Geophysical Research Abstracts Vol. 19, EGU2017-14597-1, 2017 EGU General Assembly 2017 © Author(s) 2017. CC Attribution 3.0 License.



Towards consolidating the plant trait data domain

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In response to the basic concept of this session - 'the optimality principle proposes that organisms adjust to environmental variations so as to maximize measures that impinge on fitness, and are thereby subject to natural selection' - we propose that observable characteristics of individual plant organisms – plant traits – are the product of optimality principles and thus provide a first level to validate implementations of optimality principles in vegetation models. On the long term, the application of optimality principles may thus lead to a shift of paradigm in vegetation modeling, where plant traits were traditionally used for model parameterization, but in the future may provide the first step in a hierarchical cascade of model validation at multiple scales. However, so far the value of plant traits is obscured by two roadblocks: ecological research produces a tremendous amount of trait data, but the diversity in topics covered and the ways in which studies are carried out result in large numbers of small, id-iosyncratic data sets using heterogeneous terminologies. Such heterogeneity can be attributed, in part, to a lack of standards for acquiring, organizing and describing data. We here present recent progress in consolidating the plant trait data domain by standardized terminology (TOP thesaurus of plant characteristics: top-thesaurus.org) and data integration (TRY database: try-db.org) - and we report current limits. Nevertheless, we suggest that consolidated trait data are a valuable tool for optimality driven vegetation model development and validation.