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Interaction of carbonates with the reduced Fe-containing peridotite and its role in the deep carbon cycle

Naira Martirosyan (1,2), Ivan Podborodnikov (2), Sergey Rashchenko (2), Konstantin Litasov (2), Anton Shatskiy (2), and Alexey Ragozin (2)

(1) Deutshes GeoForschungsZentrum, Potsdam, Germany (martirosyanns@gmail.com), (2) Sobolev Institute of Geology and Mineralogy, SB RAS, Novosibirsk, Russia

The oxygen fugacity of the mantle peridotites decreases with the depth to the iron-wustite buffer (IW) [1]. Below \sim 250 km detectable amounts of Fe or Fe-Ni alloy are likely presented in the mantle [1]. Under IW buffer conditions, diamond or carbide are stable phases, while carbonates delivered to the deep mantle by the subduction of the oceanic slabs will interact with the Fe-containing peridotites [2].

In the present study, we investigated the interaction of Fe with $MgCO_3$ and $CaCO_3$ in the complex natural systems with peridotite composition at 6-8 GPa and 900-1400° using multi-anvil apparatus. We used sandwiched loading, where Fe and carbonates were separated by the layer of natural garnet lherzolite. After experiments, samples were analyzed by EDS and Raman-spectroscopy.

In the $MgCO_3$ – peridotite – Fe system only small amounts of graphite (Gr) and magnesiowustite (Mws) were detected near the carbonate/silicate boundary after annealing during 26h at 1100°C. The reaction is in good agreement with the previous investigations in $MgCO_3$ –Fe system [3], and can be written as follows:

 $MgCO_3 + Fe = [MgO + 2FeO] (Mws) + C (Gr) (1)$

In the CaCO₃-peridotite-Fe system we observed total consumption of Ca-carbonate in less than 26h. Formation of Mws, Gr, carbonatite melt, and merwinite (Mw), monticellite (Mtc) was observed. The interactions in the systems can be described by the following reactions:

 $Mg2SiO4 (OI)+CaCO_3+Fe \rightarrow CaMgSiO4 (Mtc)+[2MgO+FeO] (Mws)+C (Gr) (2)$

2 CaMgSiO4 (Mtc) + CaCO₃+2 Fe \rightarrow Ca3MgSi2O8 (Mw)+[MgO+2 FeO] (Fp)+C (Gr) (3)

Based on the obtained data it can be concluded that the reactions in the $MgCO_3$ – peridotite – Fe0 system due to the sluggish kinetics will not affect the preservation of $MgCO_3$ in the reduced mantle below 250 km. In the same time, in the $CaCO_3$ – peridotite – Fe system Ca-carbonate will be significantly consumed with the formation of diamond in the upper mantle.

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