

The Measurement of the Solar Spectral Irradiance during the Solar Cycle 24 using SOLAR/SOLSPEC on ISS

David Bolsée (1), Nuno Pereira (1), Dominique Sluse (1), Gaël Cessateur (1), Mustapha Meftah (2), Luc Damé (2), Alain Hauchecorne (2), Slimane Bekki (2), and Marion Marchand (2)

(1) BIRA-IASB, 3 Avenue Circulaire, 1180 Brussels, Belgium (david.bolsee@aeronomie.be), (2) LATMOS-CNRS, 11 Blvd d'Alembert, 78280 Guyancourt, France

Between April 2008 and February 2017, the Solar Spectral Irradiance (SSI) was measured by the SO-LAR/SOLSPEC from 166 nm to 3088 nm. The instrument was a part of the Solar Monitoring Observatory (SOLAR) payload, externally mounted on the Columbus module of the International Space Station. As the SSI is a key input for the validation of solar physics models, together with playing a role in the climate system and photochemistry of the Earth atmosphere, SOLAR/SOLSPEC spectral measurements becomes important.

In this study, the in-flight operations and performances of the instrument -including the engineering correctionswill be presented for the nine years of the SOLAR mission. Using an accurate absolute calibration, the SSI as measured by SOLAR/SOLSPEC in the course of the solar cycle 24 will be presented and compared to other instruments and ground-based measurements. The accuracy of these measurements will be also discussed here.