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Heat waves and extreme fires in Portugal

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Heat waves (HW) combined with long periods of dry weather may have a significant impact on the occurrence of extreme wildfires which, in turn, can have devastating social, economic and environmental consequences. The main focus of this study is to assess HW's influence on the occurrence of extreme wildfires (EW) in Portugal. HW's occurrence in the period 1981 – 2010 were compared with precise and detailed information of Portuguese EW events. Results disclose high spatial, intra and inter-annual variability in the HW's characteristics are clearly associated to the spatial-temporal distribution of the EW. In fact, most of: (i) total number of EW were active during an HW; (iii) total EW days were also HW days; (iv) EW had duration completely contained in the duration of an HW; and, (v) EW occurred during and in the area affected by HW. Findings of this study can be used to support fire danger and risk management.

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