Geophysical Research Abstracts Vol. 18, EGU2016-17753, 2016 EGU General Assembly 2016 © Author(s) 2016. CC Attribution 3.0 License.



Nonlinear interaction of atmospheric, surface-gravity, and hydroacoustic waves

Usama Kadri (1,2)

(1) Department of Mathematics, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, MA 02139, USA , (2) The Hatter Department of Marine Technologies, University of Haifa, Haifa 3498838, Israel

We discuss the generation of hydroacoustic waves by the mutual interaction of atmospheric and surface-gravity waves, through nonlinear resonant triad interaction. To this end, we consider a two fluid problem, with a half-space air layer over a compressible water layer of finite depth, and a rigid bottom. The governing equations comprise a quadratic compressible wave equation, and the standard associated boundary conditions. Using a multiple scale approach we derive at the amplitude evolution equations for all three triad members. It is shown that the energy input by the atmospheric wave is transferred to the acoustic mode, with no noticeable effect on the surface gravity mode.