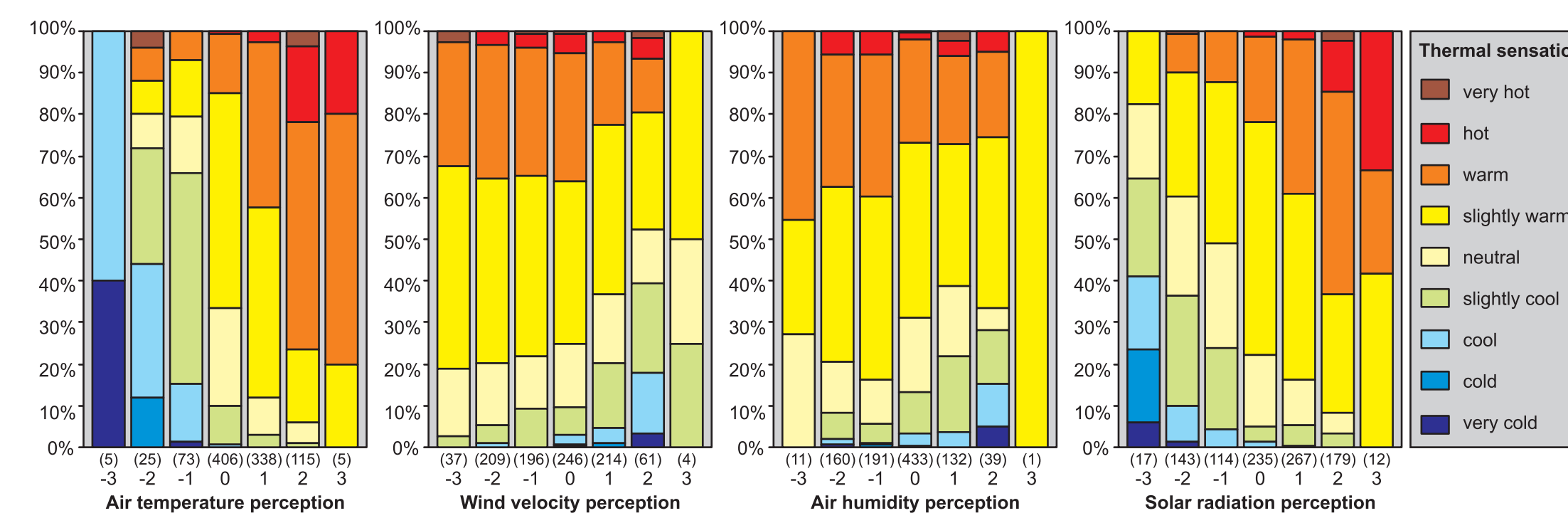
rank-correlation coefficient

were used to reveal significant interrelationships between the subjective evaluations of the thermal environment, and to show the influence of the momentary thermal conditions and personal parameters on these assessments (N=967).

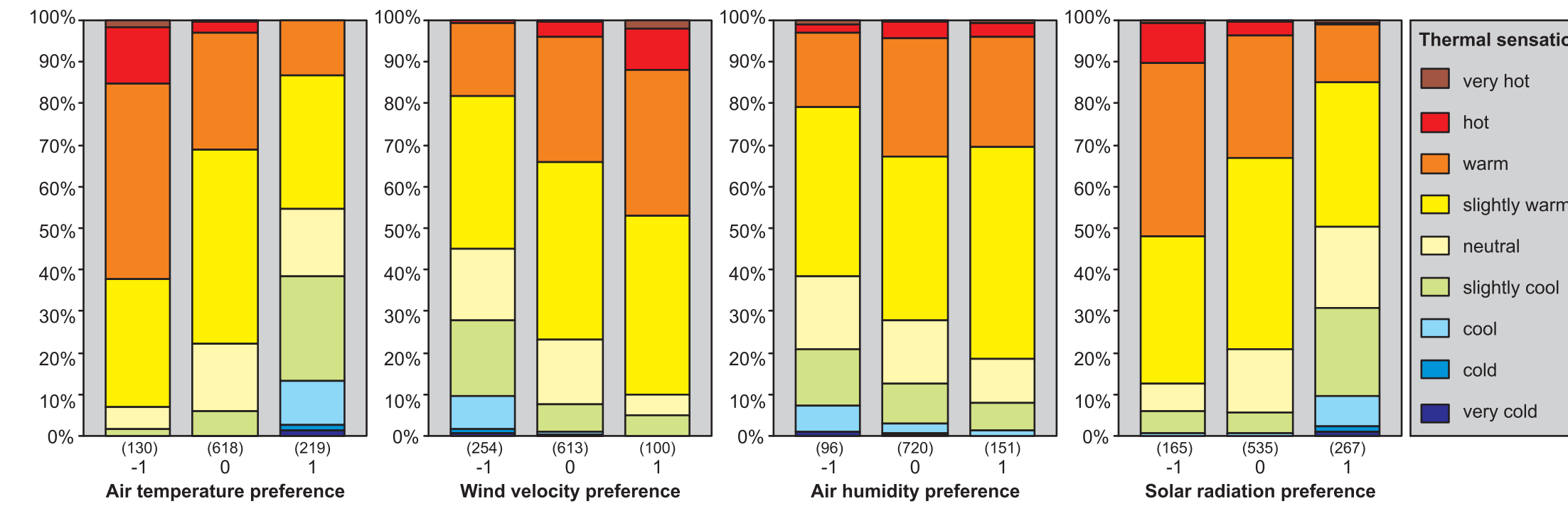
THERMAL ENVIRONMENT

| measured parameters | calculated parameters | self-assessments (-3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3) |
|---------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Ta [°C] | Tmrt [°C] | health cond. |
| v [m/s] | PET [°C] | fatigue |
| RH [%] | | mood |
| | | nervousness |
| | | preferred environm. |

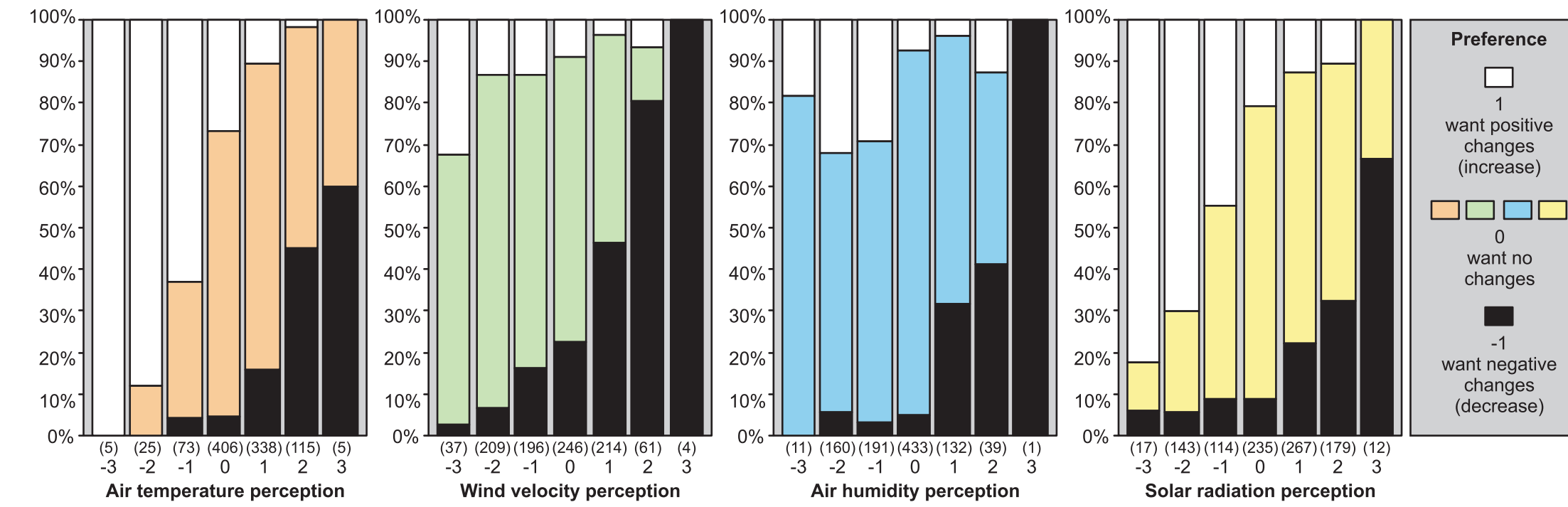
THERMAL SENSATION VS. CLIMATE PARAMETER PERCEPTIONS



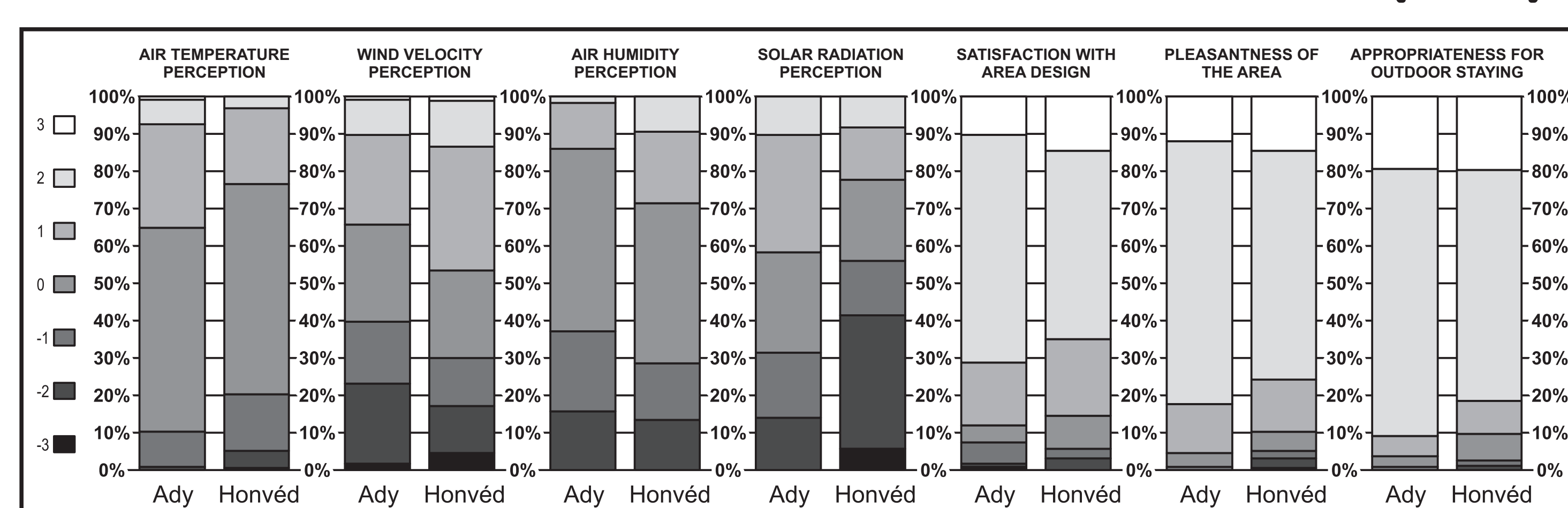
THERMAL SENSATION VS. CLIMATE PARAMETER PREFERENCES



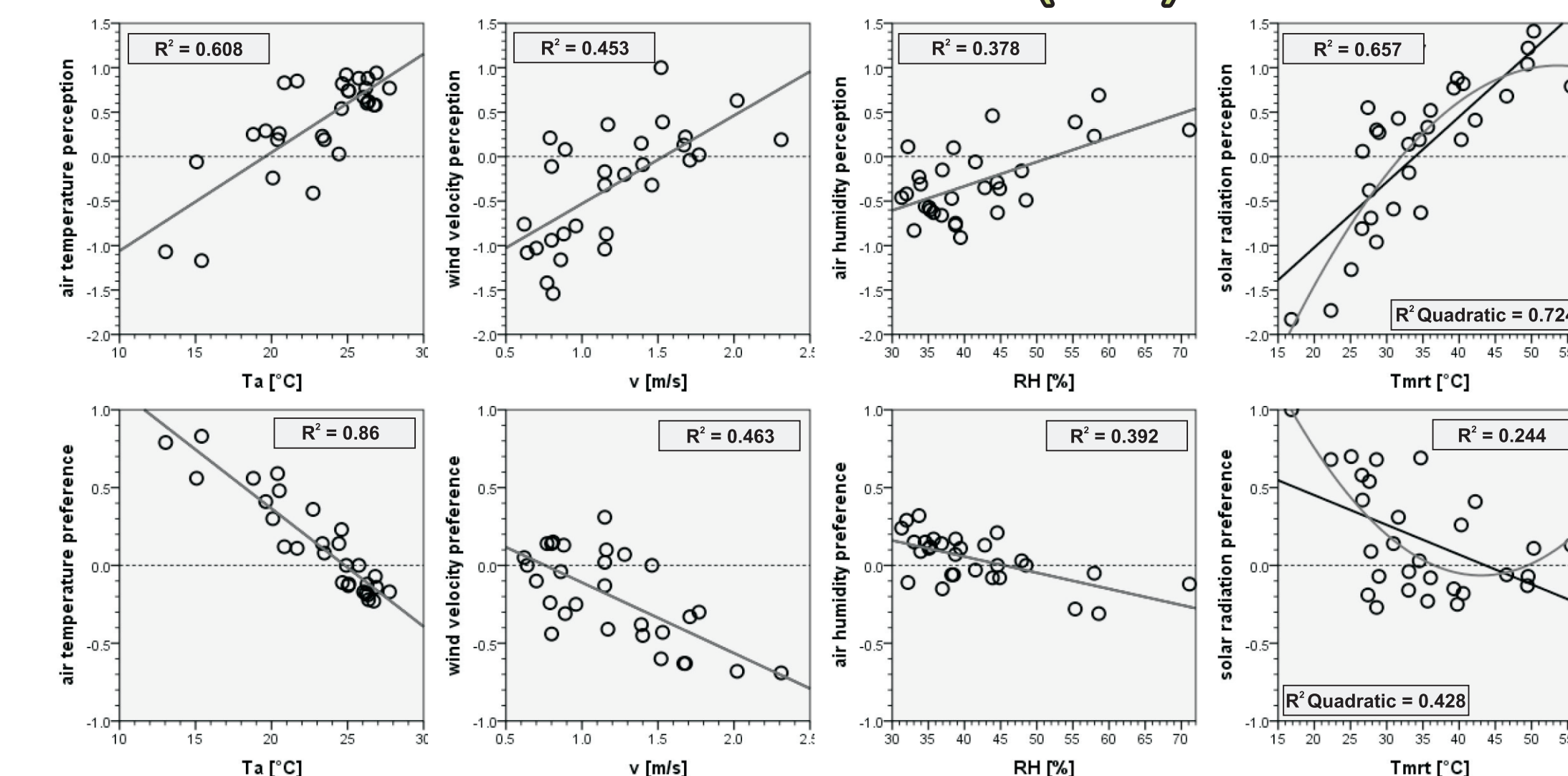
PERCEPTIONS VS. CORRESPONDING PREFERENCES



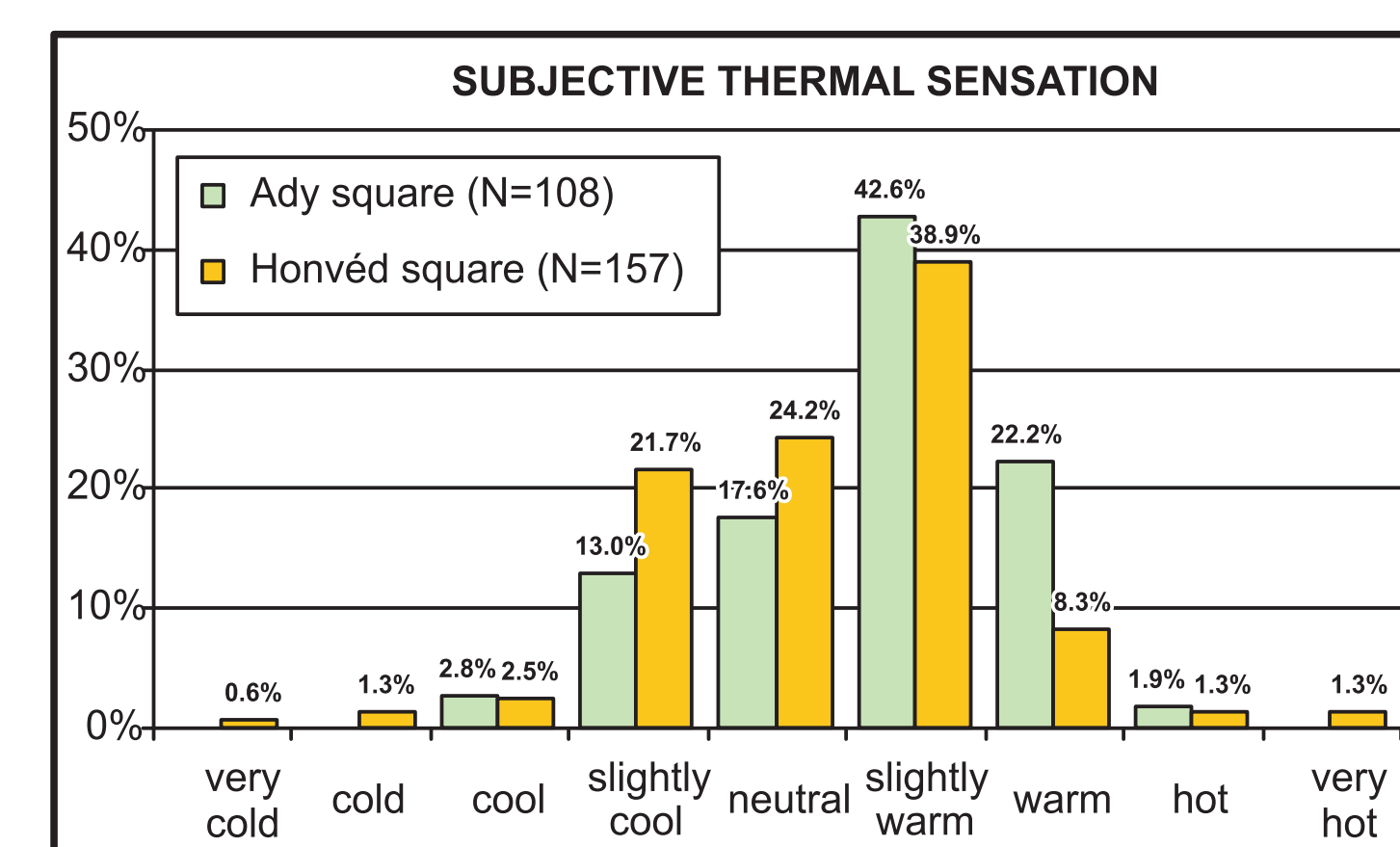
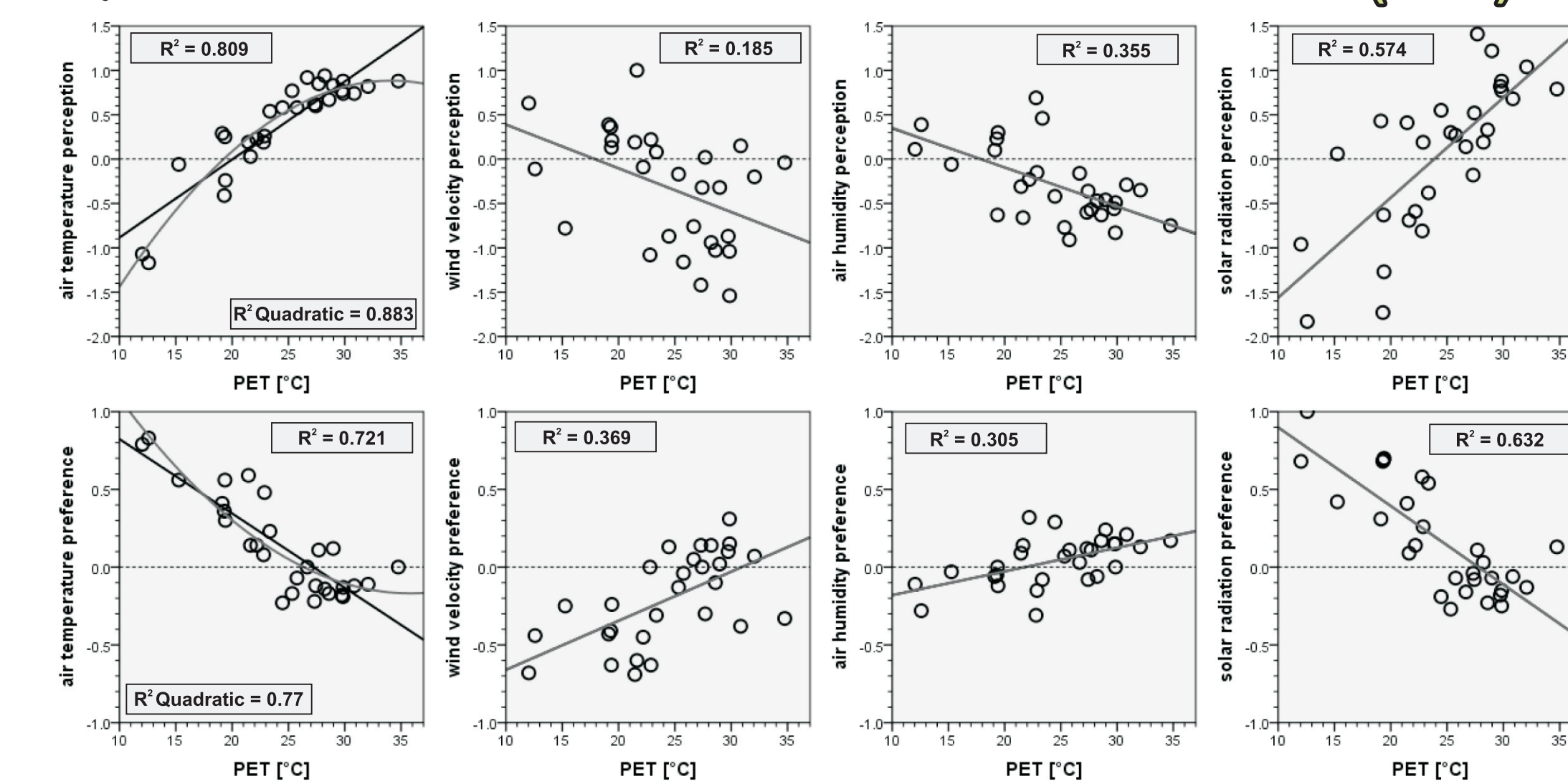
COMPARISON OF THE INVESTIGATED AREAS IN THE COMFORTABLE PET-RANGE (18-23°C)



PERCEPTIONS & PREFERENCES VS. CORRESPONDING OBJECTIVE PARAMETERS BASED ON DAILY AVERAGES (N=29)



PERCEPTIONS & PREFERENCES VS. THE PHYSIOLOGICALLY EQUIVALENT TEMPERATURE BASED ON DAILY AVERAGES (N=29)



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