



## **Flapping current sheet with superposed waves seen in space and on the ground**

Guoqiang Wang (1), Martin Volwerk (2), Rumi Nakamura (2), Peter Boakes (2), Tielong Zhang (1,2), Yasong Ge (3), Akimasa Yoshikawa (4), and Dmitry Baishev (5)

(1) University of Science and Technology of China, School of Earth and Space Sciences, Hefei, China, (2) Space Research Institute, Austrian Academy of Sciences, A-8042 Graz, Austria, (3) Institute of Geology and Geophysics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing, China, (4) Department of Earth and Planetary Sciences, International Center for Space Weather Science and Education, Kyushu University, Fukuoka, Japan, (5) Yu.G.Shafer Institute of Cosmophysical Research and Aeronomy, Siberian Branch, Russian Academy of Sciences, Yakutsk, Russia

A wavy current sheet event observed on 15th of October 2004 between 1235 and 1300 UT has been studied by using Cluster and ground-based magnetometer data. Waves propagating from the tail centre to the duskside flank with a period  $\sim 30$  s and wavelength  $\sim 1$  RE, are superimposed on a flapping current sheet, accompanied with a bursty bulk flow (BBF). Three Pi2 pulsations, with onset at  $\sim 1236$ ,  $\sim 1251$  and  $\sim 1255$  UT, respectively, are observed at the Tixie (TIK) station located near the foot-points of Cluster. The mechanism creating the Pi2 (period  $\sim 40$  s) onset at  $\sim 1236$  UT is unclear. The second Pi2 (period  $\sim 90$  s, onset at  $\sim 1251$  UT) is associated with a strong field-aligned current, which has a strong transverse component of the magnetic field, observed by Cluster with a time delay  $\sim 60$  s. We suggest that it is caused by bouncing Alfvén waves between the northern and southern ionosphere which transport the field-aligned current. For the third Pi2 (period  $\sim 60$  s) there is almost no damping at the first three periods. They occur in conjunction with periodic field-aligned currents one-on-one with 72s delay. We suggest that it is generated by these periodic field-aligned currents. We conclude that the strong field-aligned currents generated in the plasma sheet during flapping with superimposed higher frequency waves can drive Pi2 pulsations on the ground, and periodic field-aligned currents can even control the period of the Pi2s.