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## Large aperture microbarograph array in Western Bohemia. First two years of observations.

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A large aperture array WBCI was installed in the western part of the Czech Republic ( $50.25^{\circ}N$   $12.44^{\circ}E$ ) in September 2016. The array consists of four absolute sensors of the type 6000-16B-IS by Paroscientific, inc. The array aperture is  $\sim$ 6 km. It is intended for observations of low frequency infrasound near the acoustic cut-off in the range 0.0033-0.4 Hz. The data are analysed using the PMCC software by CEA/DASE .

The detection bulletins were processed for the period October 2016 – September 2018. In winter (November-February), the signals regularly arrived from azimuths of  $200\text{-}235^\circ$ ,  $305\text{-}330^\circ$ , and  $340\text{-}355^\circ$ . In these directions, the Alps, the Northern Atlantic, and the Scandinavian mountains are located with respect to the WBCI site. The wave frequencies were between 0.01 and 0.08 Hz. The north-west arrivals  $(305\text{-}330^\circ$  and  $340\text{-}355^\circ)$  occurred in time periods, when distinct lows and pressure gradients were formed above the Northern Atlantic. The observations of microbaroms (f  $\sim$ 0.2 Hz) are reduced to periods of extreme weather above the Northern Atlantic, like e.g. the storm Ophelia in October 2018. No prevailing directions of infrasound arrival were identified in summer (May-August).