Geophysical Research Abstracts Vol. 17, EGU2015-2832-1, 2015 EGU General Assembly 2015 © Author(s) 2015. CC Attribution 3.0 License.



The question of the AltiKa/Ice-1 bias over rivers

Joecila Santos da Silva (1), stéphane Calmant (2), Daniel Medeiros Moreira (3), Taina Conchy (2), Frederic Frappart (2), and Mélanie Becker (2)

(1) CESTU, UEA, Manaus, Brazil (joecila@yahoo.fr), (2) OMP, IRD, DER, toulouse, France (stephane.calmant@ird.fr), (3) CPRM, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil (daniel.moreira@cprm.gov.br)

The SARAL satellite embarks AltiKa, a Ka band altimeter. SARAL is flying the same orbit as ERS-2 and ENVISAT did previously. The altimetric pulses of AltiKa are also routinely processed in the GDR with the ICE-1 algorithm, the one performing best over rivers for ENVISAT. Thus, it can be expected that the ERS-2 and ENVISAT time series of the river levels can be continued with the SARAL series, same as between the ERS-2 and ENVISAT series. However, the gap between the decommissioning of ENVISAT and the launch of SARAL prevents the estimate of the bias between the series on a case by case basis by simple comparison of the water levels at similar dates. Therefore, a mean value of the AltiKa bias has to be estimated and be applied globally. In the present study, we present and discuss the different estimates of such a bias (ICE-1 algorithm) that we obtained by comparing AltiKa series of river levels to GPS-levelled gauges and/or to Jason-2 series used to bridge the ENVISAT and SARAL series at cross-overs between the two ground tracks. The series used in this study were computed in the Congo and Amazon basins.