Geophysical Research Abstracts Vol. 19, EGU2017-15179, 2017 EGU General Assembly 2017 © Author(s) 2017. CC Attribution 3.0 License.



Empirical relations to convert magnitudes of the earthquake catalogue for the north western of Algeria

Ilyes Belayadi (1), Mourad Bezzeghoud (2), João Fontiela (2), and Amansour Nadji (1) (1) Université d'Oran 2 Mohamed Ben Ahmed & Faculté des sciences de la Terre et de l'Univers, Oran, Algeria (ilyes.belayadi@gmail.com), (2) University of Évora, Escola de Ciências e Tecnologia (ECT), Department of Physics & ICT/IIFA, Évora, Portugal (mourad@uevora.pt)

North Algeria is one of the most seismically active regions on the western Mediterranean basin and it is related with the boundaries of the Eurasian and Nubian plates. We compiled an earthquake catalogue for the north western of Algeria, within the area $-2^{\circ}W-1^{\circ}E$ and $34^{\circ}N-37^{\circ}N$ for the time span 1790-2016. To compile the earthquake catalogue we merge all available catalogues either national and international. Then we remove all duplicates and fake earthquakes. The lower level of the catalogue entries is set at M=2.5. Nevertheless, the magnitudes reported on the catalogue are ML, Ms, Mb, Mw and macroseismic intensity. Thus, we develop new empirical relations to calculate the Mw from the different magnitudes and intensity suitable to the seismic hazard and geodynamic context of North Algeria.

Acknowledgements: Ilyes Belayadi is funded entirely by the University of Oran 2 Mohamed Ben Ahmed (Algeria). This work is co-financed by the European Union through the European Regional Development Fund under COMPETE 2020 (Operational Program for Competitiveness and Internationalization) through the ICT project (UID / GEO / 04683/2013) under the reference POCI-01-0145 -FEDER-007690.