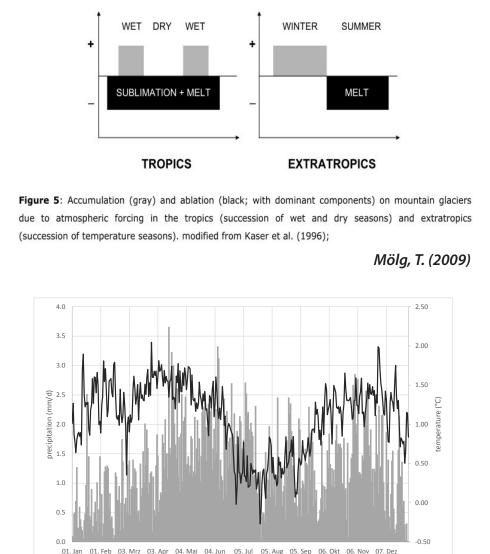
Evaluating different methods for monthly glacier mass balance interpolation at the example of a tropical glacier

Nico Mölg¹, Jorge Luis Ceballos²

Conejeras glacier is located in the Andes of Colombia, in the Cordillera Central, ca. 140 km west of Bogotà. It is on the western side of Nevado Santa Isabel, the middle one of three glacierized volcanoes.



The figures show the basic climatic difference between tropics and extratropics.

The second figure shows that there is no dry period on Conejeras and the seasonal temperature cycle is ~1.5°.

Interpolation Methods

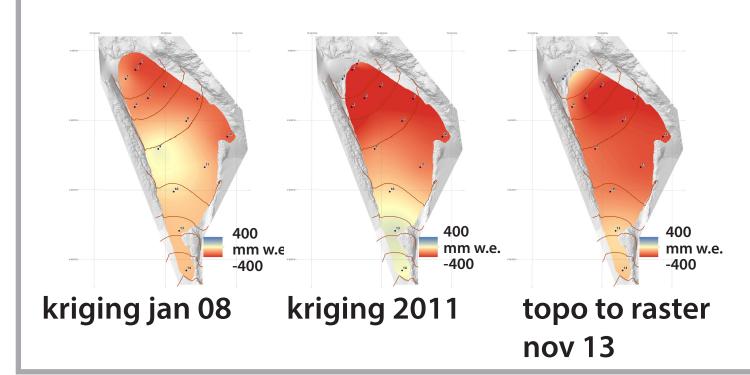
Pre-Conditions: High stake density Even distribution Good coverage

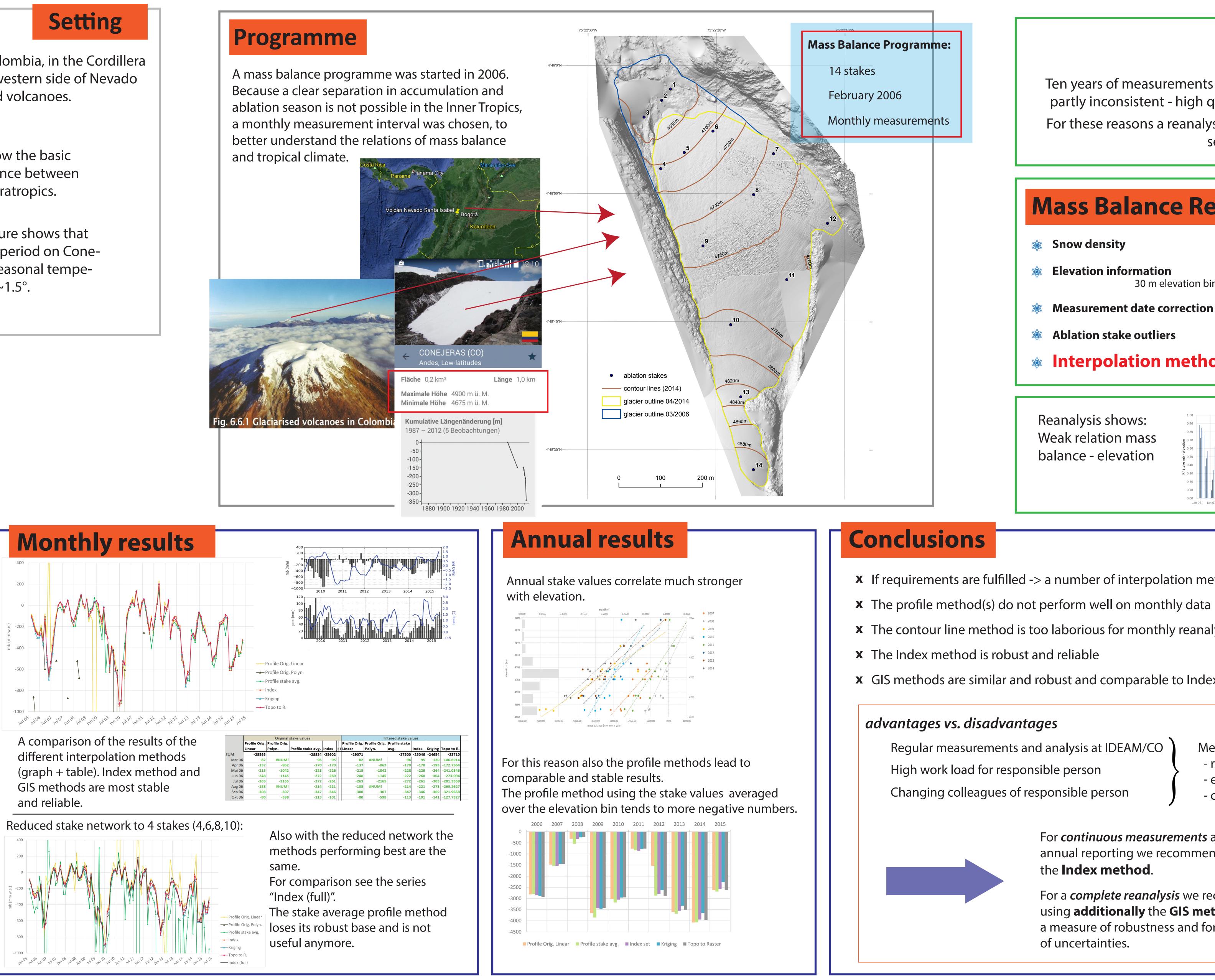
Potential for use of different methods

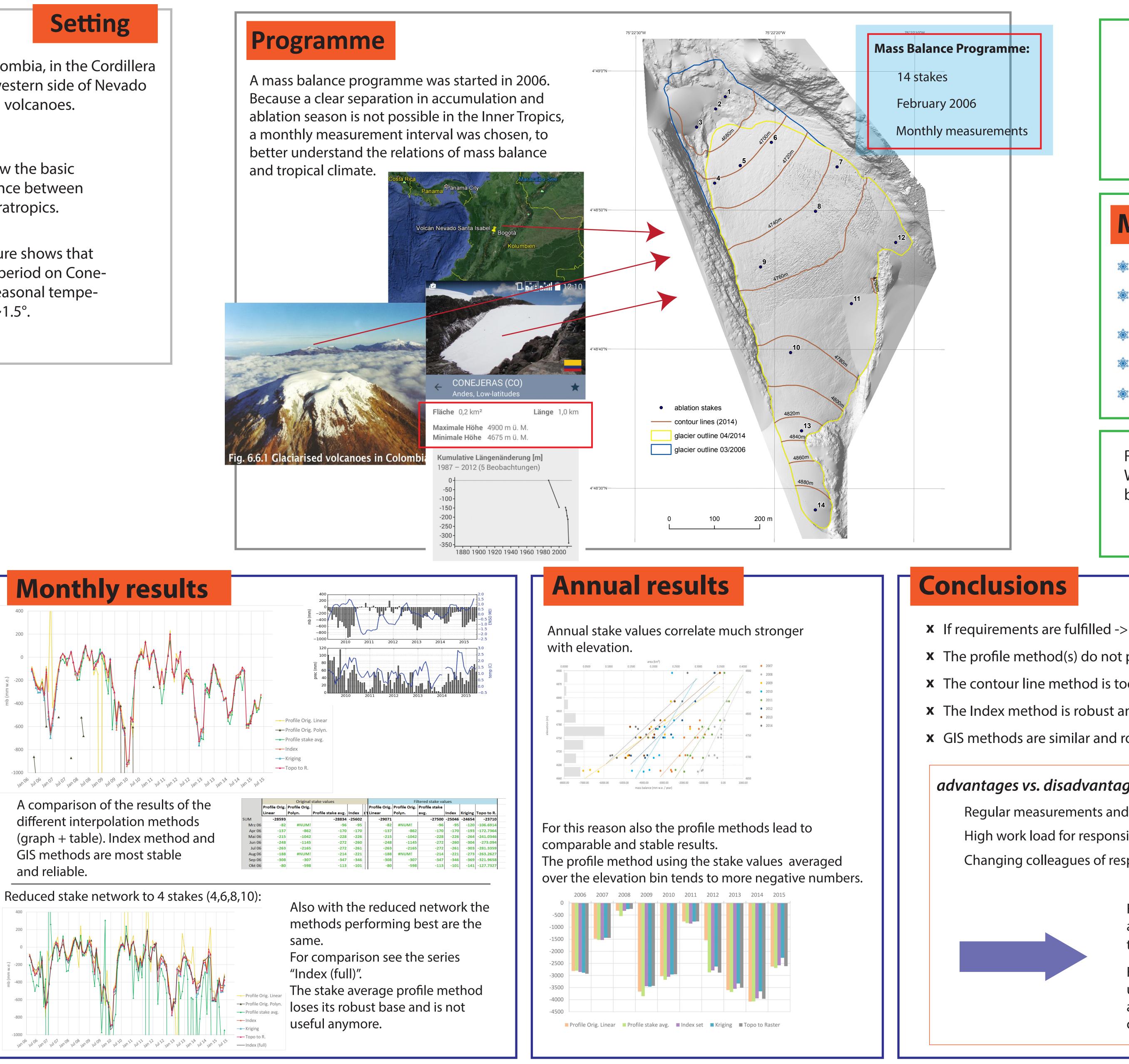
"Manual" Methods: Profile Method Original Stake Averaged

> Contour Line Method Index Method Van Beusekom et al. 2010

GIS Methods: Kriging Topo to Raster







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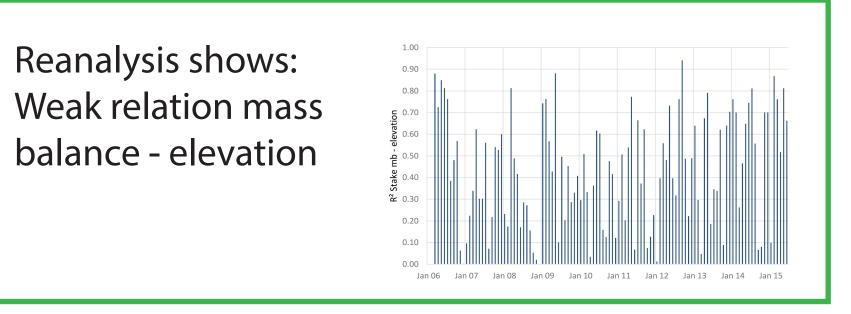


Ten years of measurements - reported balances partly inconsistent - high quality DEM available For these reasons a reanalysis of the whole time series has been done.

Aim

Mass Balance Reanalysis

- **Snow density**
- **Elevation information** 30 m elevation bins
- **Measurement date correction**
- Ablation stake outliers
- Interpolation method



- **X** If requirements are fulfilled -> a number of interpolation methods is useful
- **X** The contour line method is too laborious for monthly reanalysis
- **x** GIS methods are similar and robust and comparable to Index results

- Method should be - robust - easy to use - comprehensible

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- For *continuous measurements* and annual reporting we recommend the **Index method**.
- For a *complete reanalysis* we recommend using additionally the GIS methods as a measure of robustness and for estimation of uncertainties. _____