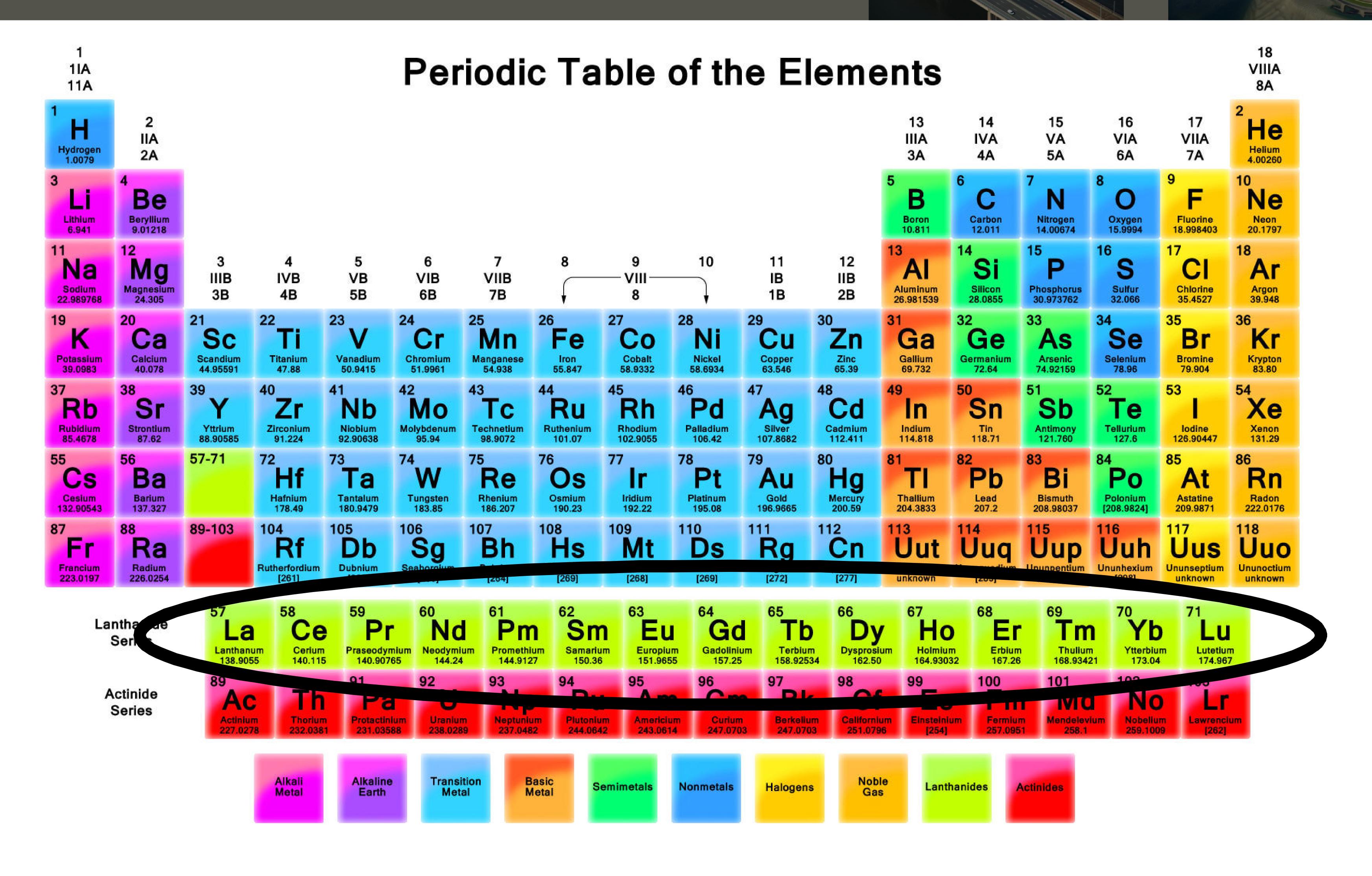
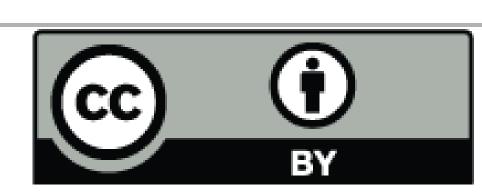


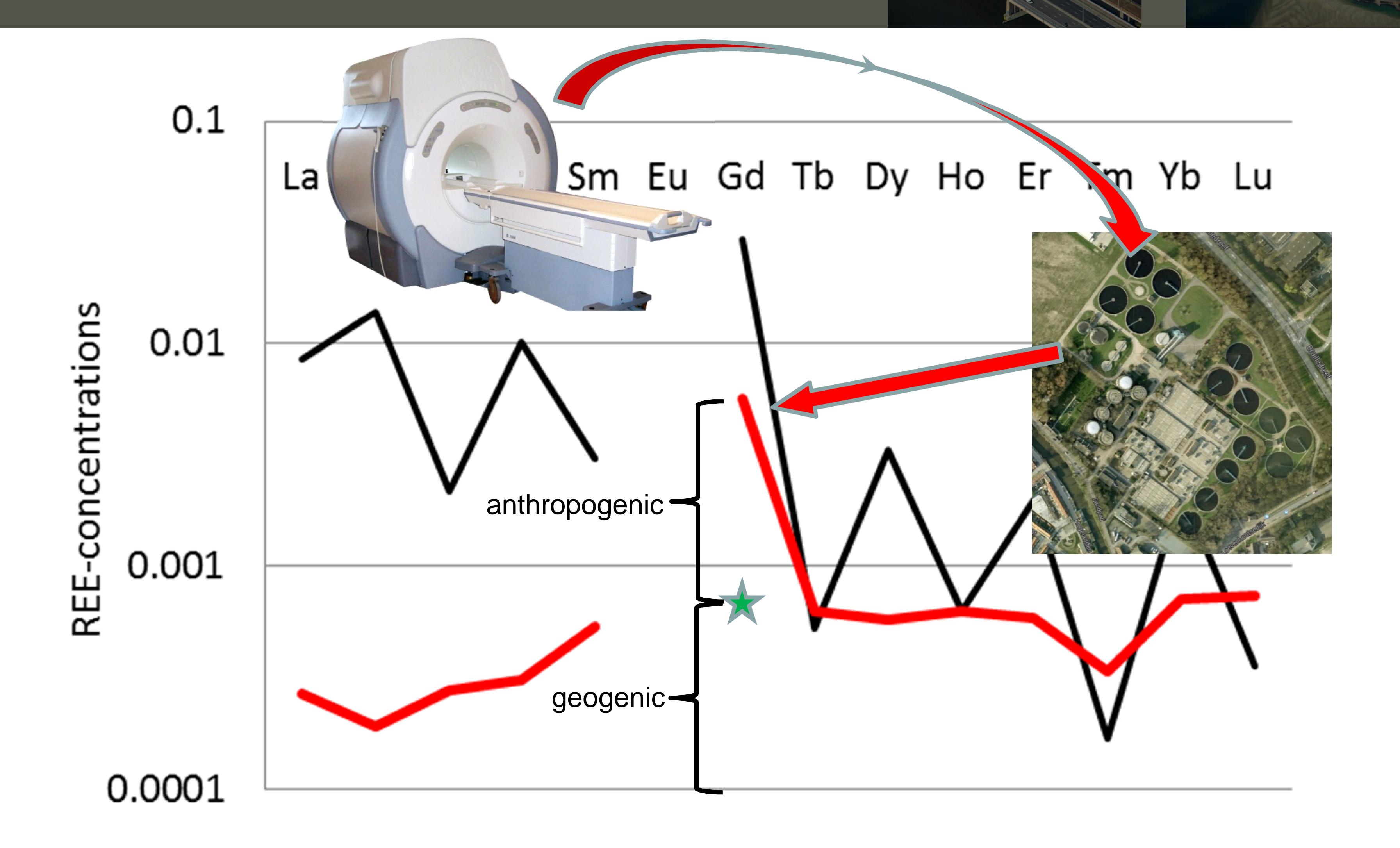
REE = (not at all) Rare Earth Elements

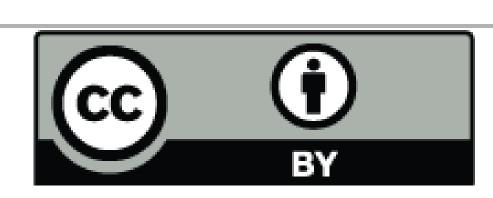






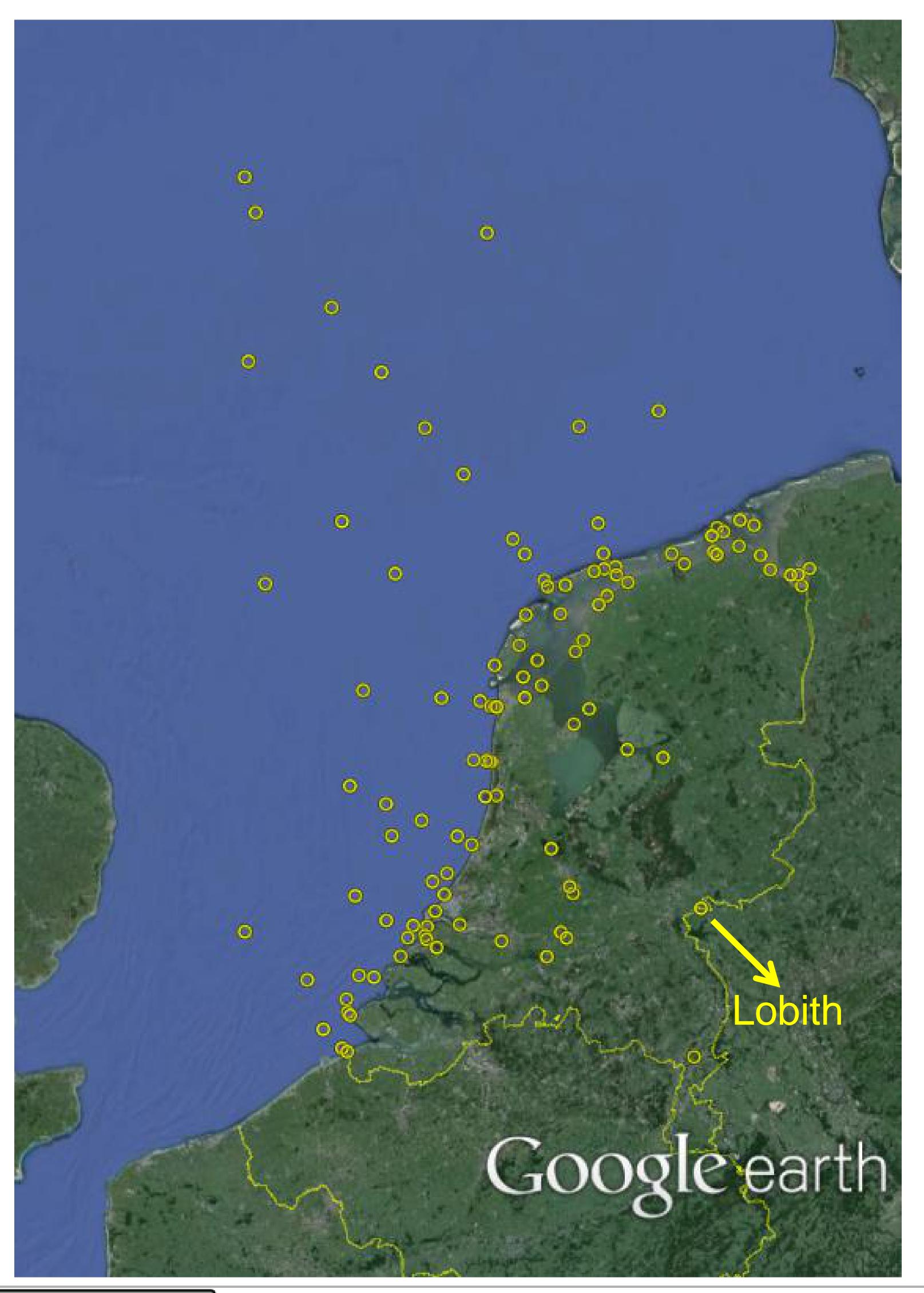
Normalisation







Available REE-data

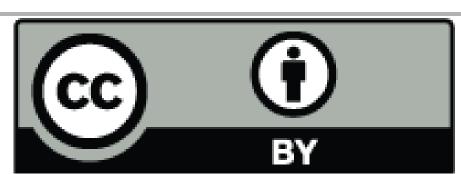


Marine environment

- > 92 monitoring locations
- > 43 sampled every 3 years
- REE-content in < 63 μm fraction of sediment</p>

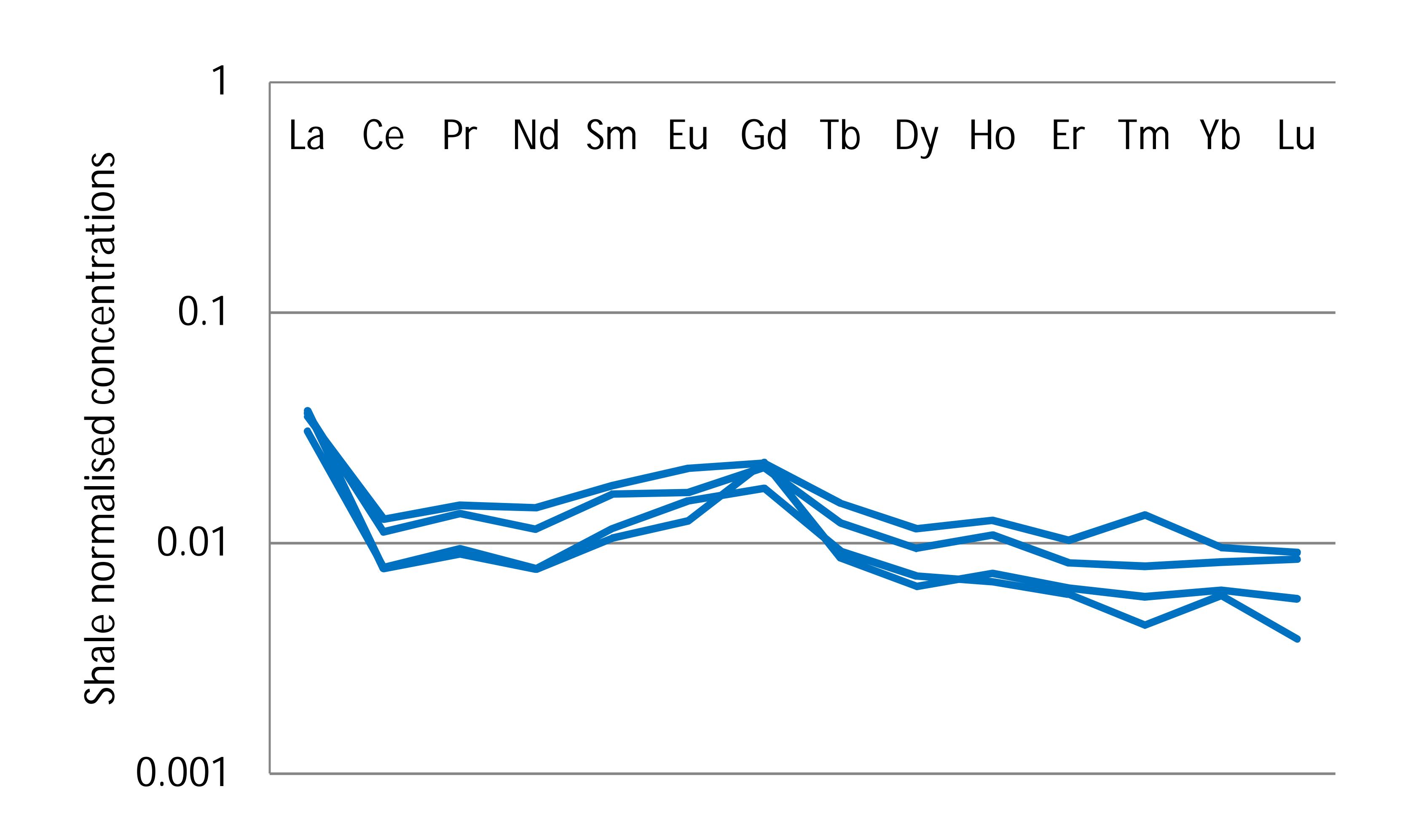
Rhine, Meuse and distributaries

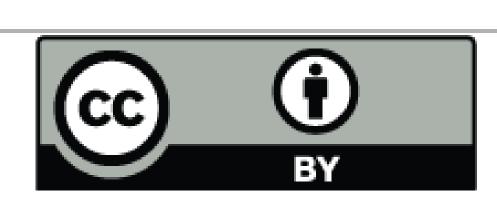
- > 16 monitoring locations points
- > sampled monthly (biweekly at Lobith)
- REE concentrations BEFORE (total water) and AFTER filtration +
 REE-content of suspended matter





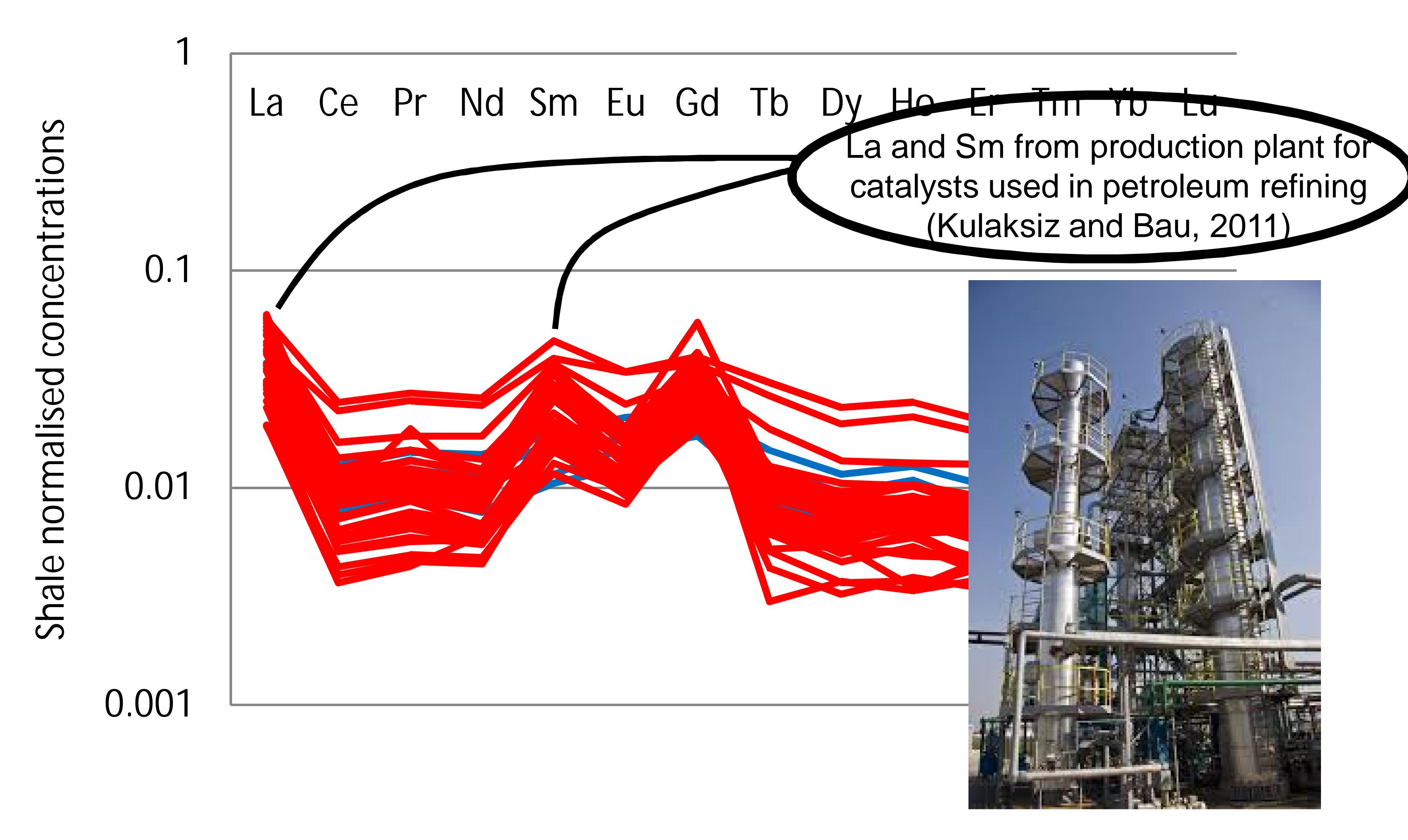
Lobith - before filtration - Jan/Feb 2011







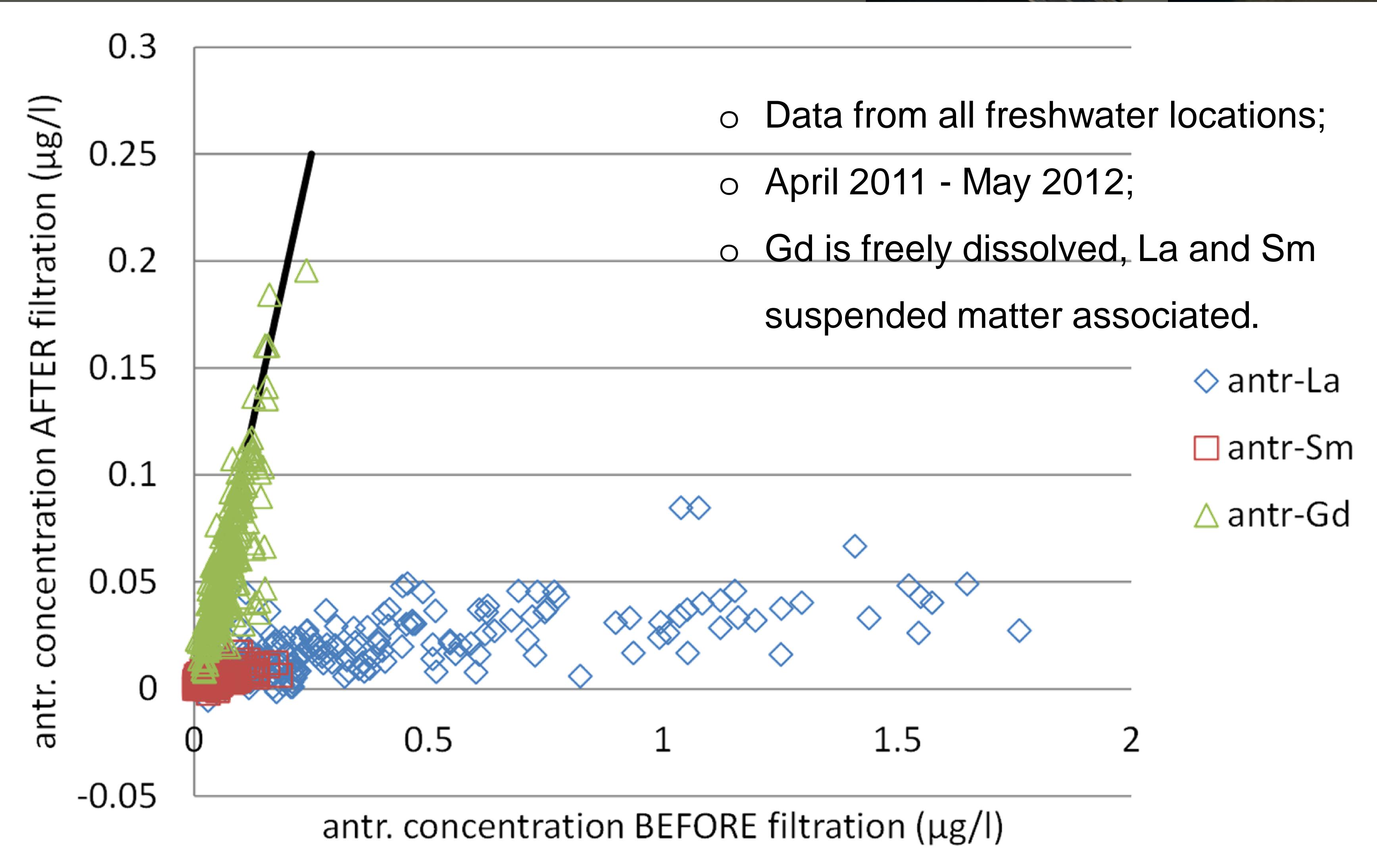
Lobith - before filtration - 2011

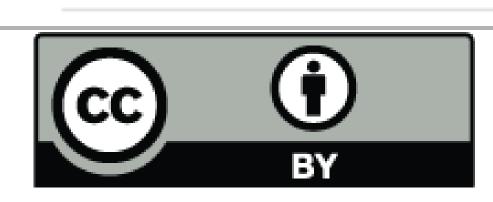






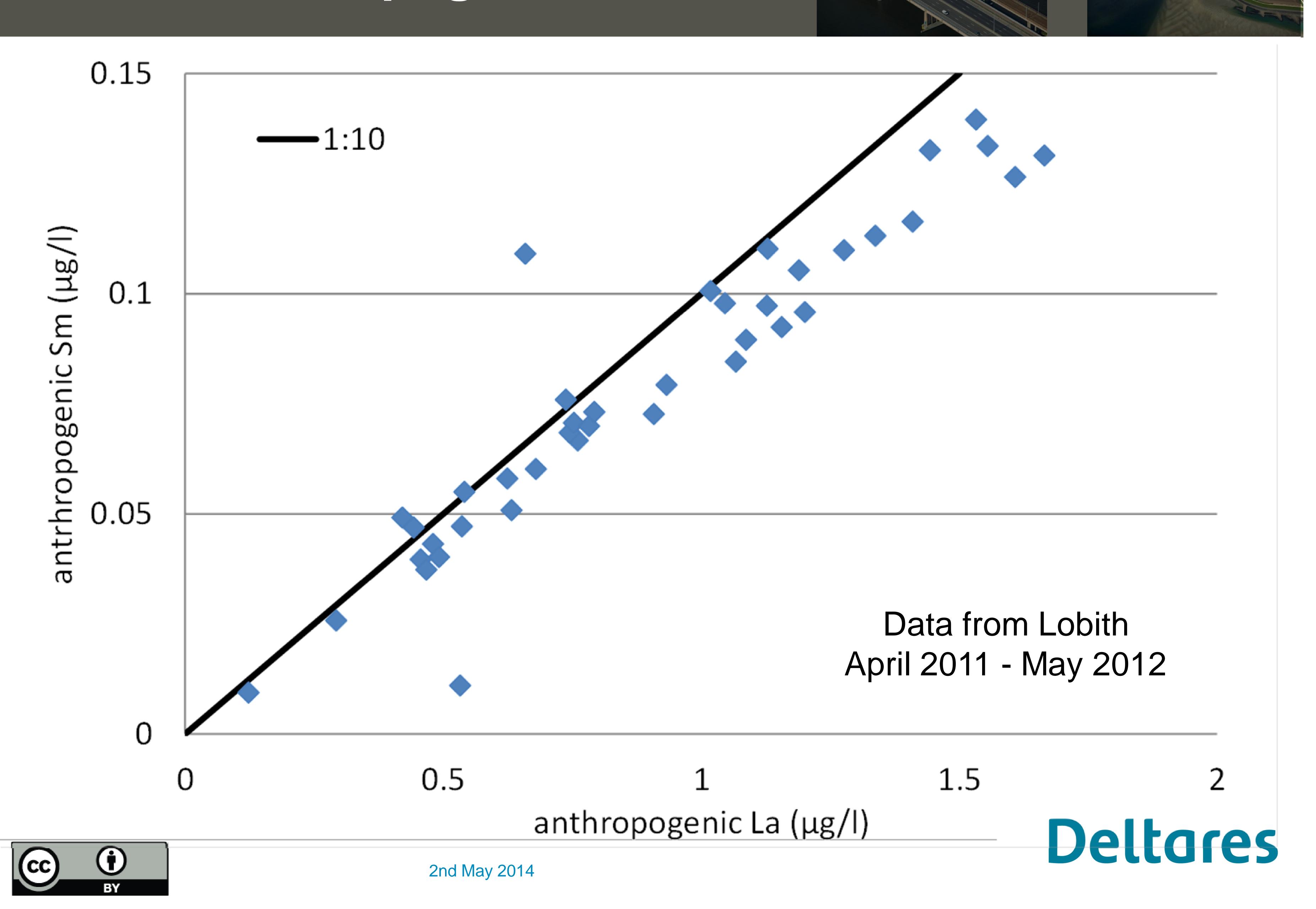
Anthropogenic Gd, La and Sm



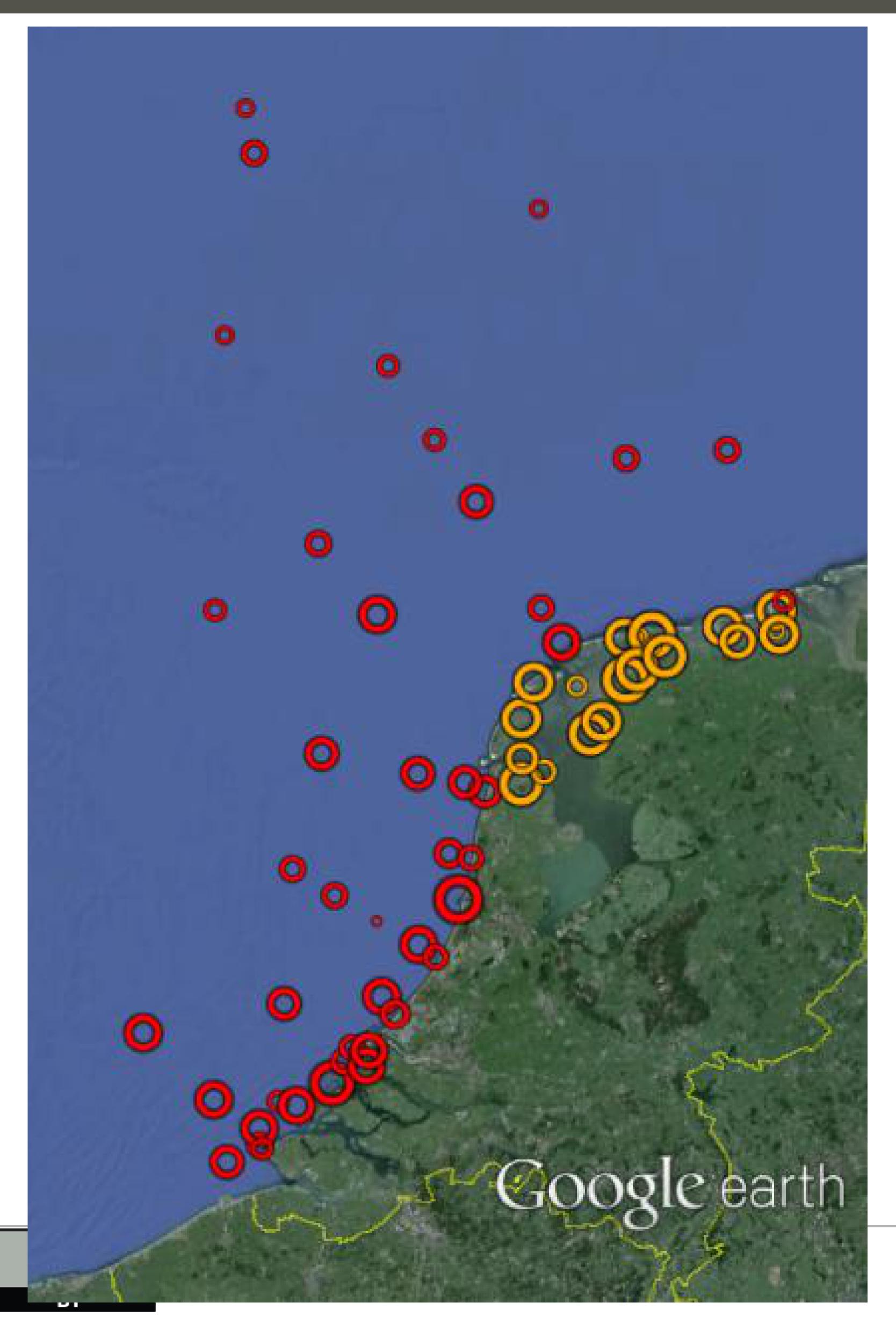




Ratio anthropogenic La:Sm



La-anomaly in the North Sea and Wadden Sea

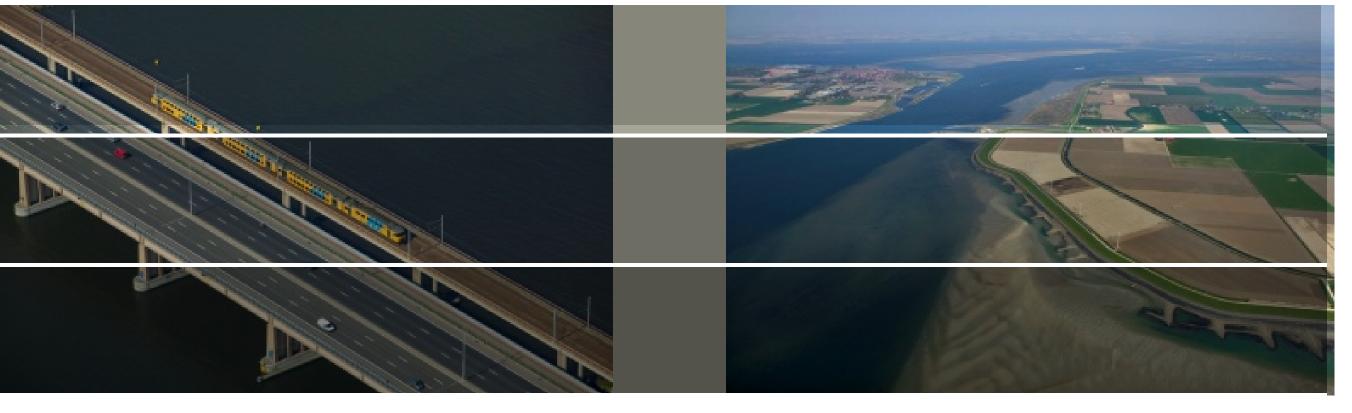


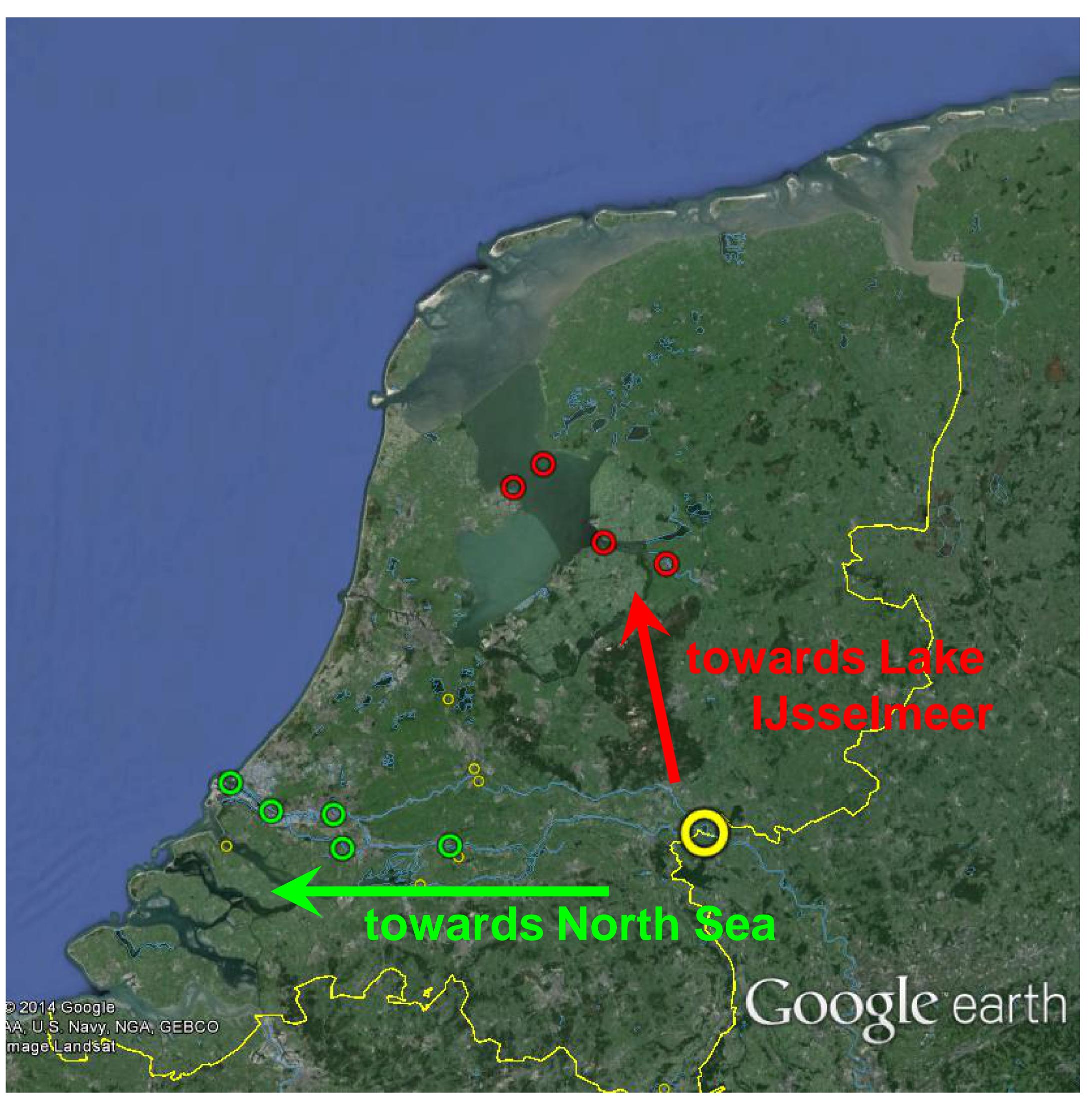
- Data from 2008 + 2009;
- o Sediment fraction < 63 μm;
- Doubts about the way the samples were prepared;
- o Quality of analysis is limited;
- o Anomalies range from about 1 to 1.3;
- Generally larger anomalies close to the coast.

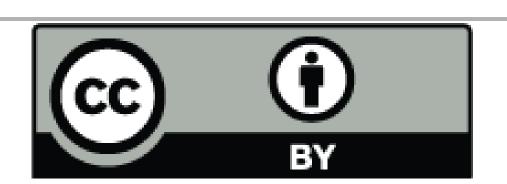




Following two routes





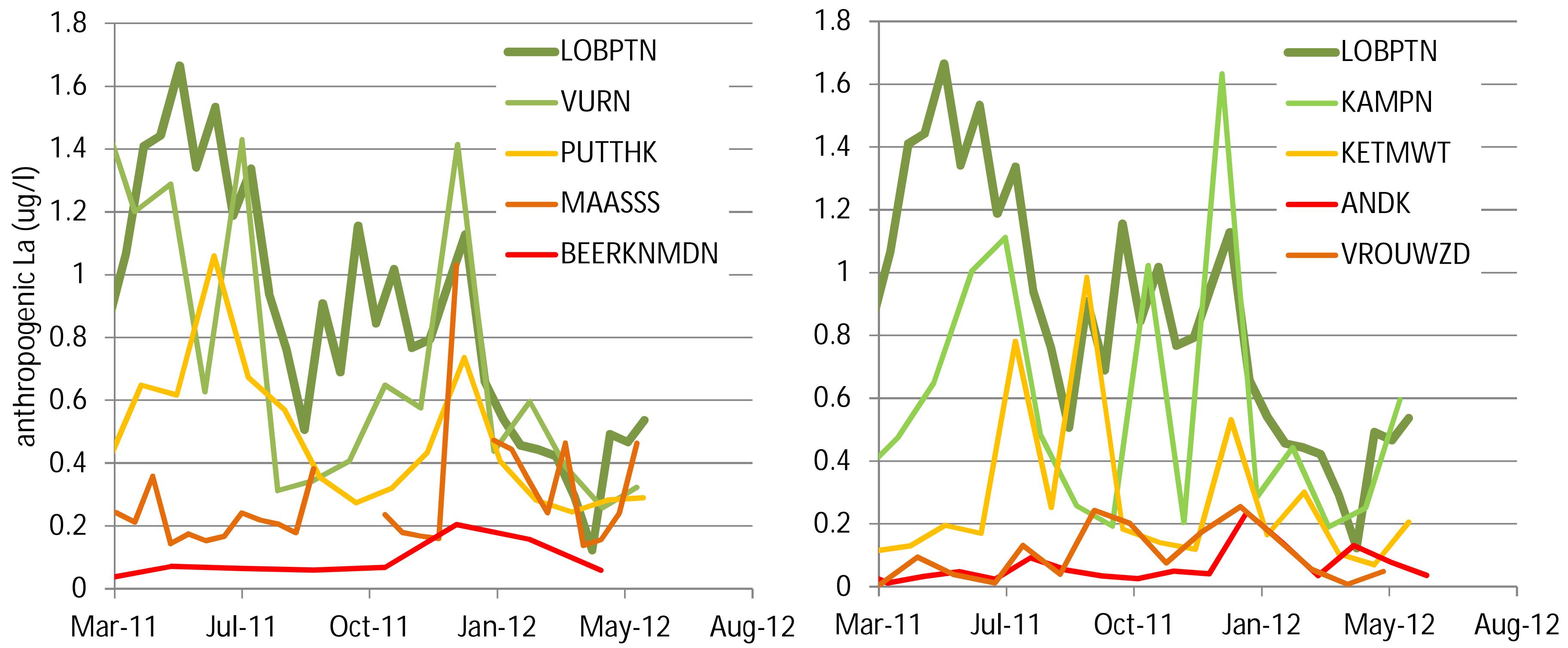




Decrease in anthropogenic La downstream

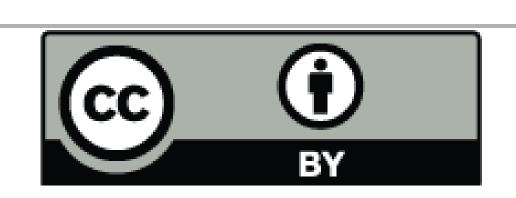
towards the North Sea

towards Lake IJsselmeer



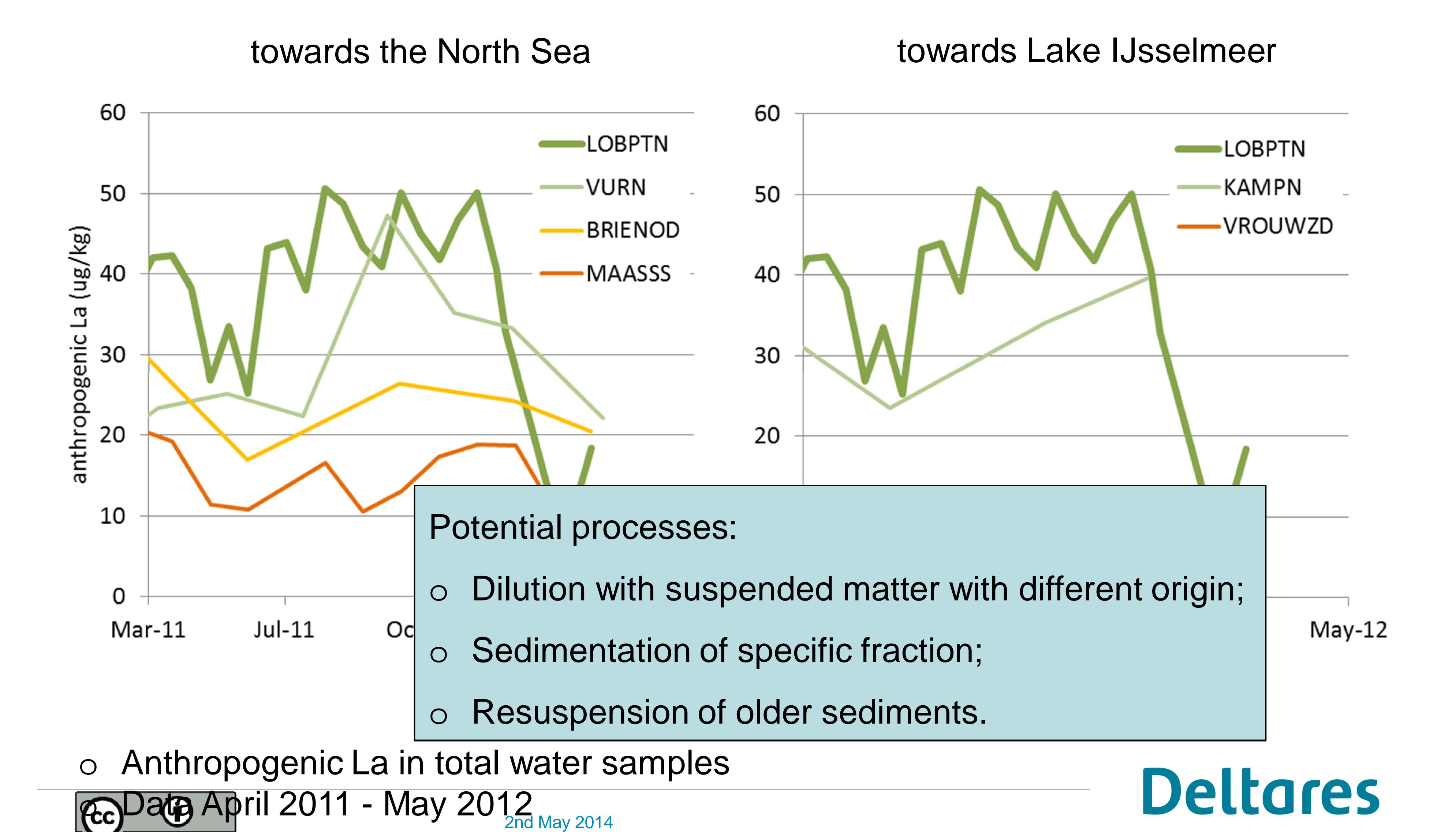
- o Anthropogenic La in total water samples
- o Data April 2011 May 2012

Just sedimentation?





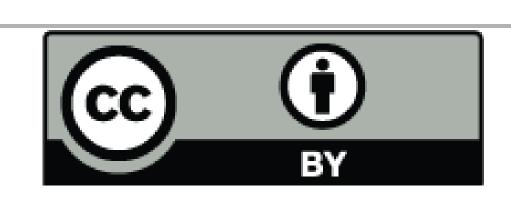
Decrease in anthr. La in suspended matter



Decrease Sm/La ratio downstream

towards Lake IJsselmeer towards the North Sea 80 80 LOBPTN LOBPTN ——VURN KAMPN BRIENOD VROUWZD 60 60 MAASSS anthropogenic 40 20 20 Mar-11 Mar-11 Jul-11 Jul-11 May-12 Oct-11 May-12 Oct-11 Jan-12 Jan-12

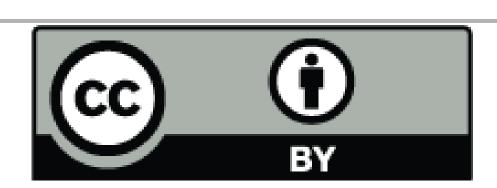
- o Ratio anthr. La/anthr. Sm in suspended matter
- o Data April 2011 Feb 2012





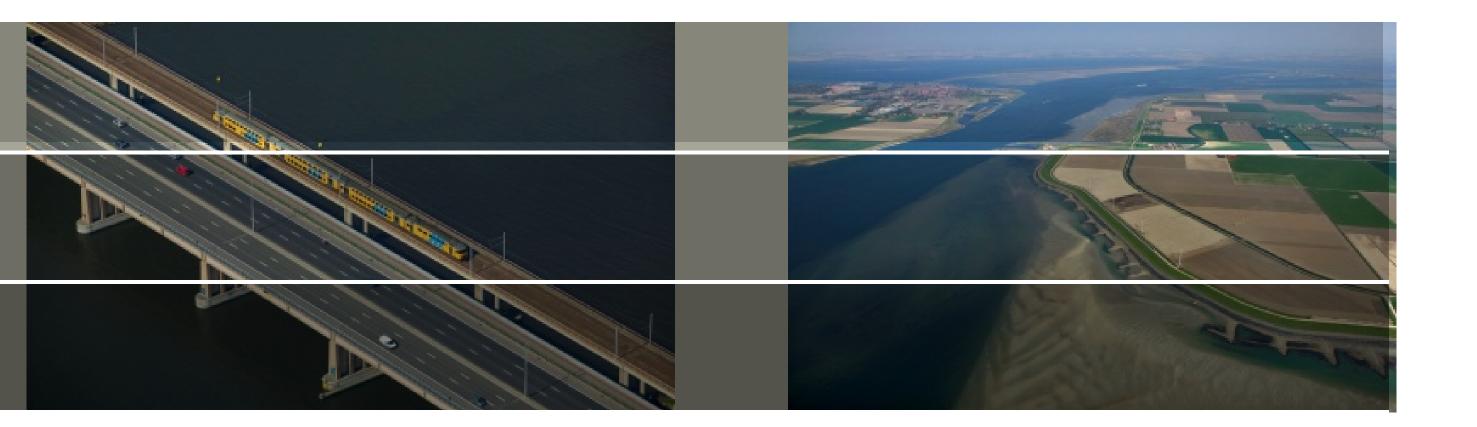
Conclusions

- Sedimentation causes a strong decrease in the anthropogenic
 La- and Sm-concentrations towards the North Sea and Lake
 IJsselmeer;
- Based on the La/Sm ratio in the suspended matter, we can conclude that some resuspension of older sediments takes place, mainly in Lake IJsselmeer;
- Behaviour of different size fractions of suspended matter cannot be deduced from this data set.





Questions that are still open



- o Can we use the La- and Sm-anomalies for dating sediments?
 - → Sample sediment cores and measure the La- and Sm-anomalies in different layers.
- Are La and Sm associated with a specific size fraction? And if so, is this fraction properly sampled with a centrifuge?
 - → Sample different size fractions and determine La- and Sm-content
- o How strong is the association of La and Sm with suspended matter?
 - → Perform online continuous leach ICP-MS analysis with increasing HNO₃ concentrations.
- What happens at the fresh water salt water interface with La and Sm?
 - → Perform online continuous leach ICP-MS analysis with increasing salt concentrations.

