

EGU2020-5098

<https://doi.org/10.5194/egusphere-egu2020-5098>

EGU General Assembly 2020

© Author(s) 2021. This work is distributed under the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 License.



Mixing induced by ISWs breaking over a sloping boundary: an analytical heuristic model

Daive Cavaliere¹, Giovanni la Forgia^{2,3}, and Federico Falcini³

¹Sapienza University of Rome, Department of Basic and Applied Sciences for Engineering, Rome, Italy
(davide.cavaliere@uniroma1.it)

²Roma Tre University, Department of Civil Engineering, Rome, Italy

³ISMAR-CNR, Rome, Italy

We propose an analytical approach to estimate mixing efficiency in Internal Solitary Waves (ISWs) breaking processes. We make use of the theoretical framework of Winters et al. [1995] to describe the energetics of a stratified fluid flow, calculating the Available Potential Energy (APE) of an ISW of depression in a two-layer system, assuming that the symmetric density structure on both sides of the feature is exactly the same. Starting from the definition of mixing efficiency given by Michallet and Ivey [1999], through the Ozmidov and Thorpe length-scales we derive an expression for the mixing efficiency avoiding the use of any wave model (as KdV-type models or strongly nonlinear models) to estimate the wave energy. The model is successfully verified through laboratory experiments performed in a wave tank and is meant to be applied by using real field CTD casts.

References:

Winters, K., Lombard, P., Riley, J., and D'Asaro, E. (1995). *Available potential energy and mixing in density-stratified fluids*. J. Fluid Mech., 289, 115-128.

Michallet, H. and Ivey, G. (1999). *Experiments on mixing due to internal solitary waves breaking on uniform slopes*. Journal of Geophysical Research: Oceans, 104(C6), 13467-13477