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## Tomographic reconstruction of structures using a novel GPR system

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The ever growing range of applications of ground penetrating radar (GPR) motivates the need of developing efficient measurement systems combined with effective data processing methods. On the one hand, advanced GPR measurement systems require to accurately model the physical effects occurring between the antenna structure and the medium. On the other hand, the GPR device should provide a reliable reconstruction of the properties of the targets under an inspection to a common user. In this work, a novel GPR system was tested for the imaging of buried structures. First of all, the acquired experimental data were pre-processed with a proper calibration technique for removing antenna effects. After that, a reconstruction of a hidden structure was obtained by means of both qualitative and quantitative electromagnetic inverse scattering methods. In particular, while the qualitative techniques aim at reconstructing only specific features of the targets (e.g., location, shape), the proposed quantitative method has the challenging goal of the complete electromagnetic characterization of the buried structures. The performance of the new system was evaluated in different operating conditions with promising results.

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