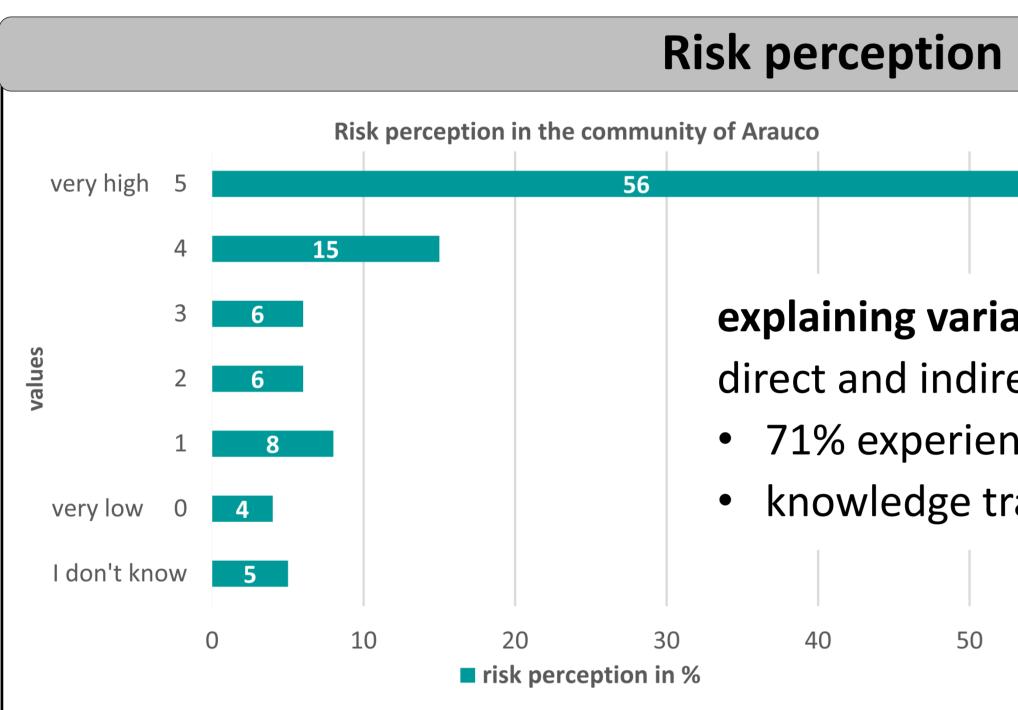
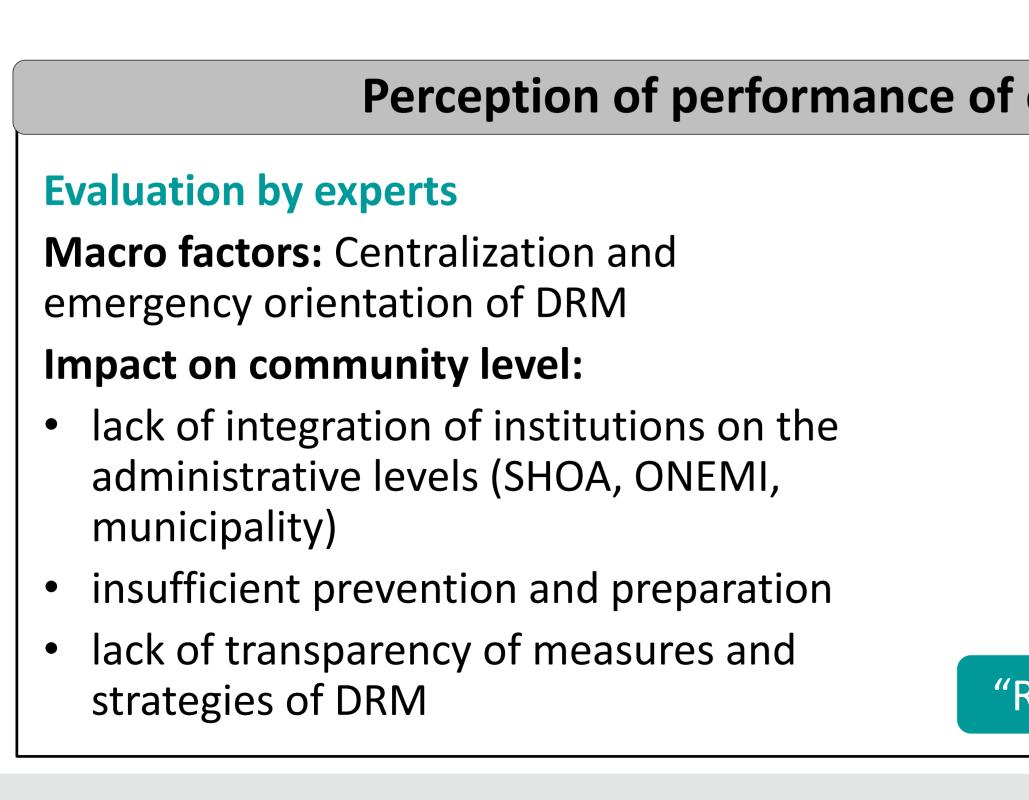


## Risk perception of tsunami in the community of Arauco, Chile – a contribution of risk perception to disaster risk management (DRM) at local level Results of the case study, realized by expert interviews and questionnaires



## Self-manager

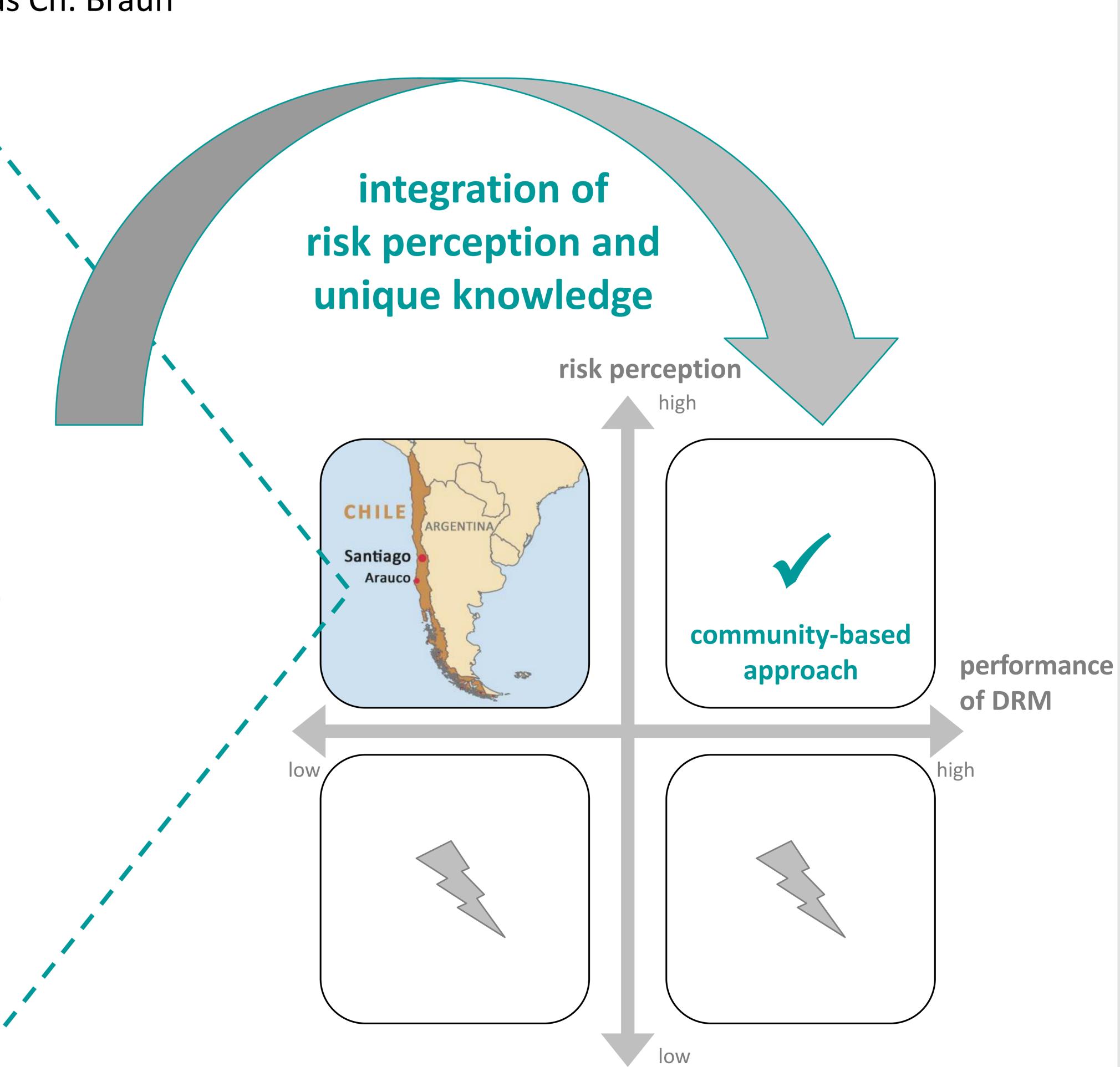
high perceived knowledge VS social disorder in tl



Authors: Susanne Kubisch (susanne.kubisch@kit.edu), Edilia Jaque Castillo, Andreas Ch. Braun

in the community	Ň,
able ect experience nce of the tsunami in 2010, 73% in 2015 ransfer by the social environment	
ment of the risk e about risk relevant behavior he event in 2010	i A P
official DRM at community level	
<ul> <li>Evaluation by inhabitants</li> <li>mistrust in institutions - 64% in ONEMI, 41% in municipality</li> <li>lack of credibility of information on the part of responsible institutions</li> <li>evaluation of own capacity to prevent damages of a tsunami higher than capacity of experts</li> </ul>	
Regarding DRM Chile is a developing country" (expert)	
Abbreviations:	

SHOA (Servicio Hydrográfico y Oceanográfico de la Armada) **ONEMI** (Oficina Nacional de Emergencia del Ministerio del Interior y Seguridad Pública)



map of Chile (modification): Original by Vardion (2006), LocationChile.svg, https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File%3ALocationChile.svg [Accessed 03.04.17] **Community Based Approach:** 

see i.a. Delica-Willison, Z. and JC Gaillard (2012), "Community action and disaster", in: Wisner, B., JC Gaillard and I. Kelman, The Routledge Handbook of Hazards and Disaster *Risk Reduction*, Oxon: Routledge, p. 711-722.





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