Type IV radio burst is the long-lasting broadband continuum emission in metric wave-length. In addition to the continuum emission Type IV radio bursts may show fine structure with high brightness temperature. The physical emission responsible for both continuum and fine structures is still under debate. In this study, we present a moving type IV radio burst observed by LOFAR. We performed a detailed comparison of NRH and LOFAR imaging. Using the full stokes parameters from the LOFAR dynamic spectra, we have also calculated the degree of circular polarisation during the propagation of the moving type IV. Finally, we combined LOFAR interferometric data with SDO-AIA and LASCO-C2 to track the evolution of this type IV and relate it with the CME.