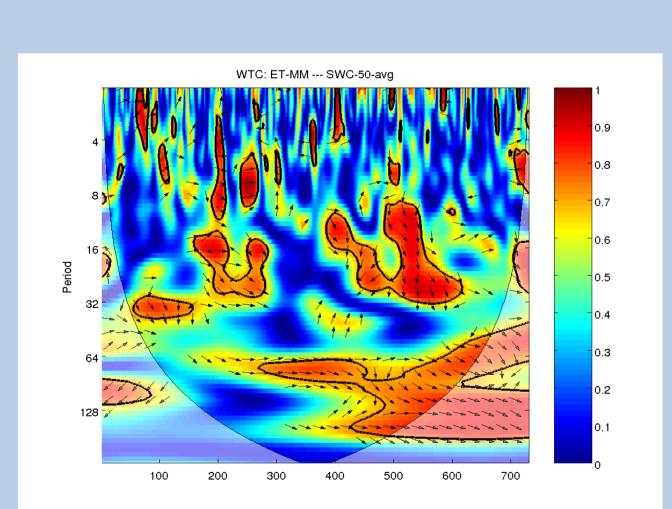




TERENO (Terrestrial Environmental Observatories) spans an Earth observation network that extends from the North German lowlands to the Bavarian Alps. This large-scale project aims to monitor the long-term ecological, social and economic impact of global change at regional level. The goal is to provide high quality multi-temporal multi-scale databases for hydrological and terrestrial modeling in order to assess long-term changes in European ecosystems (natural, agricultural, forest,...).

FZJ research area: main focus on combining distributed soil moisture and flux measurements in a catchment with high importance of land use change.





Wavelet coherence analysis based correlation between evapotranspiration and soil moisture for 2 years from 2010-05-01 to 2012-04-30 at the Wüstebach site. in the first, moister summer (2010) evapotranspiration is hardly affected by soil moisture variablility (energy-limited), whereas in the second summer (2011) evapotranspiartion is obviously water-limited (units on both axes are days).

Publication: Mauder, M., M. Cuntz, C. Drüe, A. Graf, C. Rebmann, H. P. Schmid, M.Schmidt, R. Steinbrecher. A strategy for quality and uncertainty assessment of long-term eddy-covariance measurements. Agricultural and Forest Meteorology, Vol. 169, 2013, pp. 122-135. Doi: 10.1016/j.agrformet.2012.09.006.

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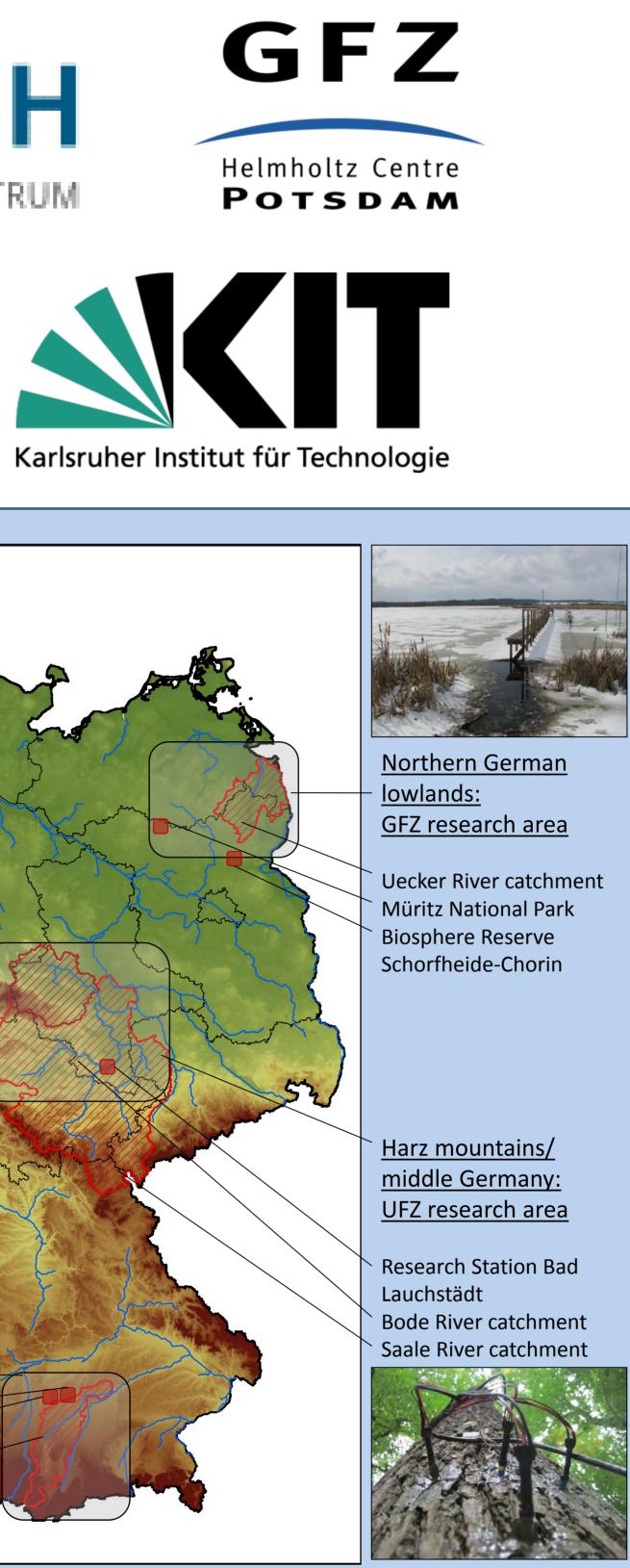
Ecosystem Studies within the German network TERENO

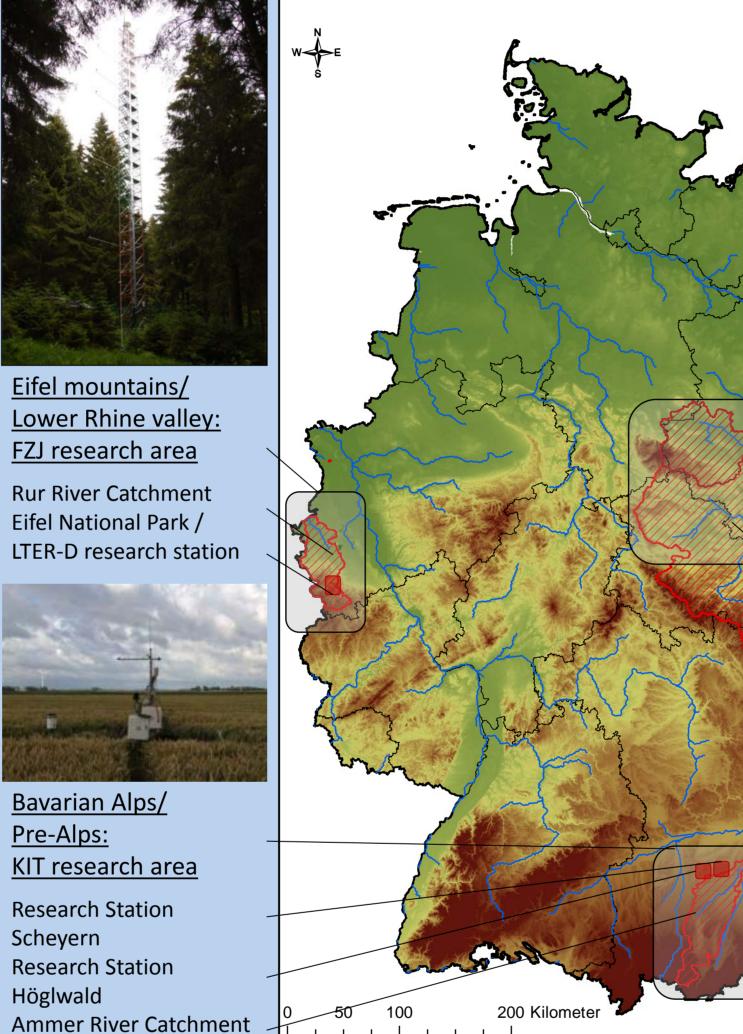
C. Rebmann¹, M. Cuntz¹, A. Graf², C. Drüe³, M. Mauder⁴, T. Sachs⁵, H.P. Schmid⁴, M. Schmidt², R. Steinbrecher⁴



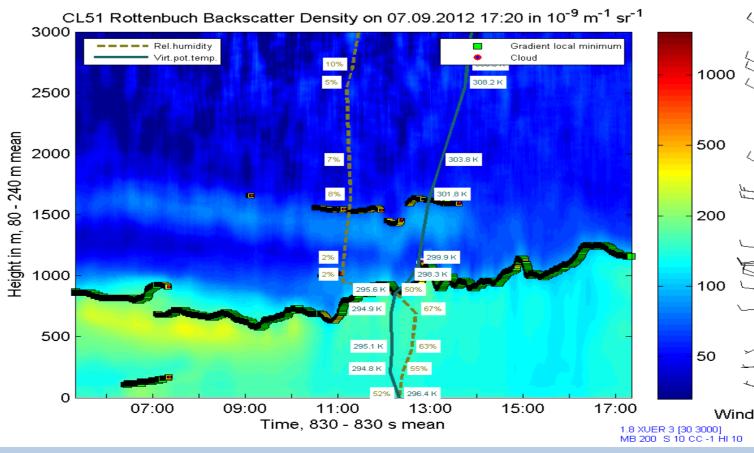








KIT research area: High sensitivity of mountainous regions to climate change Main focus: gradients in climate, and land use; method development and boundary layer processes.



Development of mixed layer height, at the TERENO-Ammer site Rottenbuch, determined from measurements by one of four ceilometers (VAISALA CL51) in the observatory, using the minimum gradient method.

The ecosystem component of TERENO is strongly linked to the European infrastructure project ICOS. Long-term environmental observation areas of the four Helmholtz centers include:

• the exchange of energy, water and trace gases between ecosystems and the atmosphere collocated to environmental variables uncertainty quantification and data quality

assurance

 validation and development of SVAT and hydrological models

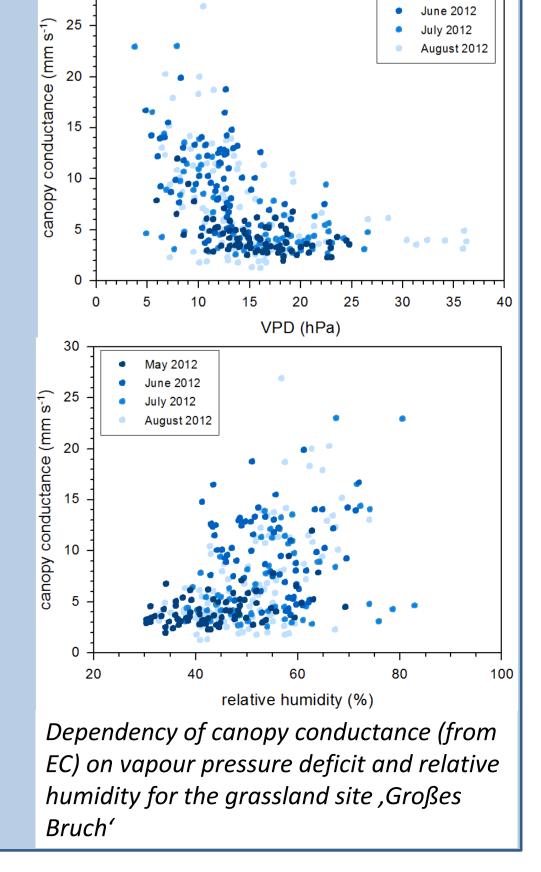
GFZ research area: main focus on the emission of trace gases (including methane) from wetlands and lakes of the glacially and periglacially formed landscape with multiscale flux measurements (chambers, eddy covariance and airborne).

UFZ research area: high intensity of managed areas, large gradients of temperature and precipitation. Main focus on forest ecohydrology, full water balance of different ecosystems (forest, grasland and agriculture) and methane fluxes of moist grassland. Model development for

ecosystem processes.







May 2012