



## **Monitoring Cs-134 and 137 released by Fukushima Dai-ichi Nuclear Power Plant accident in ground, soil, and stream waters**

Maki Tsujimura (1), Yuichi Onda (1), Manami Hada (2), Pun Ishwar (2), and Yutaka Abe (1)

(1) University of Tsukuba, Faculty of Life and Env Sci, Tsukuba, Japan (mktsuji@geoenv.tsukuba.ac.jp), (2) University of Tsukuba, Graduate School of Life and Env. Sci., Japan

Due to Fukushima Dai-ichi Nuclear power plant accident occurred in March 2011, large amount of radionuclides was released into the atmosphere and was fallen onto ground by rainfall. Few researches have monitored radioactive cesium dynamics in whole hydrological cycle system such as groundwater, soil water, spring water and stream water. Thus, the purpose of this study is to monitor concentration of radioactive cesium in those waters in time series in the headwaters. We have performed an intensive monitoring at three small mountainous catchments in Yamakiya district, Kawamata town, Fukushima prefecture, locating 35 km northwest from Fukushima Dai-ichi Nuclear Power Plant since June 2011, also we consider the movement of radioactive cesium and its relation with the hydrological cycle.