









The EMRP is jointly funded by the EMRP participating countries within EURAMET and the European Union

SI-traceable reference gas mixtures for VOCs and water vapour at atmospheric concentration produced dynamically with a portable generator



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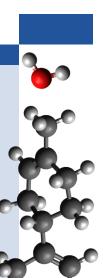


Metrological traceability

- •Traceability: measurement linked to the definition of SI-units through an unbroken chain of calibrations m, kg, s, K, mol
- Measurement uncertainty: estimation of possible sources of uncertainties. Needed when comparing results obtained from different methods.
- •Method validation: evaluation of all influencing parameters
- Results independant of method, time and place







Target molecules

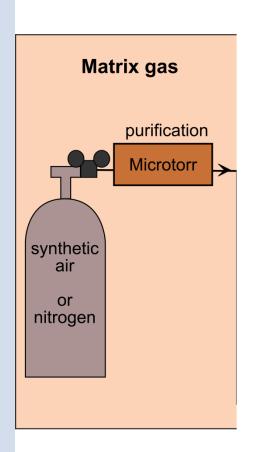
- Unstable in cylinders at atmospheric concentration
- Effects of adsorption/desorption on surfaces
- •Any substance that can be filled as a liquid into a permeator
- ■Water vapour 1- 10 μmol/mol (ppm)
- Ammonia ~nmol/mol (ppb)
- Fluorinated gases: HFCs, HCFCs... pmol/mol (ppt)
- Volatile organic compounds (ppb):
 - •(R)-limonene
 - •α-pinene
 - •MVK or butenone, CH₃C(O)CH=CH₂
 - •MEK or butanone, CH₃C(O)CH₂CH₃







Successfully applied to: NO₂, water vapour, BTEX (benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, xylene), NH₃, HFC-125, HFC-1234yf, at atmospheric concentration



1. Matrix gas purification





1. Purification of matrix gas in 2 steps

- 1) clean dry air /nitrogen in cylinder
- 2) further purification with commercially available cartridge « MicroTorr », SAES Getters

- Flow normally used: 1 L/min
- Purified nitrogen measured by CRDS "LaserTrace" from **TigerOptics**
- •Minimum reached : 7 ppb water in nitrogen
- Currently testing efficiency to purify from VOCs

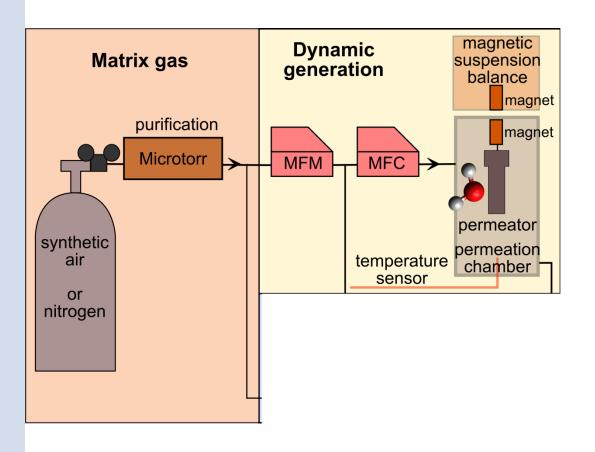
See talk by R. Pearce this session 16:00







Method overview



2. Adding pure substance to matrix gas





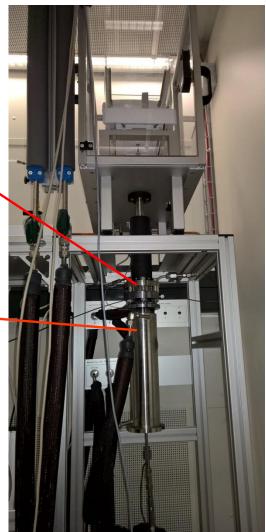
2. Adding pure substance to matrix gas

- Dynamic : continously produced over time
- •New magnetic suspension balance tested at METAS:
 - stainless steel
 - SilcoNert2000 coating
 - ■Temperature control 30-70°C
 - Pressure control up to 6 bar-a

Molar fraction $\propto \frac{mass \ loss \ rate}{total \ carrier \ gas \ flow}$



Fine Metrology

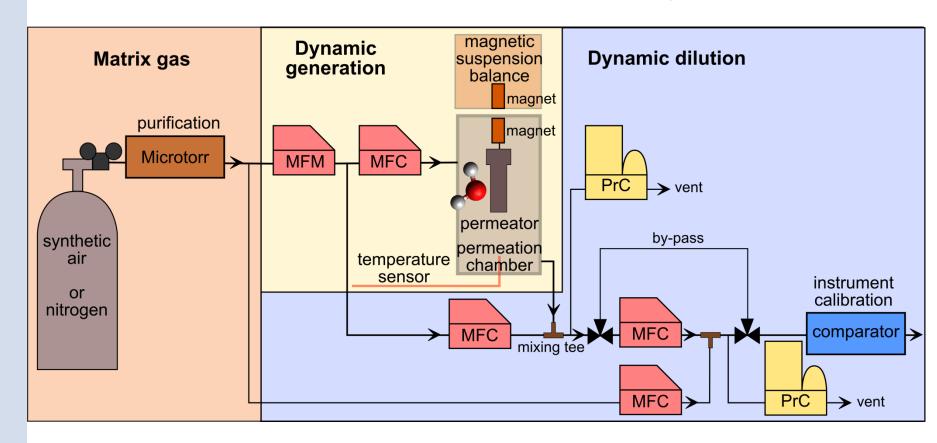






Method overview

3. Dynamic dilution







3. Dynamic dilution

- 2 successive dilution steps
- Using mass flow controllers (MFC) from Vögtlin
- Pressure controlled
- SilcoNert2000 on all metal surfaces







Results: water generation at ~10 µmol/mol (ppm)

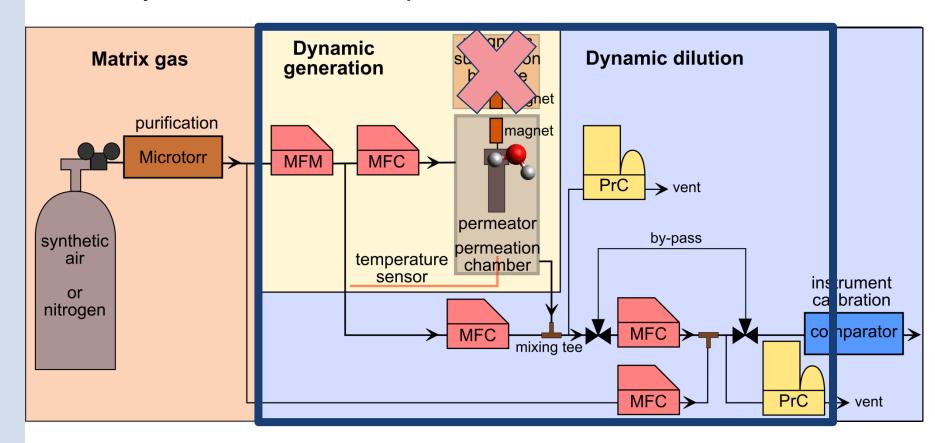
- Carrier gas: nitrogen purified with Microtorr cartridge
- Entire system dried down to 100 ppb water
- Generated concentration measured with laser
 Intrument from TigerOptics
- ■Expanded uncertainty at 10 µmol/mol (95% confidence interval): 1%, 100 nmol/mol
 - ■65% residual water
 - •26% mass loss permeator
 - ■9 % flow





Design – portable generator

•All-in-one, portable setup: Generation of multicomponent reference gas mixture by combining permeation and dynamic dilution steps



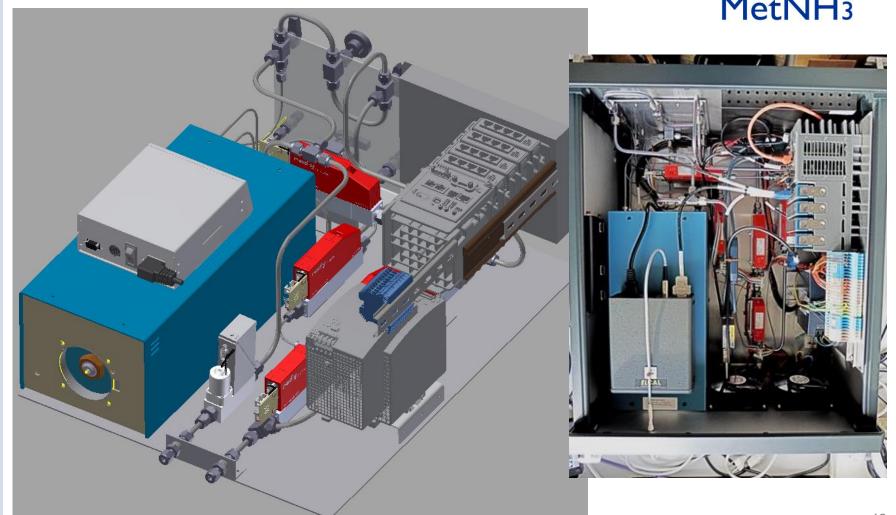




Design – generator for ammonia NH₃

Project MetNH₃

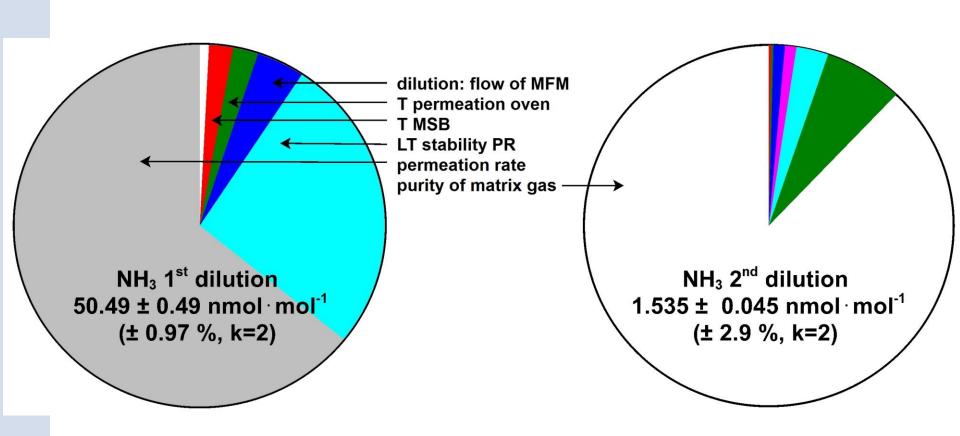






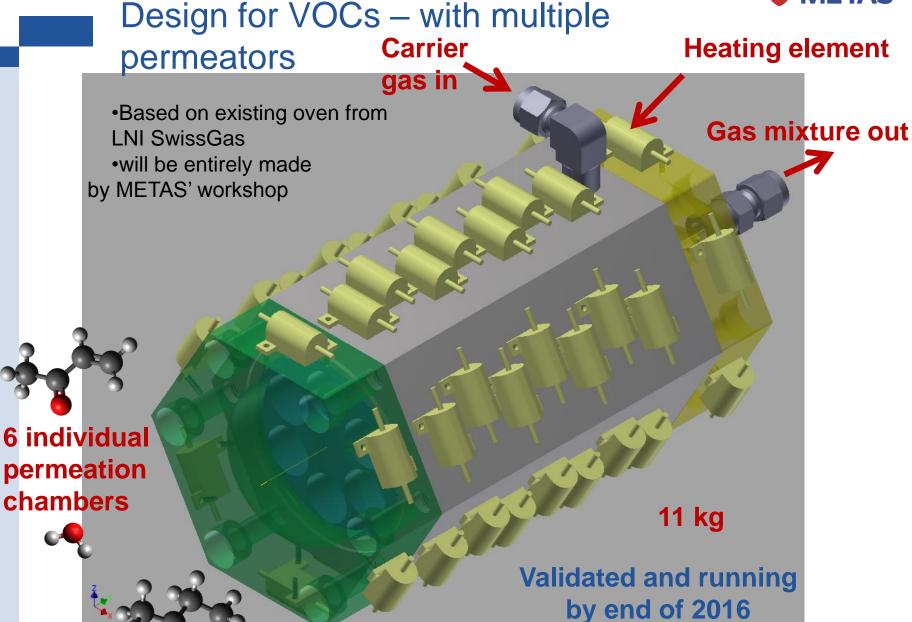


Results: ammonia generation at ~nmol/mol (ppb)











Reference gases for fluorinated gases: poster A.438 in this session 17:30 – 19:00 today, Hall A

More on making zero air standard: talk by R.Pearce 16:00 – 16:15

Thank you for your attention Questions?

Many thanks to METAS Gasanalytik team, workshop and electronics workshop