

# The Sentinel-4 Mission: Instrument Description and Atmospheric Composition Products

Ben Veihelmann<sup>1</sup>, Paul Ingmann<sup>1</sup>, Yasjka Meijer<sup>1</sup>, Rob Koopman<sup>2</sup>, Grégory Bazalgette Courrèges-Lacoste<sup>2</sup>, Berit Ahlers<sup>3</sup>, Hendrik Stark<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Mission Science Division, ESA/ESTEC, <sup>2</sup> MTG Project Division, ESA/ESTEC, <sup>3</sup> TEC-MMO, ESA/ESTEC

Contact: ben.veihelmann@esa.int

## Constellation Sentinel-4, -5, -5 Precursor

- The Sentinel missions are developed by ESA for the operational needs of the GMES (Global Monitoring for Environment and Security) programme
- Sentinel-4, -5, and -5 Precursor are dedicated to the GMES Atmosphere Services (GAS)

- Air Quality Near-Real Time Applications
- Air Quality Protocol Monitoring
- Climate Protocol Monitoring

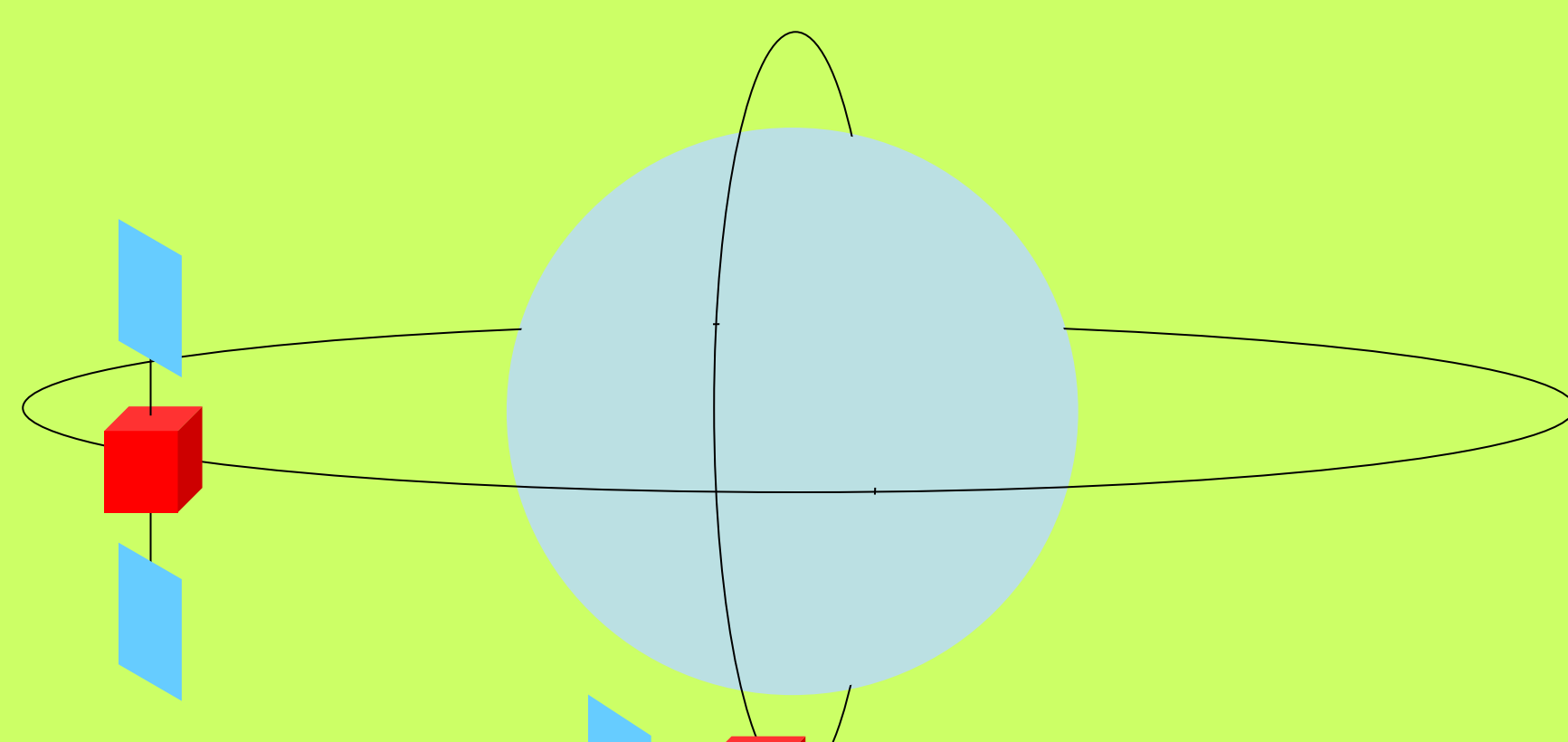
- Meeting the needs of the GAS requires a constellation of GEOstationary and Low Earth Orbiting instrumentation

- Hourly revisit time over Europe
- Mainly air quality
- Diurnal cycle of tropospheric composition

→ GEO

- Daily revisit time with global coverage
- Climate, air quality, ozone & UV
- Tropospheric & stratospheric composition

→ LEO



## Sentinel-4 (S4) defined as

- UVN spectrometer on the GEOstationary MTG-S platforms (Meteosat Third Generation Sounding), launch of MTG-S1 ~2019
- Utilisation of data from IRS (InfraRed Sounder) on MTG-S
- Utilisation of data from FCI (Flexible Combined Imager) on MTG-I (Meteosat Third Generation Imaging)

## Sentinel-5 (S5) defined as

- UVNS spectrometer expected on the Low Earth Orbiting (LEO) Metop-SG platforms (Meteorological Satellite - Second Generation), launch ≥2020
- Implementation of atmospheric composition requirements in addition to numerical weather prediction requirements for the IRS on Metop-SG
- Utilisation of imager data from Visible/Infrared Imager (VII) on Metop-SG
- Utilisation of aerosol data from 3MI (Multi-viewing, -channel, -polarisation Imager) on Metop-SG

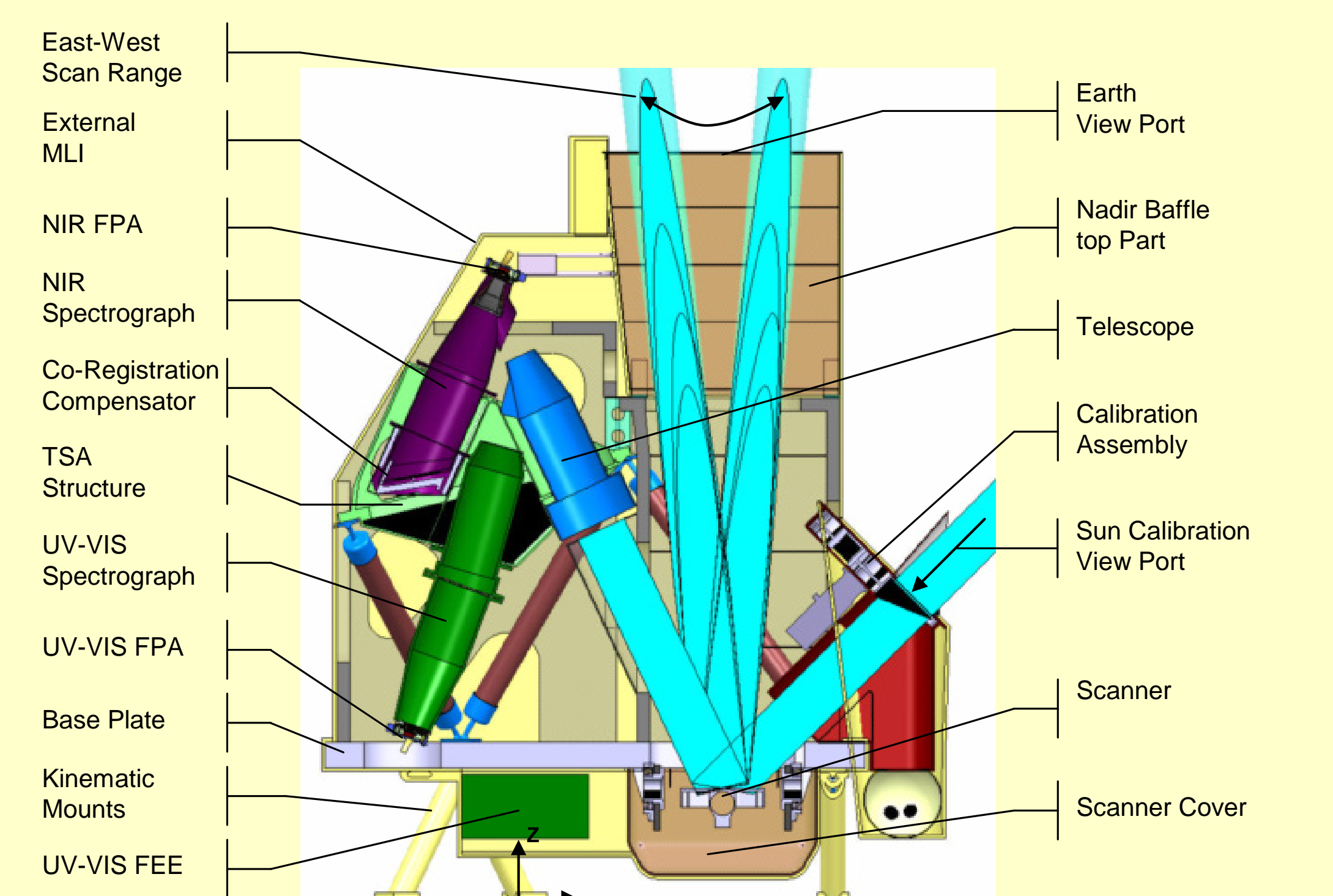
## Sentinel-5 Precursor (S5P) defined as

- UVNS spectrometer (TROPOMI) on a dedicated LEO platform, launch ≥2014
- Utilisation of data from VIIRS (Visible Infrared Imager Radiometer Suite) on NPP (National Polar-orbiting Partnership)

## Sentinel-4/UVN Spectrometer

- Imaging spectrometer
- 2 grating spectrometers
- 2 bands: UV-Vis and NIR
- CCD detectors cooled <220 K
- High performance on board calibration sources
- Low sensitivity to polarization <1%
- Low level of spectral features 0.05%
- High radiometric accuracy < 3%
- Spatial resolution 8 km at 45°N
- Revisit time ≤1 h over Europe

Band	Spectral	
	range [nm]	resolution [nm]
UV-Vis	305-500	0.5
NIR	750-775	0.12



Figures: courtesy Astrium

## S4 Level-2 Products

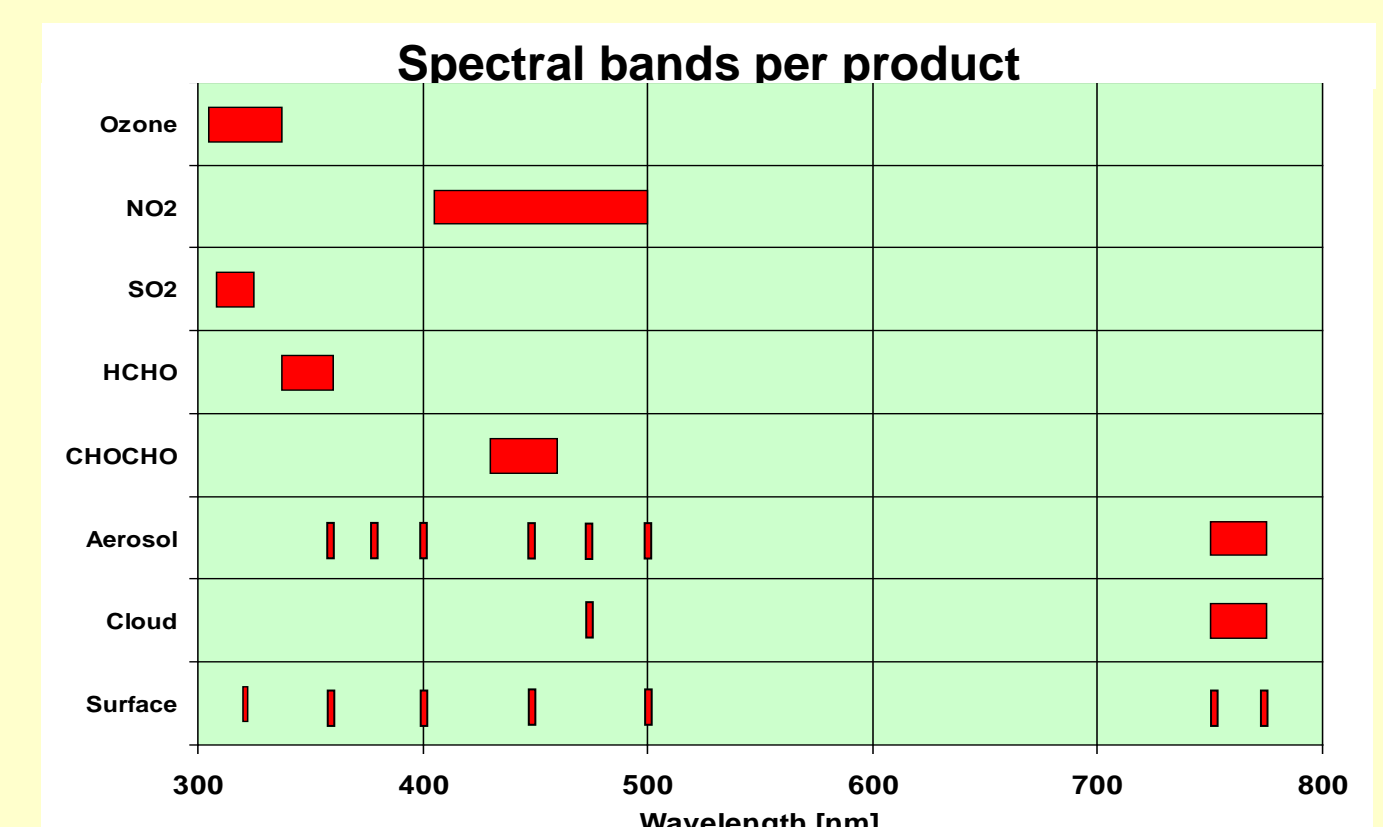
- Focus on diurnal cycle of tropospheric composition for Air Quality Protocol Monitoring and Near-Real Time applications

Target Products	Application			Comment
	Air Quality	Climate	Surface UV	
O <sub>3</sub> total & trop. column	X		X	
O <sub>3</sub> profile	X		X	Synergy with infrared data from IRS
NO <sub>2</sub> total & trop. column	X			
SO <sub>2</sub> total column	X			volcanic eruptions, temporal averages
CHOCHO total column	X			
CH <sub>2</sub> O total column	X			
Aerosol extinction coeff. profile, column, optical depth / type / index	X	X		Also for volcanic eruptions Also auxiliary for other S4 products Synergy with imager data from FCI
Cloud optical thickness, fraction, altitude			X	Mainly auxiliary for other S4 products Synergy with imager data from FCI
Surface reflectance daily map			X	Mainly auxiliary for other S4 products

IRS-alone products (eg O<sub>3</sub>, CO) assumed to be developed by Eumetsat

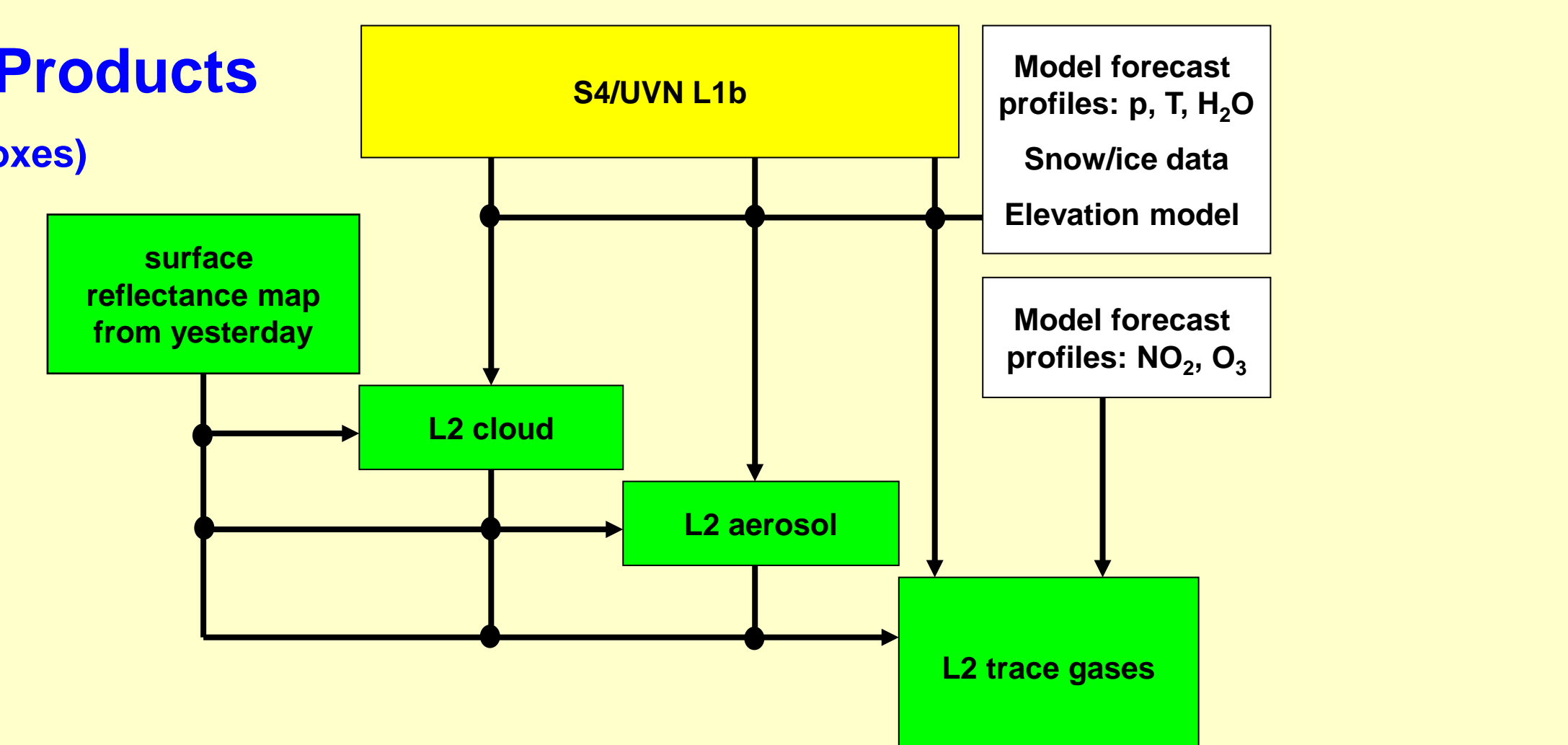
## Challenges

- Monitoring diurnal cycles requires that directionality of the surface reflectance is taken into account to avoid diurnal biases depending on illumination geometry
- Aerosol profile from O<sub>2</sub>-A band
- Slant viewing geometries
- ...



## Core Products

(green boxes)

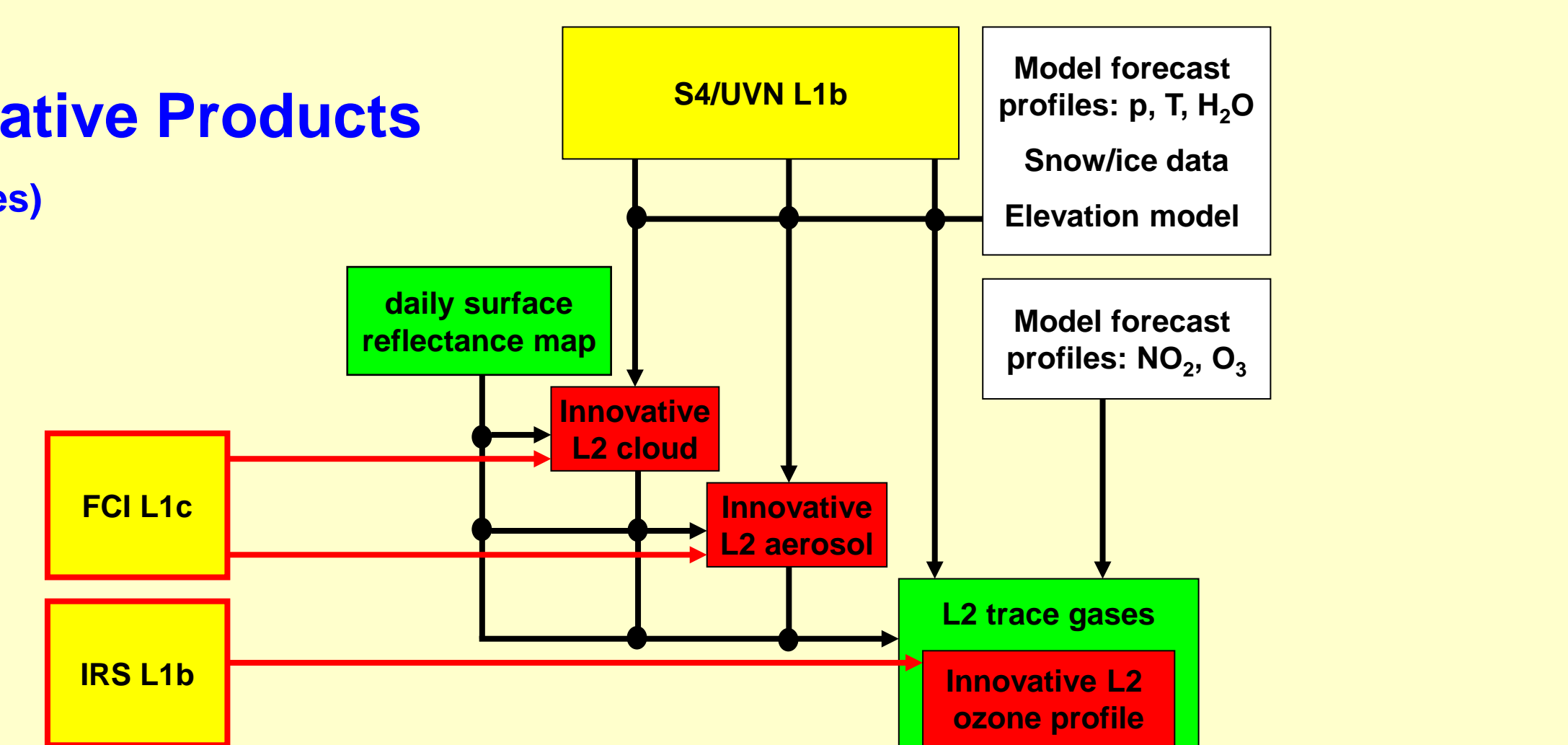


## Synergies

- Vertical profiles for NO<sub>2</sub> and O<sub>3</sub>: a-priori from forecast model fields used in S4/L2 algorithms
- Cloud info from FCI L2 products exploited in S4/L2 algorithms as optional input
- O<sub>3</sub> profile: synergy with IRS especially for pollution events and high thermal contrast; exploited in innovative synergetic product
- Cloud and aerosol: synergy with FCI exploited in innovative synergetic product
- Long-range transport: synergy with Sentinel-5/5P exploited in GAS using assimilation
- Stratospheric O<sub>3</sub>: synergy with Sentinel-5/5P exploited in GAS using assimilation

## Innovative Products

(red boxes)

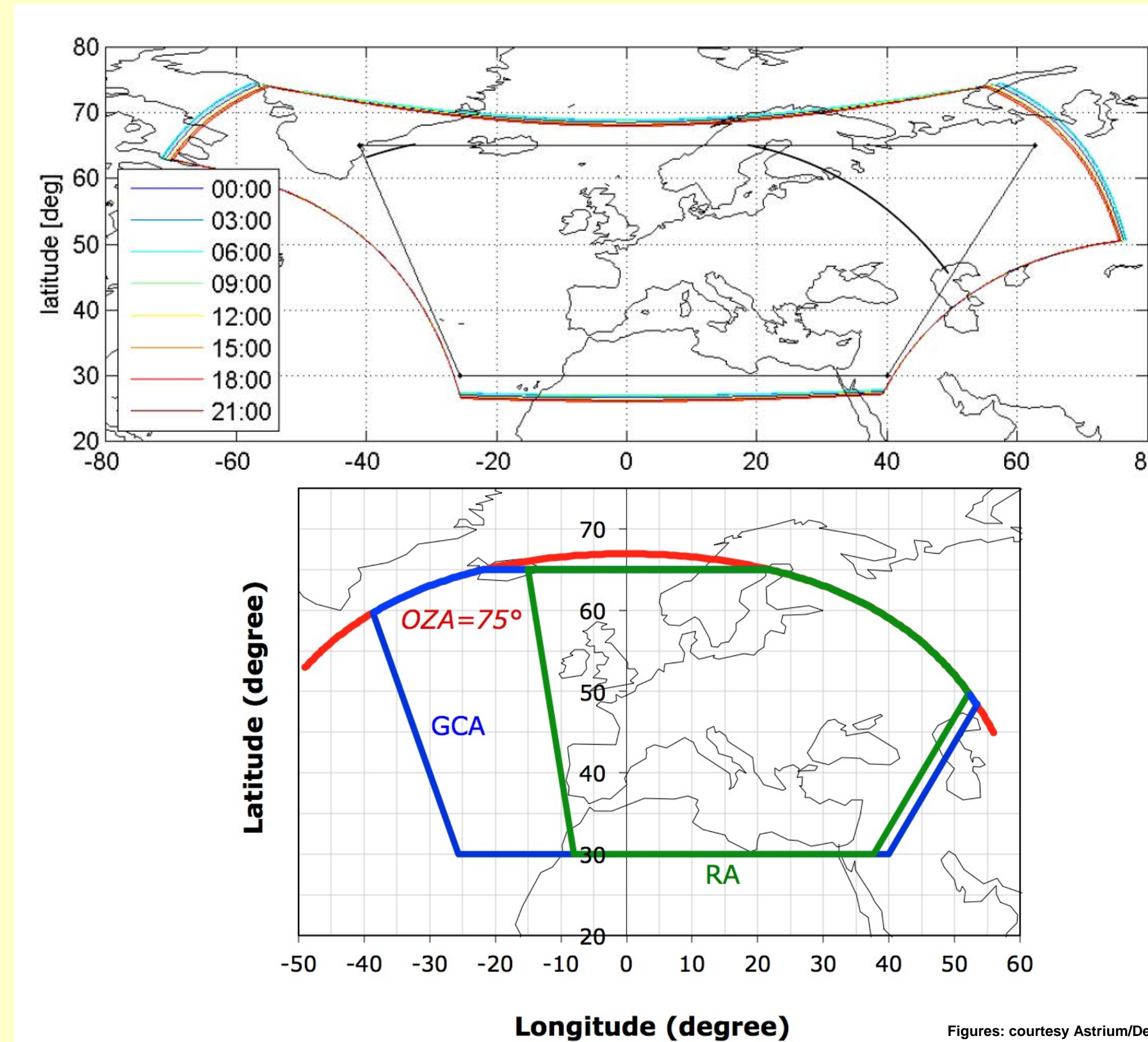
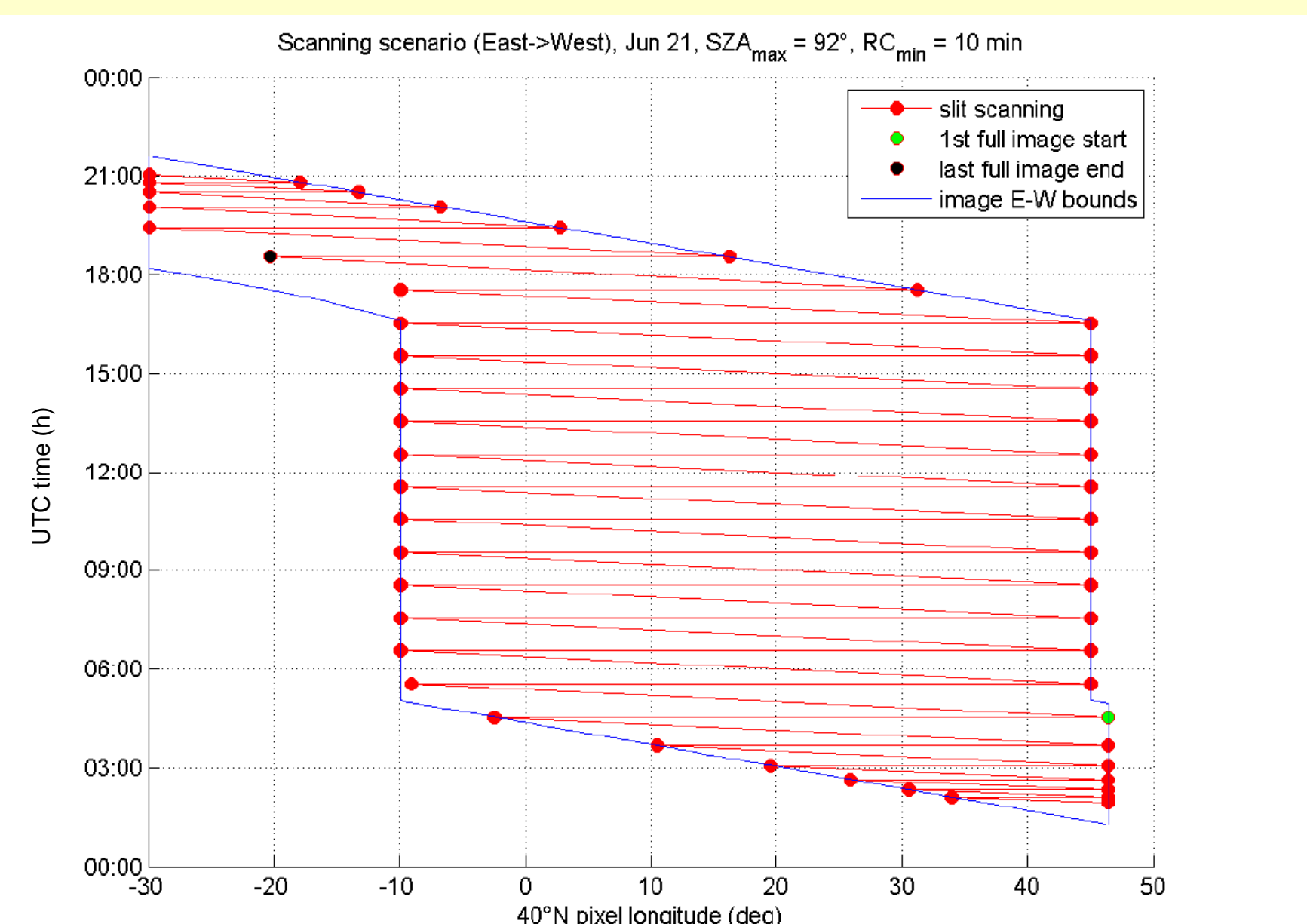


## Next Level-2 development steps

- Pre-development for aerosol profile from O<sub>2</sub>-A band started
- Pre-development for surface reflectance map product started
- Algorithm concept development to be set up in 2012
- Prototype processor development
- Operational processor implementation in MTG ground segment
- Commissioning of Core Products (end of E1) and Innovative Products (later)
- Preparation of exploitation

## Geographic Coverage

- Geographical Coverage Area (GCA): Europe + part of Sahara and Atlantic, Observation Zenith Angle < 75°
- Reference Area (RA): subset of GCA
- Push-broom in E/W direction by scan mirror
- Seasonal shift of GCA/RA: southward steps of 5° up to 10° latitude



Figures: courtesy Astrium/Delmas

## GMES Atmosphere Services (EU projects)

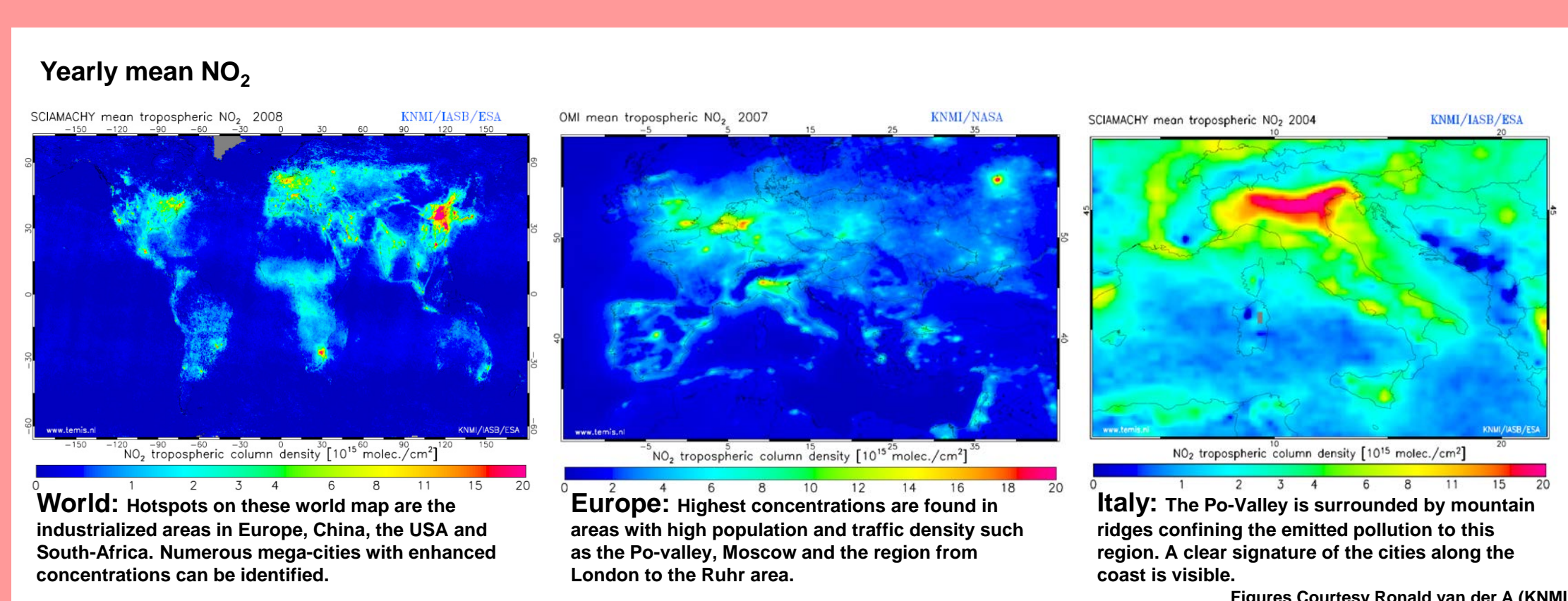
- Monitoring, forecast and reanalysis services dedicated to
- European Air Quality, Global Atmospheric Composition, Climate, UV and Solar Energy services
- Sentinel-4 products used mainly for European Air Quality Monitoring and Near-Real Time applications

MACC-II (Monitoring Atmospheric Composition and Climate Interim Implementation) [www.gmes-atmosphere.eu](http://www.gmes-atmosphere.eu)

- Pre-operational GMES Atmosphere Service for global to European service lines

## PASODOBLE Downstream Service Project for Air Quality

- Pre-operational downstream atmosphere service for regional to local service lines



World: Hotspots on these world maps are the industrialized areas in Europe, China, the USA and South-Africa. Numerous megacities with enhanced concentrations can be identified.

Europe: Highest concentrations are found in areas with high population and traffic density such as the Po Valley, Moscow and the region from London to the Ruhr area.

Italy: The Po-Valley is surrounded by mountain ridges confining the emitted pollution to this region. A clear signature of the cities along the coast is visible.

Figures Courtesy Ronald van der A (KNMI)

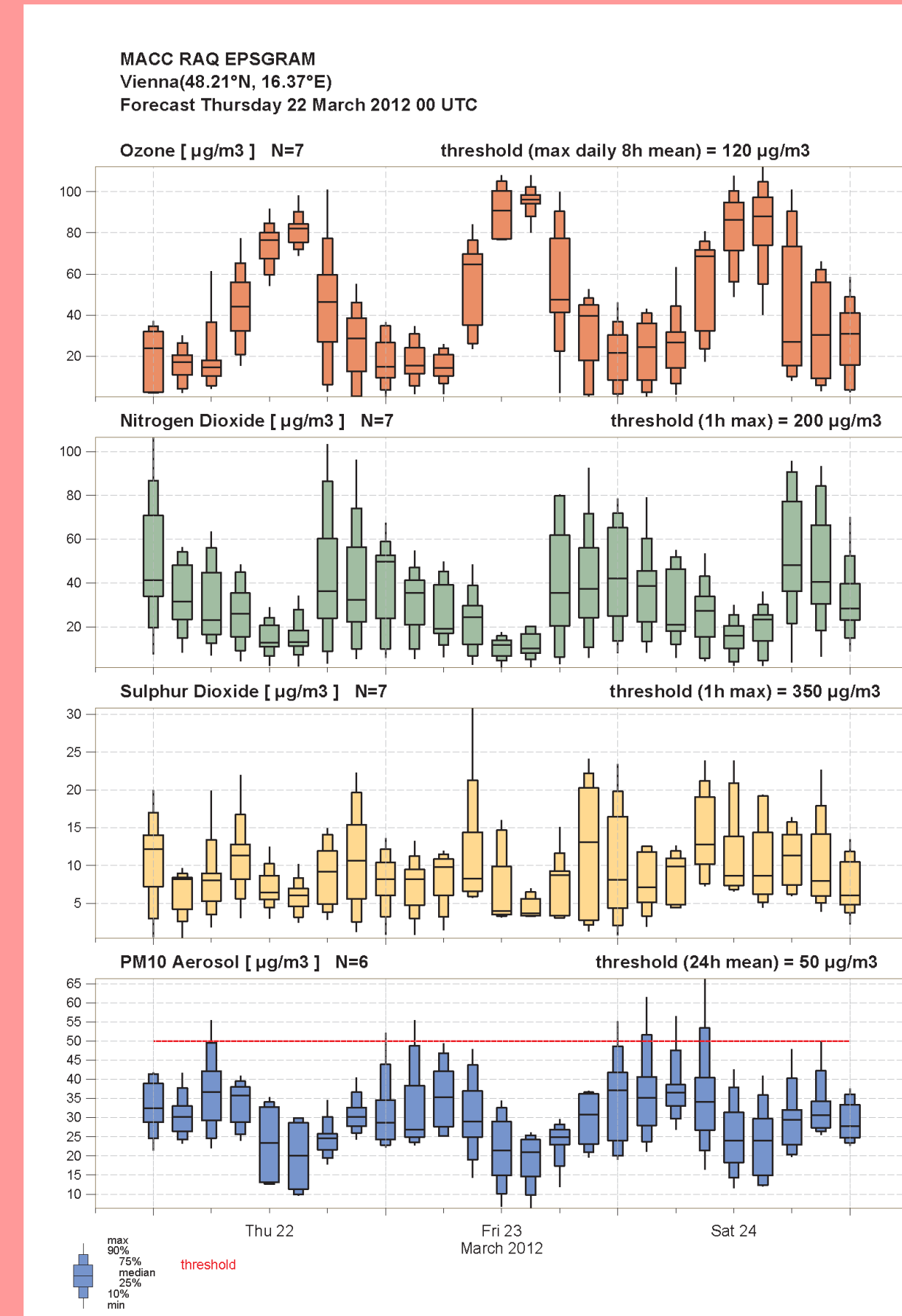
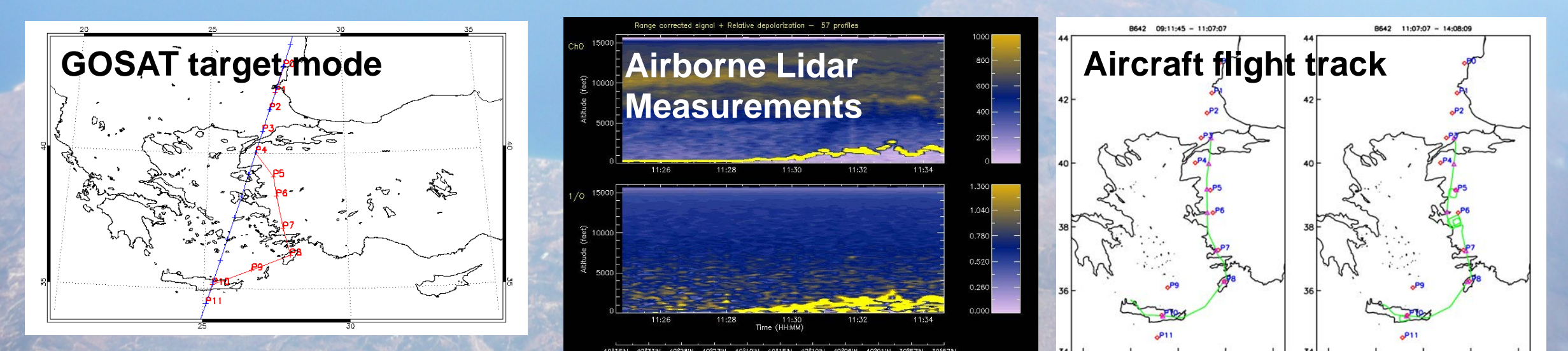


Figure Courtesy MACC-II

## Level-2 Pre-development

- First activity just started
- Aerosol profile from O<sub>2</sub>-A band
- Proxy data from GOSAT target mode measurements
- Validation using airborne lidar measurements
- Carbonexp campaign



Figures: courtesy MetOffice