Geophysical Research Abstracts Vol. 21, EGU2019-17015, 2019 EGU General Assembly 2019 © Author(s) 2019. CC Attribution 4.0 license.



Rivers Top Trumps

Chris Hackney, Florence Halstead, and Daniel Parsons Energy and Environment Institute, University of Hull, Hull, United Kingdom

Flood risk is a serious issue facing communities around the globe. In order to improve societal resilience to flooding, education regarding the risks posed by river systems is vital. Yet, flooding does not always have negative impacts, as it is key in the development of vital global ecosystems such as wetlands and deltas. Understanding the pros and cons of flooding and the natural ecosystem services that rivers provide is hugely important as human interactions alter natural fluvial systems. A key educational tool which spans a range of age groups is the use of games. Following on from other successful geoscience based versions, and in partnership with Winning Moves Ltd, we have developed a set of Top Trump game cards based on the World's rivers in order to aid improved education around the risks and benefits posed by river systems. Thirty of the world's rivers from the Amazon to the Danube have been selected. For each river, six categories have been defined: length (length of river in km from source to mouth), flow discharge (mean annual discharge [km3] at the most seaward gauging station), countries (number of countries the river flows through), flood risk (an index on the estimated flood affected population in each river basin in a 1 in 100 year flood), deadly animals (a score based on the number of animals inhabiting the catchment which have the potential to cause harm to humans) and an overall Top Trumps rating. The selected river catchments are representative of the different river styles found around the globe, from meandering to anastomosing channels, to ones which are frozen in winter. By engaging both children and adults alike through the use of already well-established games adapted to rivers, the overall awareness, interest and knowledge of rivers can be increased, and thus societal resilience to the risks posed by rivers improved.