

The CLIMB Geoportal -

A web-based dissemination and documentation platform for hydrological modelling data

Michael Blaschek*1, Daniel Gerken1, Ralf Ludwig2, Rainer Duttmann1

*blaschek@geographie.uni-kiel.de

¹Christian-Albrechts-Universität zu Kiel, Department of Geography, Ludewig-Meyn-Str. 14, D-24118 Kiel

²Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität München, Department of Geography, Luisenstr. 37, D-80333 Munich













Introduction and Objectives

- Geoportals are important elements of spatial data infrastructures (SDIs) that are strongly based on GIS-related web services
- Web services are meant for distributing, documenting and visualizing (spatial) data in a standardized manner

- Development of a web-based platform for projectinternal exchange of spatial data and dissemination of selected project results within the EU-FP7-project CLIMB
- Focus on easy to extent free and open-source software



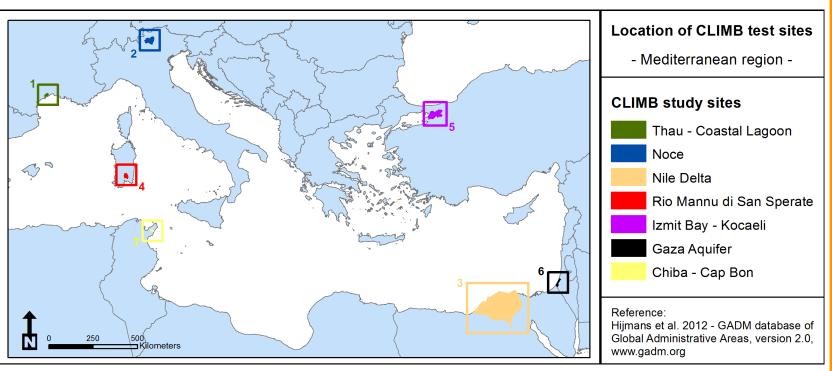






The CLIMB project

- CLIMB-FP7: Climate Induced Changes on the Hydrology of Mediterranean Basins, www.climb-fp7.eu
- International scientific project with 21 partner institutions from 9 countries







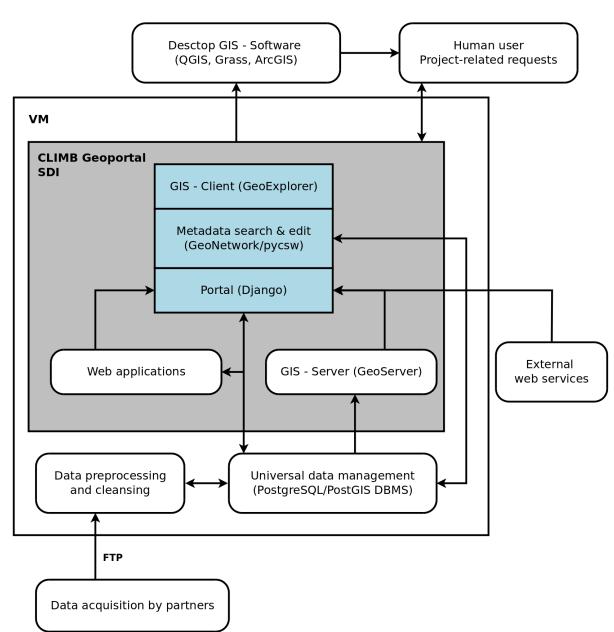






Final architecture: CLIMB Geoportal/SDI

The CLIMB project - WP2: (spatial) data management













The CLIMB project - Challenges

- High number of data suppliers and producers
- Varying national standards in (spatial) data handling
- Special data requirements from different disciplines (e.g. climate, soil, hydrology)
- Diverse (hydrological) model-dependent data formats and specifications
- Low level of cooperation with regards to metadata collection









Geoportal implementation - GeoNode

- 'GeoNode is a web-based application and platform for developing geospatial information systems (GIS) and for deploying spatial data infrastructures (SDI).' (http://geonode.org, visited on 05/04/15)
- Allows every registered project partner to manage their associated portal content individually
- Extensible → Integration of project-specific functionality
- Offers a SDI-package suitable for beginners
- Now available in version 2.4b18; CLIMB uses 2.0c5











GeoNode2.0 - software components

- GeoServer → providing OGC-compliant web services
- pycsw → OGC CSW server implementation
- GeoExplorer → built-in WebGIS-client based on GeoExt
- Python (Django) and JavaScript → web applications
- PostgreSQL and PostGIS → database backend
 - in addition:
- R → data preprocessing





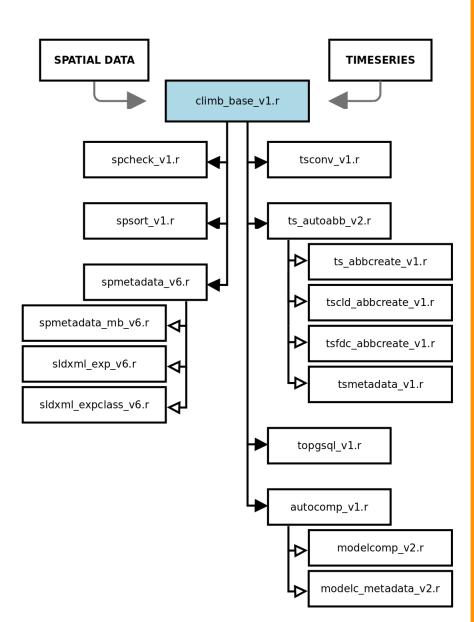






R - data preprocessing

- → checking file names
- → converting files
- → transfering data
- → creating figures
- → generating metadata
- → producing styled layer descriptor files













The CLIMB Geoportal - Impressions



WELCOME

to the WebGIS-Server of the EU-FP7-project CLIMB - Climate Induced Changes on the Hydrology of Mediterranean Basins. This platform is meant for publishing (hydrological) modelling results produced by several project partners during the four-year timeframe of CLIMB.

For more information on the project, click here or visit our main website.

Need help Getting Started?

Explore Layers

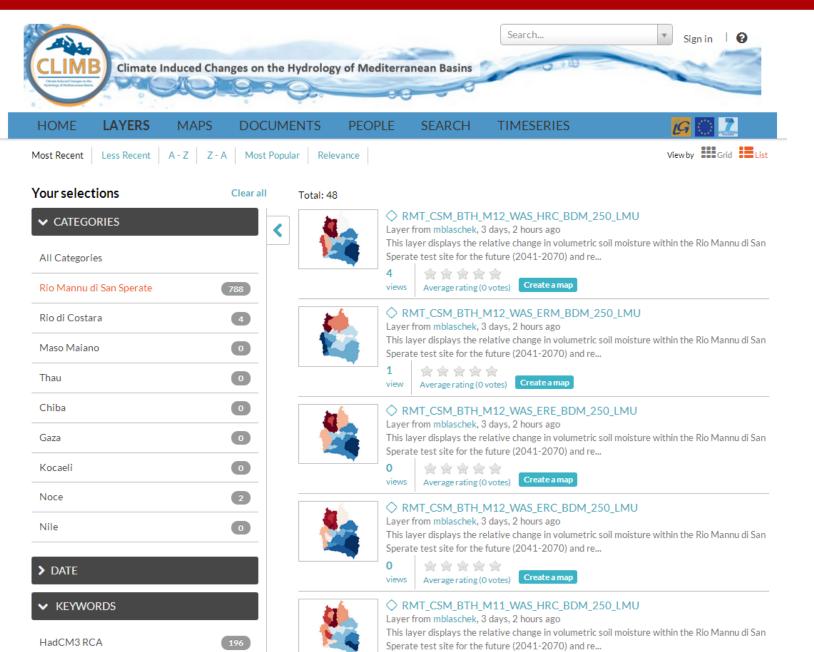
Explore Maps





Michael Blaschek - The CLIMB Geoportal: A web-based dissemination platform





会会会会会

Water halance





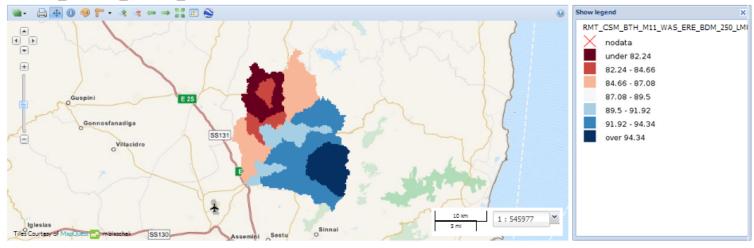




CAU



Download Metadata *



Share

Title: RMT_CSM_BTH_M11_WAS_ERE_BDM_250_LMU

Attributes

Abstract:

Info

This layer displays the relative change in volumetric soil moisture within the Rio Mannu di San Sperate test site for the future (2041-2070) and reference (1971-2000) period. It represents month November. The involved hydrological model was WaSiM, the considered climate model was ECHAM-5 REMO, applied in the form: bias corrected and downscaled using multifractal cascades method (1km). The cell size of the target grid is 250m. The presented layer covers the total study site Rio Mannu di San Sperate, Sardinia. Its visualization is based on subcatchment level.

★ Ratings

Comments

Publication Date: Nov. 13, 2013, 10:28 a.m.

Type: Raster Data

Keywords: WaSiM Relative change in volumetric soil moisture ECHAM-5 REMO

Category: Rio Mannu di San Sperate

Owner: mblaschek

Point of Contact: mblaschek

Show/Hide

Restrictions: Restrictions and legal prerequisites for using the data set after access is granted.

Purpose:

This layer represents output created within the EU-FP7 project CLIMB - Climate Induced Changes on the Hydrology of Mediterranean Basins (Ludwig et al. 2010, www.climb-fp7.eu).

Language: English

Supplemental Information:

The relative change in volumetric soil moisture has been calculated from monthly mean volumetric soil moisture in %: Future period/Reference period * 100.

MAPS USING THIS LAYER

This layer is not currently used in any maps.

CREATE A MAP USING THIS LAYER

Click the button below to generate a new map based on this layer.

Create a Map

STYLES

The following styles are associated with this layer. Choose a style to view it in the preview map.

- (default style)
- RMT_CSM_BTH_M11_WAS_ERE_BDM_250
- CSM_CLIMB







Michael Blaschek - The CLIMB Geoportal: A web-based dissemination platform M mblaschek ▼ | 1 Climate Induced Changes on the Hydrology of Mediterranean Basins HOME **LAYERS** MAPS **DOCUMENTS PEOPLE SEARCH TIMESERIES** Map → Print | (1) Identify # Query PMeasure → Edit → Maps / This map is currently unsaved Layers O Pauli Arburei Mandas Lunamatrona ■ Overlays Villanovafranca Rio Mannu - CLIMB catchment boundaries Collinas + Escalaplano ✓ Comuni OS rdara Villamar Gesico Carta geologica - Elementi areali Siurgus Donigala ▼ RMT_ETP_FUT_M04_WAS_ERC_BDM_250_LMU Goni nodata OSanluri Furlei under 97.56 Segariu 97.56 - 105.09 Savino Monreale Ballag 105.09 - 112.62 Feature Info × 112.62 - 120.15 mannu_catchm_v2.1 Armungia OSIIIus 120.15 - 127.68 RMT_ETP_FUT_M04_WAS_ERC_BDM_250_LMU 127.68 - 135.21 IDT_AA01G_COMUNI.092058 San Nicolo Gerrei over 135.21 Villasalto Value Name -RMT_ETP_REF_M04_WAS_ERC_BDM_250_LMU AA01... 38386.656 ■ Base Maps C Bing Aerial With Labels AA01... SAN NICOLO' GERREI C MapQuest Imagery AA01... 310 Nura MapQuest OpenStreetMap AA01... 20 C OpenStreetMap O No background AA01... 092 AA01... 63242392 ermosa San Sperate Soleminis Burcei Decimoputzy 1:272988 Tiles Courtesy of MapQuest ma, smeyer Sinnia/Sinnai

Michael Blaschek - The CLIMB Geoportal: A web-based dissemination platform





EXPLORE MAPS

Download test_map

Here you can download all the layers of this map that are hosted on this GeoNode.

- RMT_ETP_REF_M04_WAS_ERC_BDM_250_LMU
- RMT_ETP_FUT_M04_WAS_ERC_BDM_250_LMU

Finally, the map contains these layers which will not be downloaded because they are not available directly from this GeoNode:

- http://webgis.regione.sardegna.it/geoserver/ows?service=WMS&request=GetCapabilities?layers=dbu:GEOLOGIAAREALI
- http://webgis.regione.sardegna.it/geoserver/ows?service=WMS&request=GetCapabilities?layers=ras:IDT_AA01G_COMUNI
- http://ukzfg-s11.gis.uni-kiel.de/geoserver/sardbase/ows?version=1.1.1?layers=mannu_catchm_v2

Start downloading this map



Powered by GeoNode version 2.0c5 | For Developers | About CLIMB











The CLIMB Geoportal - Extension



TIME SERIES - HYDROLOGY

Choose the details for the time series you want to view or download:

Powered by GeoNode version 2.0c5 | For Developers | About CLIMB | Legal Notice

Rio Mannu	
WaSiM	
Both	
CLD (consecutive low flow)	
Make a selection PRC (precipitation) ETP (potential evapotranspiration) ETR (real evapotranspiration) RUN (runoff) SWC (soil water content)	
FDC (flow duration curve) CLD (consecutive low flow)	
LF7 (lowest flow in a 7-day period) MDF (maximum daily flow) LFD (low flow days)	JÜLICH Agris UNIVERSITÉ PARAGONI- ALBERTA
	Both CLD (consecutive low flow) Make a selection PRC (precipitation) ETP (potential evapotranspiration) ETR (real evapotranspiration) RUN (runoff) SWC (soil water content) DIS (discharge) FDC (flow duration curve) CLD (consecutive low flow) LF7 (lowest flow in a 7-day period) MDF (maximum daily flow) LFD (low flow days)











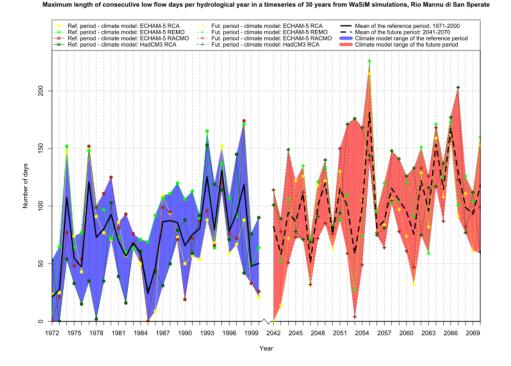
The CLIMB Geoportal - Extension



This graphic displays results from simulations using the hydrological model WaSiM within the Rio Mannu di San Sperate test site. It shows the maximum length of consecutive low flow days per hydrological year in a timeseries of 30 years for both, the reference (1971-09-01 to 2000-08-31) and future (2041-09-01 to 2070-08-31) period. Four different climate models are compared, each of them applied in the form: bias corrected and downscaled using multifractal cascades method (1km). The presented results cover the total study site Rio Mannu di San Sperate, Sardinia. For further information consider our partners from Ludwig-Maximilians-University Munich,

Department of Geography in Munich.

New selection Download time series





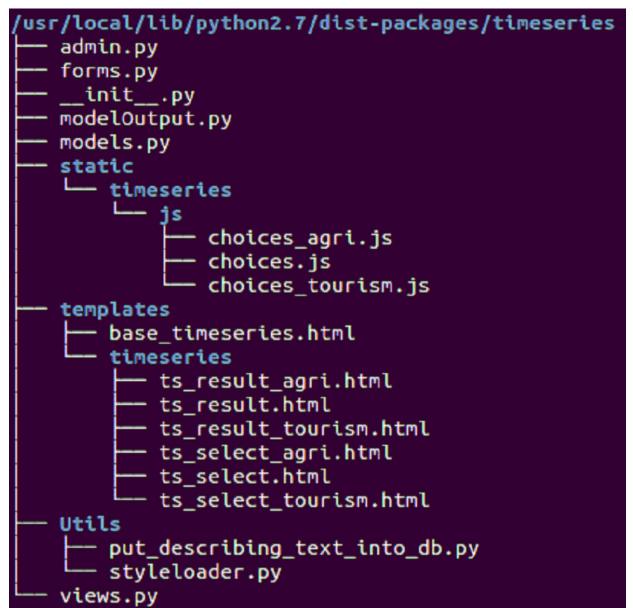








The CLIMB Geoportal - Extension











The CLIMB Geoportal - Some numbers

- 3080 WMS layer from 7 test sites and 13 hydrological model runs
- Each layer with 3 different stylings (sld) and specific metadata (xml)
- 1576 database tables representing up to 13 time series indicators
- 197 svg-images illustrating time series indicators
- 70 model comparison plots (time series) from 4 test sites
- 23 registered user profiles











The CLIMB Geoportal - Conclusions

The CLIMB Geoportal solved:

- The problem of heterogeneous data and file formats
- The missing of ISO-compliant metadata
- The lack of a uniform presentation of model results

The CLIMB Geoportal offers:

- Maps/Plots of easy-to-interprete hydrological indicators
- Access to underlying data for registered users
- → A free and open-source solution for long-term visibility of project-specific results











The End

Thank you for your attention!

lgi-climbrsv.geographie.uni-kiel.de www.climb-fp7.eu

This project has received funding from the European Union's Seventh Framework Programme for research, technological development and demonstration under grant agreement no 244151.

We thank Michael Nolde and Volodymyr Borovkov for support with regards to the implementation of the portal.





