

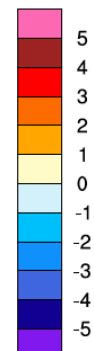
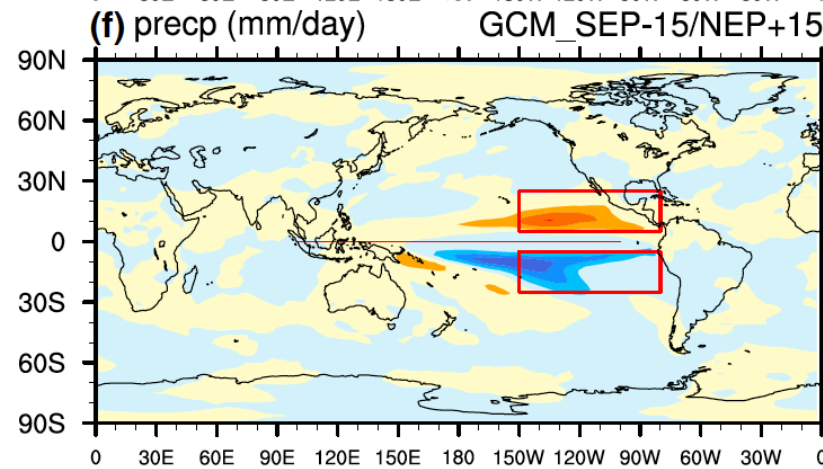
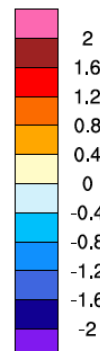
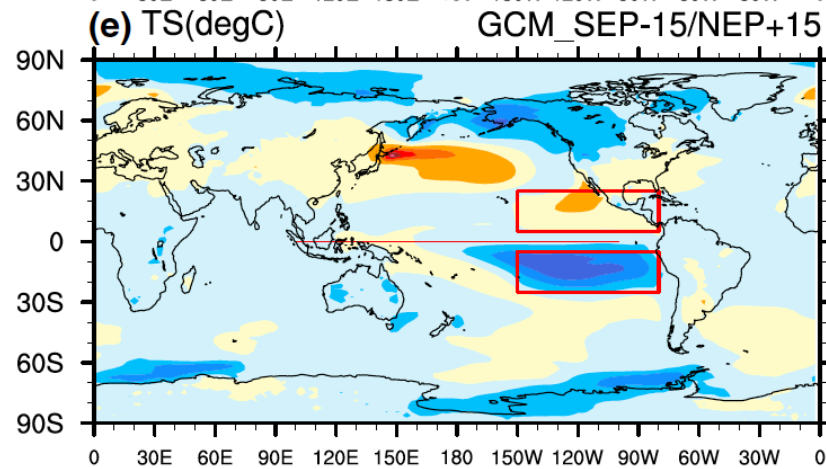
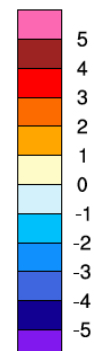
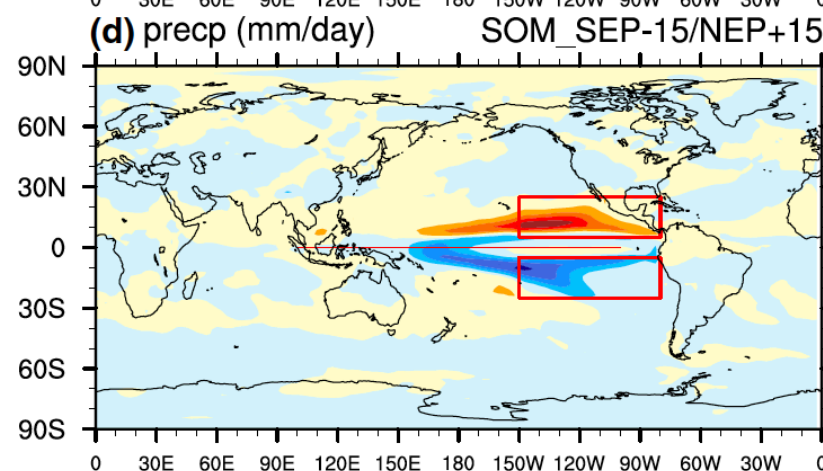
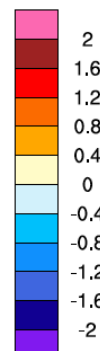
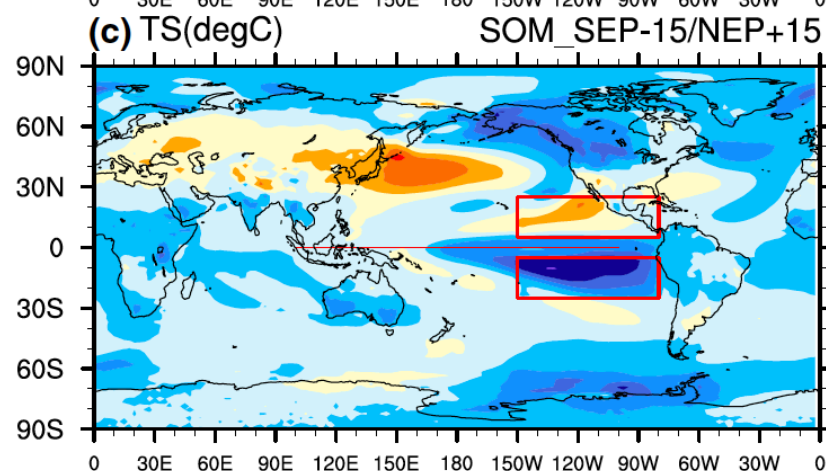
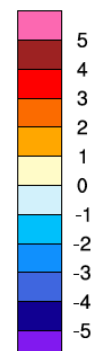
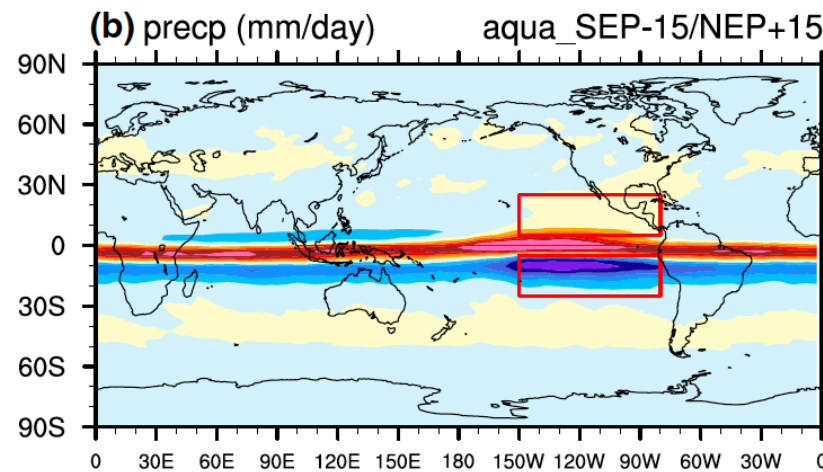
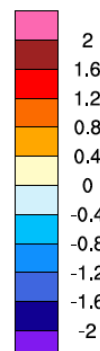
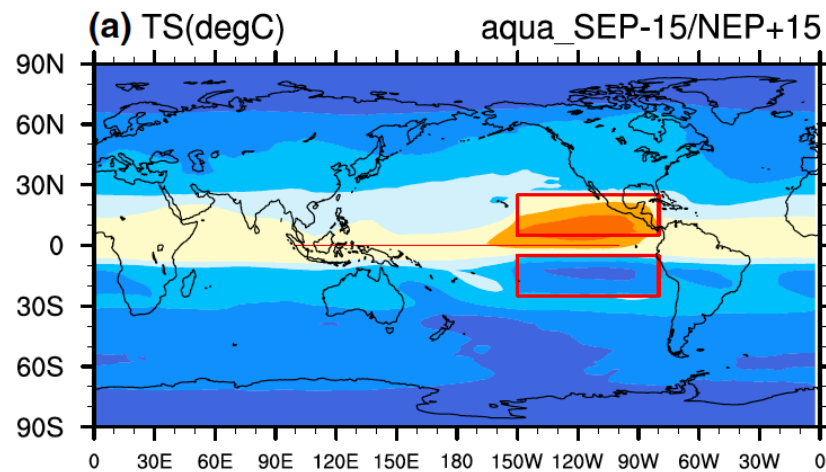
# The seesaw response of the intertropical and South Pacific convergence zones to hemispherically asymmetric thermal forcing

Bowen Zhao and Alexey Fedorov

Department of Earth and Planetary Science, Yale University, U.S.

North:  $15 \text{ W/m}^2$

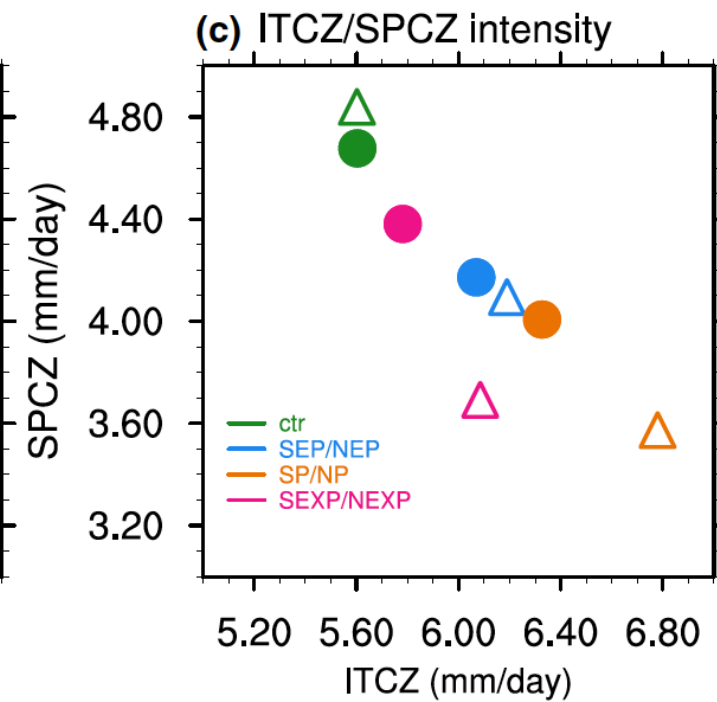
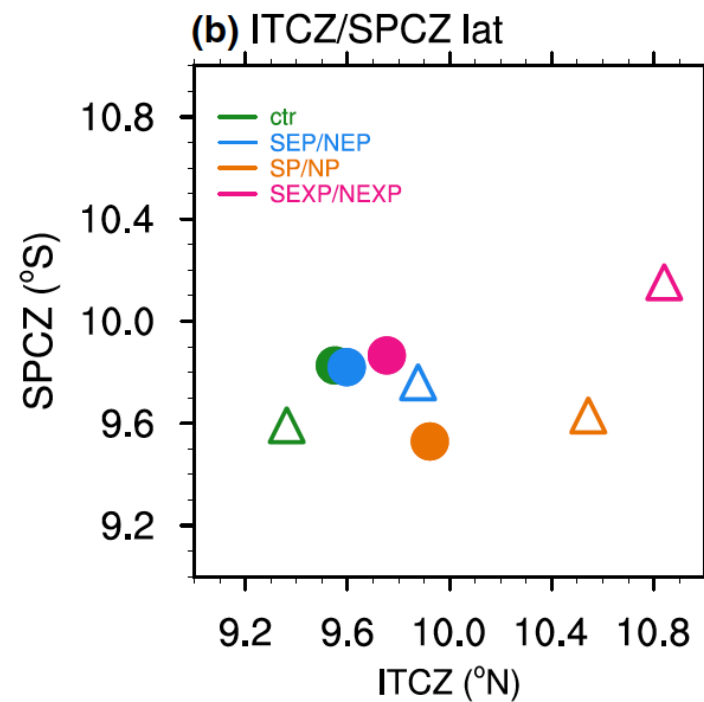
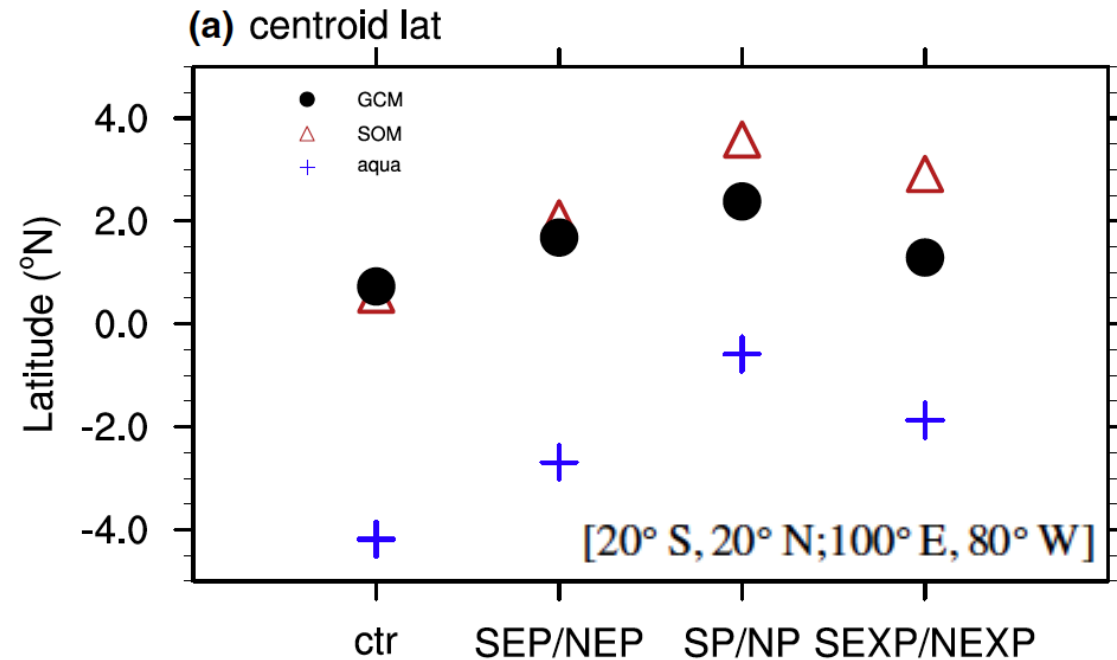
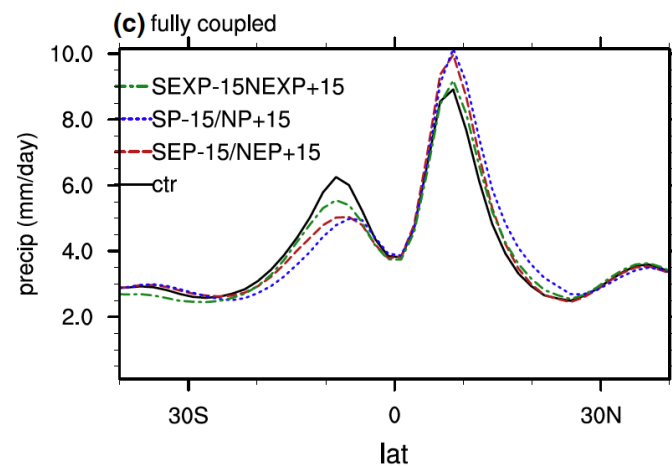
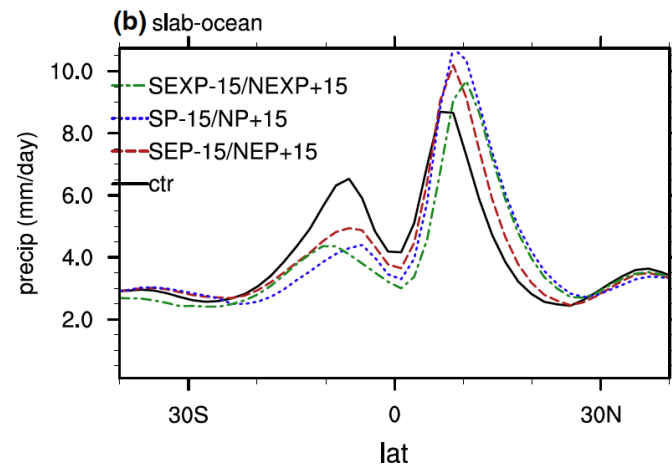
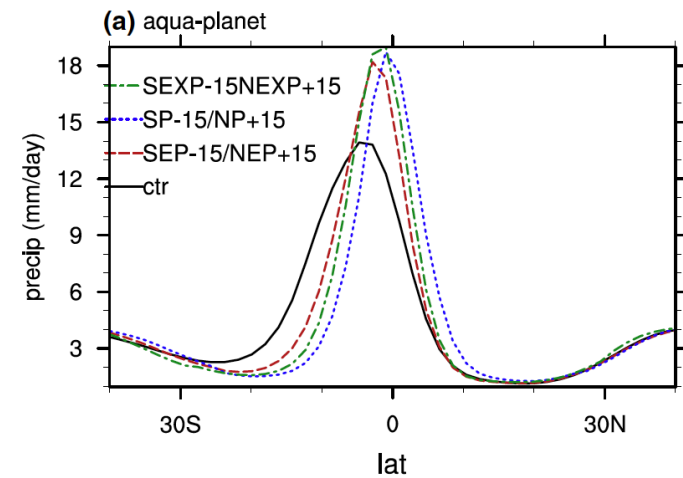
South:  $-15 \text{ W/m}^2$



Changes in mean climate in response to an asymmetric thermal forcing imposed in the eastern subtropical Pacific.

**Table 1** A summary of perturbation experiments using different configurations of CESM

Experiment	Forcing	Simulation length (aqua-planet/slab-ocean/fully coupled)
Main experiments common across different model configurations		
SEP-15/NEP+15	15 W/m <sup>2</sup> added in the northeastern subtropical Pacific [5° N–25° N; 150° W–80° W]; –15 W/m <sup>2</sup> added in the southeastern subtropical Pacific	30/30/100 years
SP-15/NP+15	15 W/m <sup>2</sup> added in the northern subtropical Pacific [5°N–25°N; 100° E–80° W]; –15 W/m <sup>2</sup> added in the southeastern subtropical Pacific [5° S–25° S; 100° E–80° W]	30/30/100 years
SEXP-15/NEXP+15	15 W/m <sup>2</sup> added in the northern subtropical Pacific [30°N–50°N; 100° E–80° W]; –15 W/m <sup>2</sup> added in the southeastern subtropical Pacific [30° S–50° S; 100° E–80° W]	30/30/100 years
Additional fully coupled model runs		
SEP-10	–10 W/m <sup>2</sup> added in the southeastern subtropical Pacific [5° S–25° S; 150° W–80° W]	200 years
SEP-10/NEP+30	30 W/m <sup>2</sup> added in the northeastern subtropical Pacific [5° N–25° N; 150° W–80° W]; –10 W/m <sup>2</sup> added in the southeastern subtropical Pacific	200 years
SEP-12/NEP+40	40 W/m <sup>2</sup> added in the northeastern subtropical Pacific; –12 W/m <sup>2</sup> added in the southeastern subtropical Pacific	200 years
SEP-15/NEP+60	60 W/m <sup>2</sup> added in the northeastern subtropical Pacific; –15 W/m <sup>2</sup> added in the southeastern subtropical Pacific	100 years
SEP+10/NEP-30	–30 W/m <sup>2</sup> added in the northeastern subtropical Pacific; 10 W/m <sup>2</sup> added in the southeastern subtropical Pacific	100 years
SP+10/NP-30	–30 W/m <sup>2</sup> added in the northern subtropical Pacific [5° N–25° N; 100° E–80° W]; 10 W/m <sup>2</sup> added in the southeastern subtropical Pacific [5° S–25° S; 100° E–80° W]	100 years

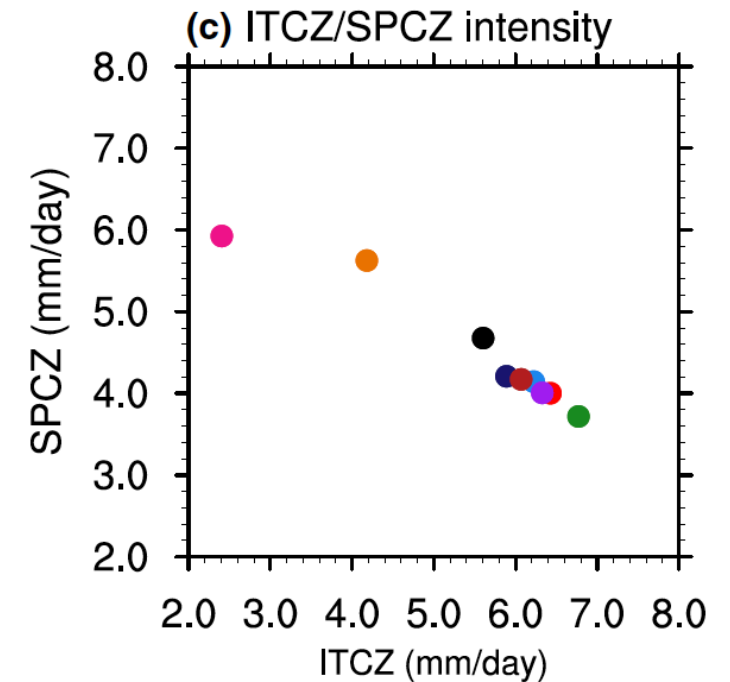
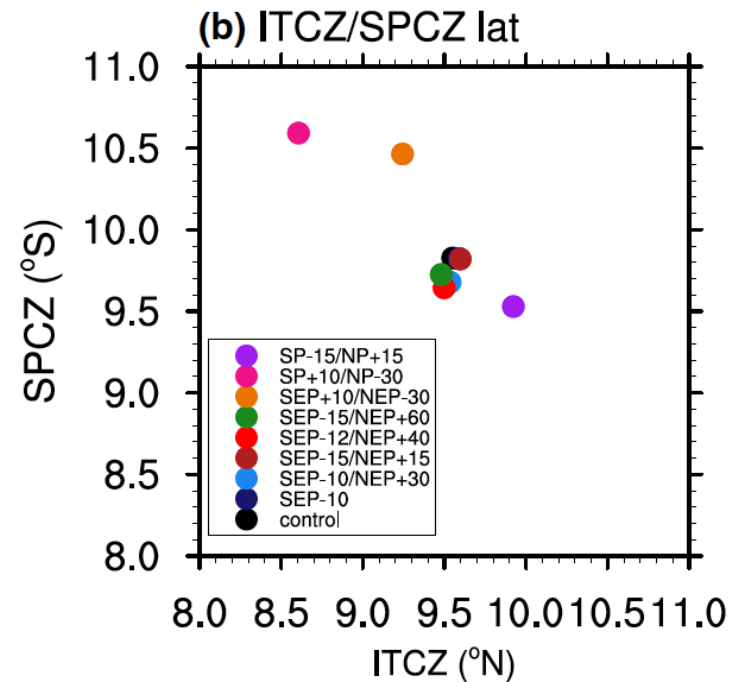
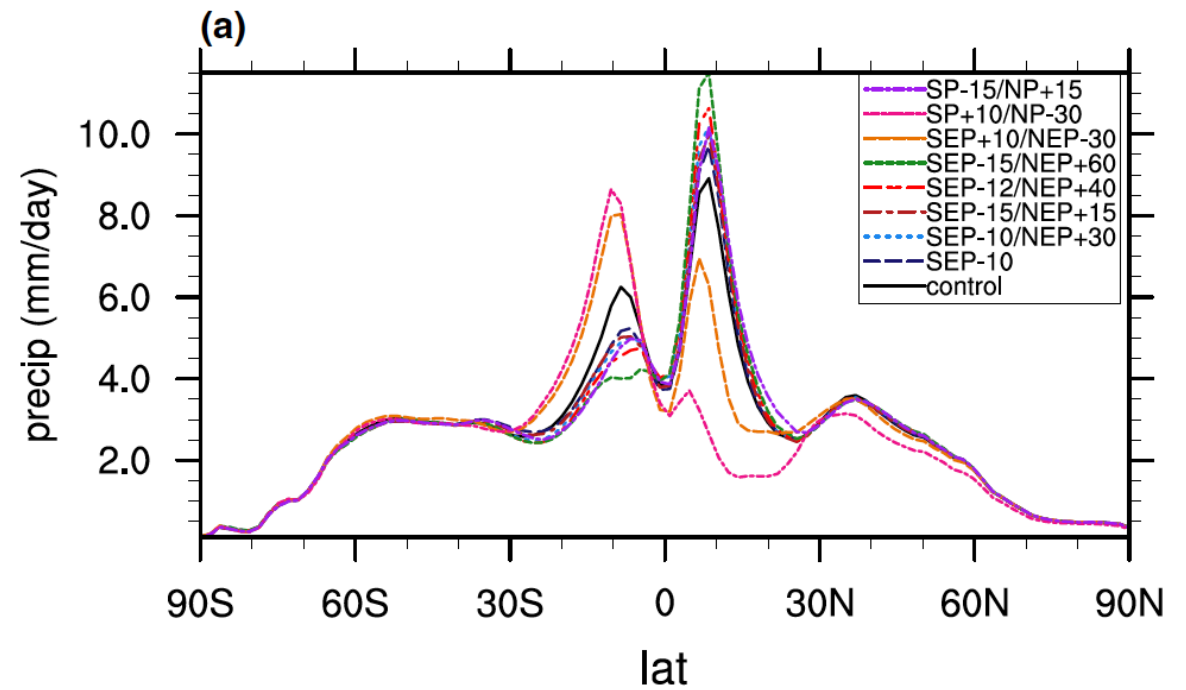


### Fully-coupled model:

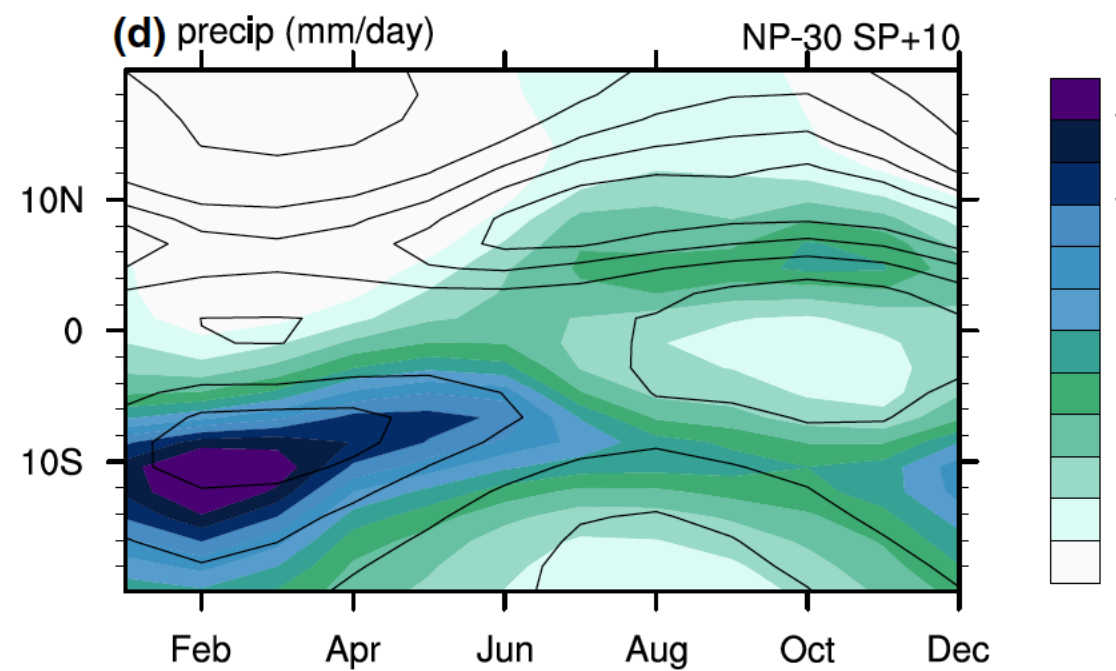
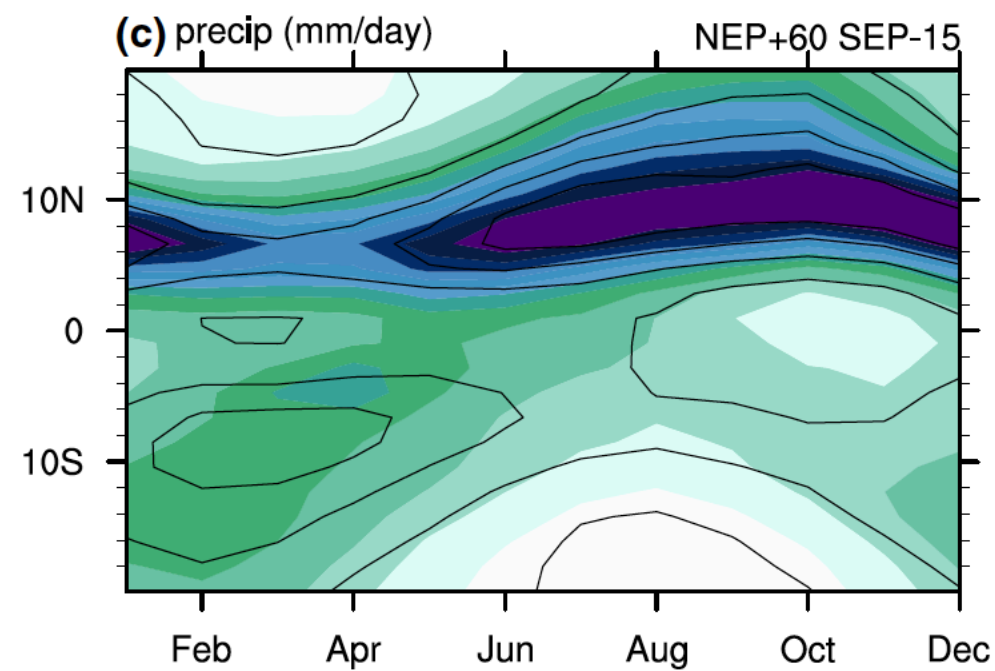
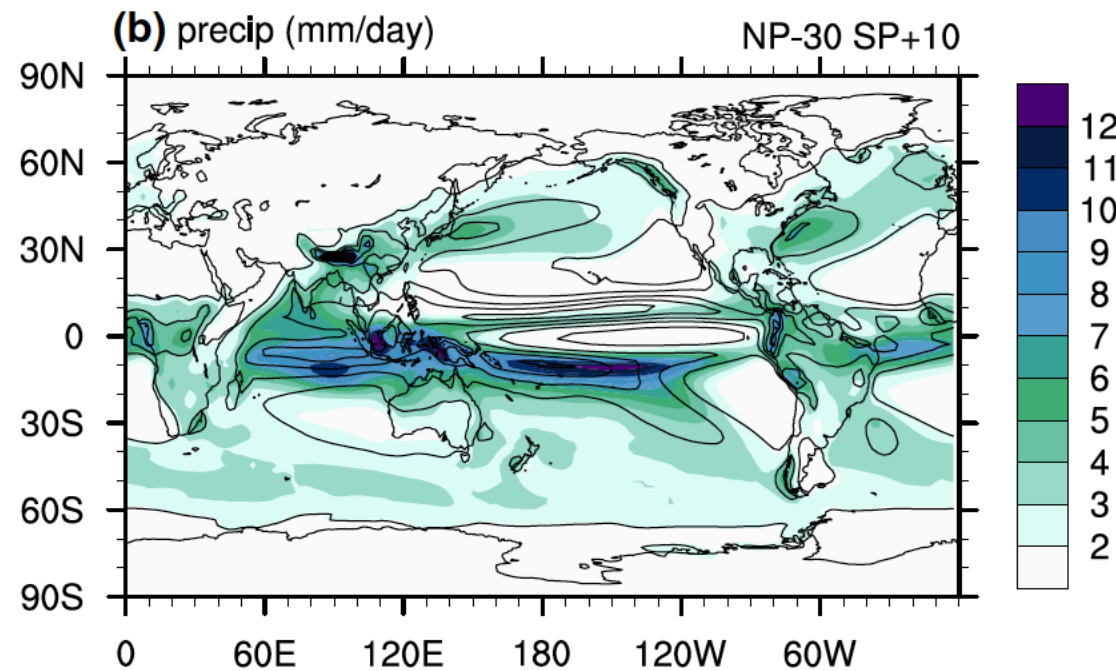
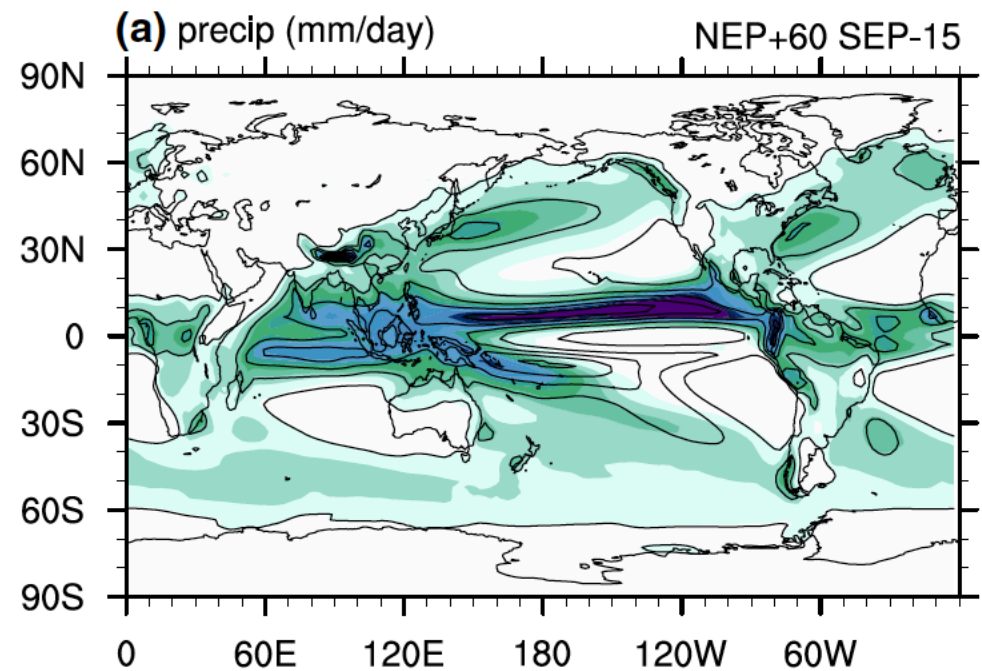
Tropical Pacific precipitation response

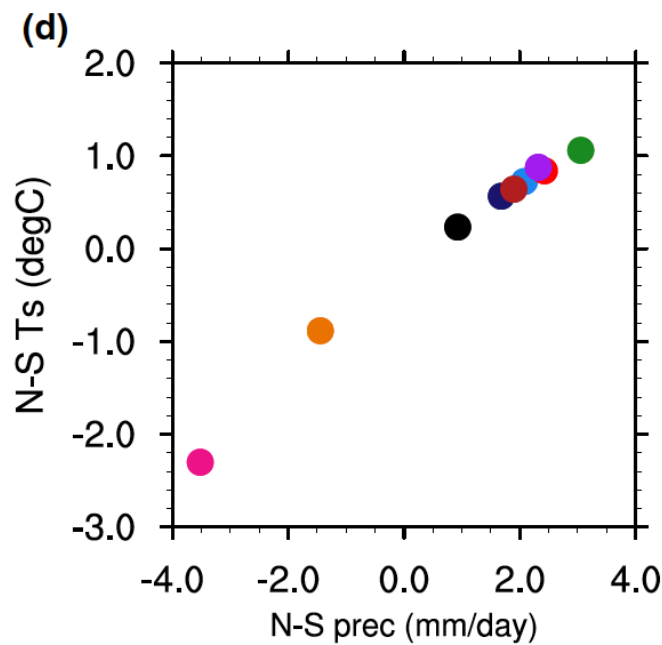
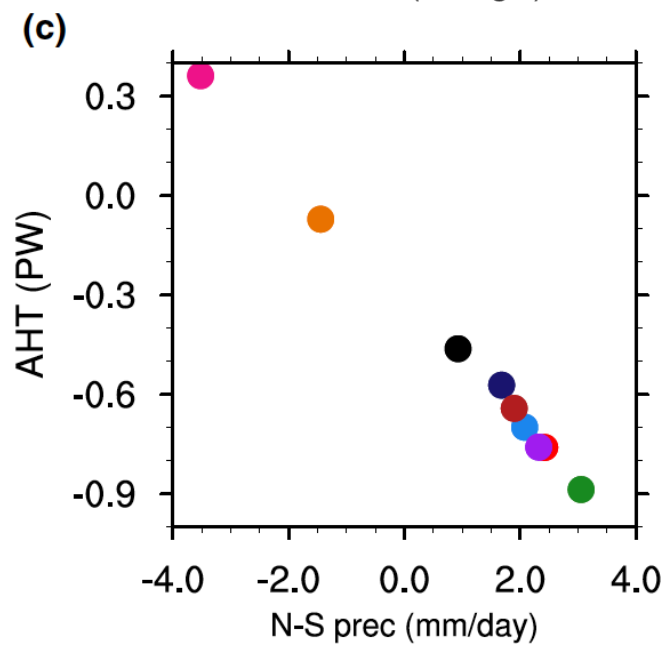
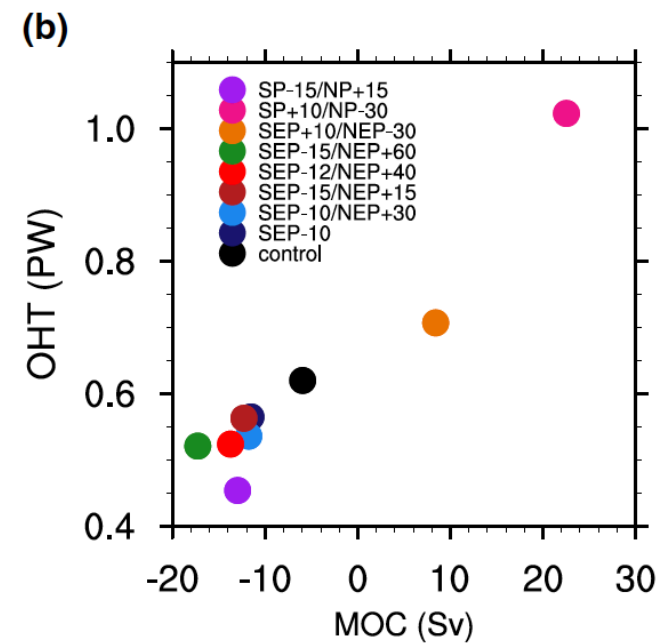
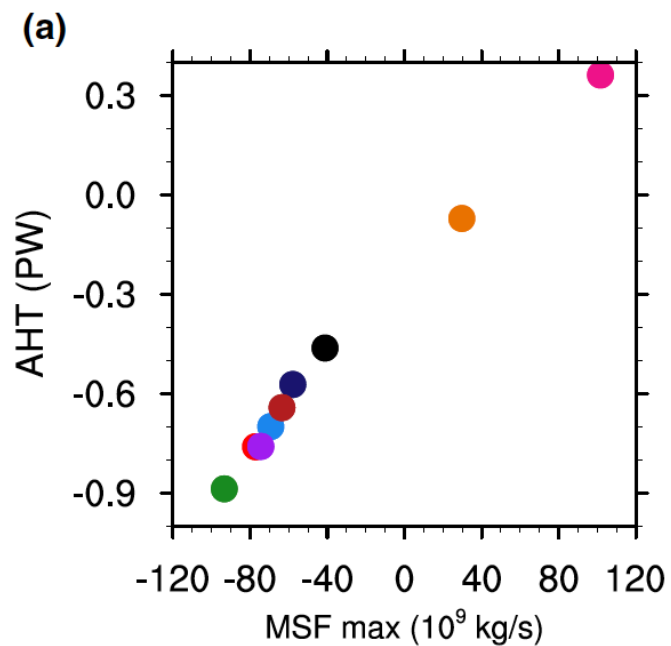
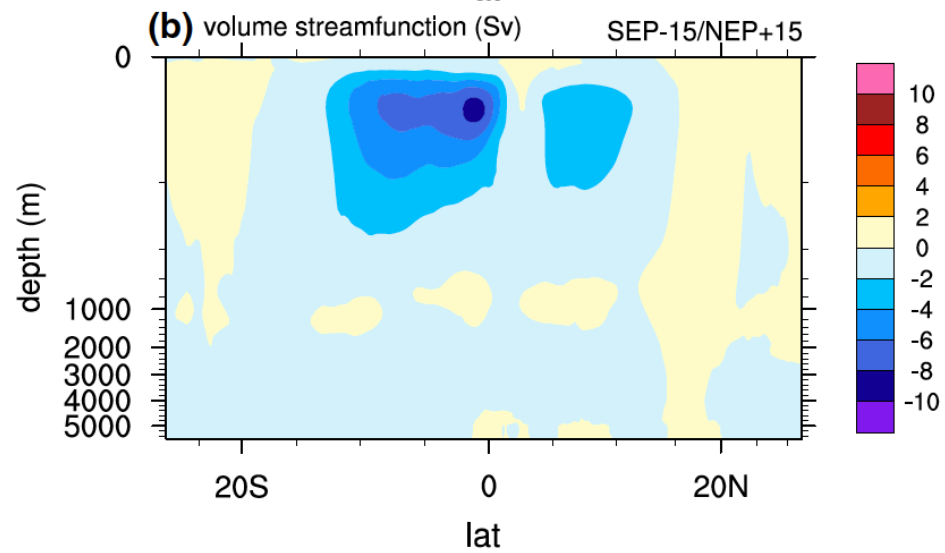
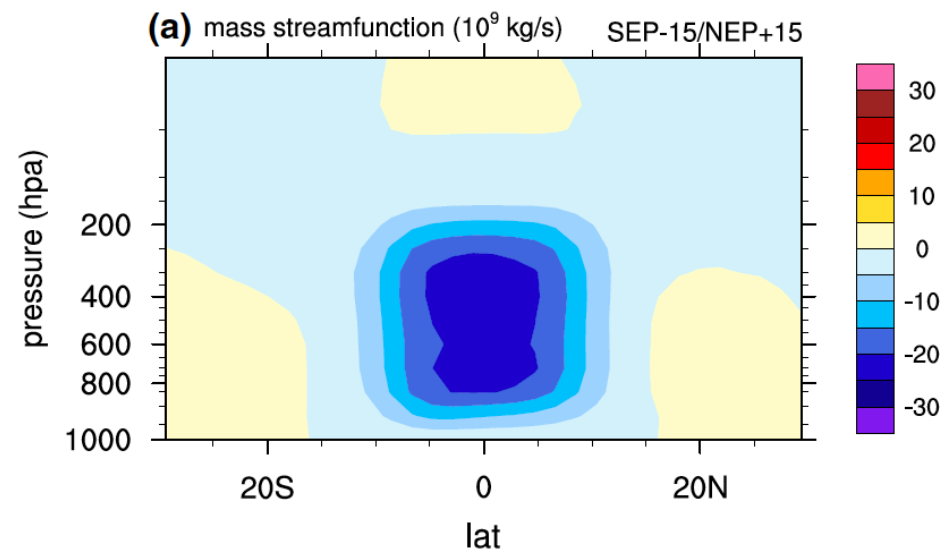
(a) Zonal mean precipitation vs latitude.

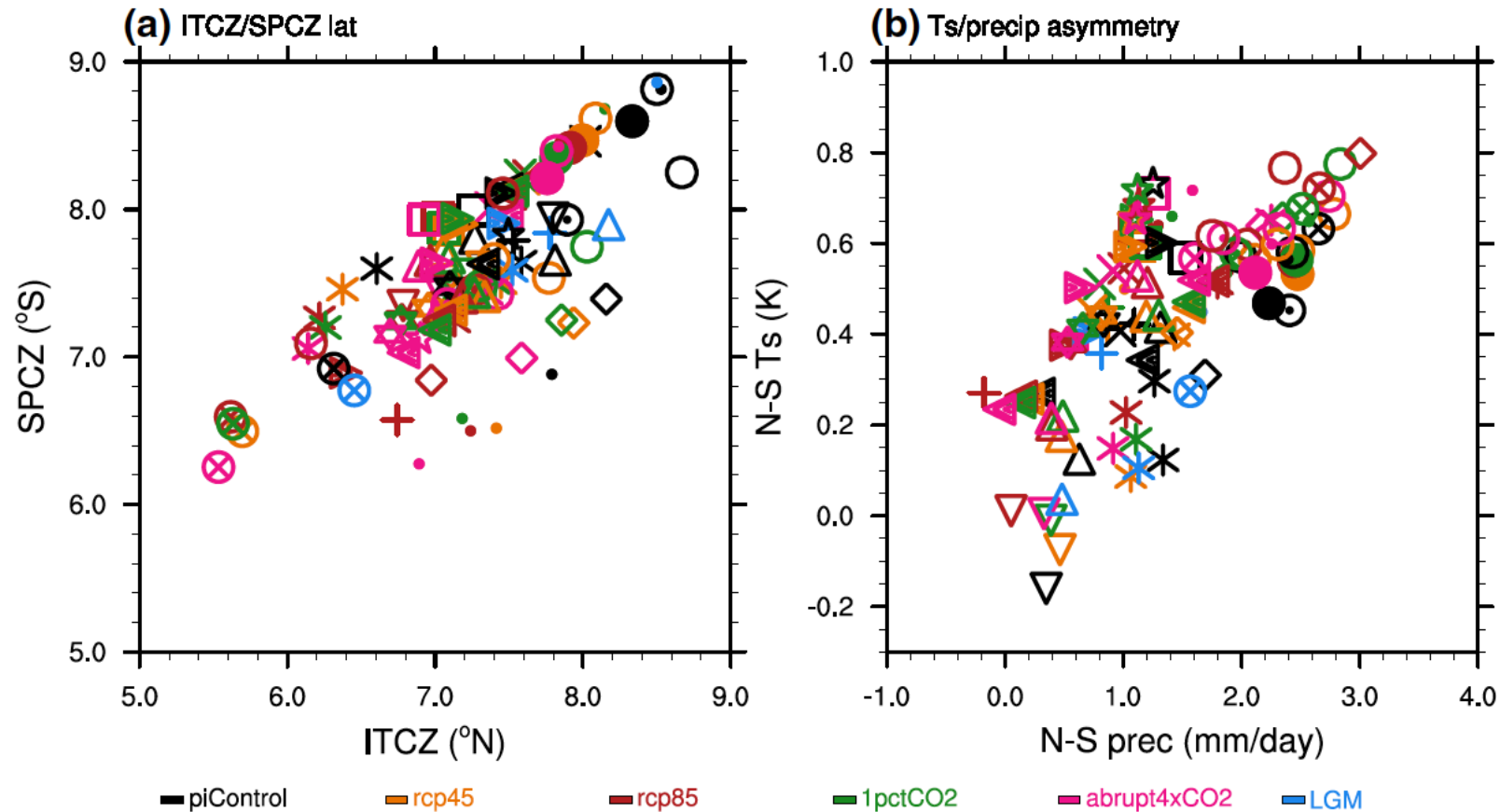
(b) Latitudinal position and (c) precipitation intensity of the ITCZ and SPCZ.







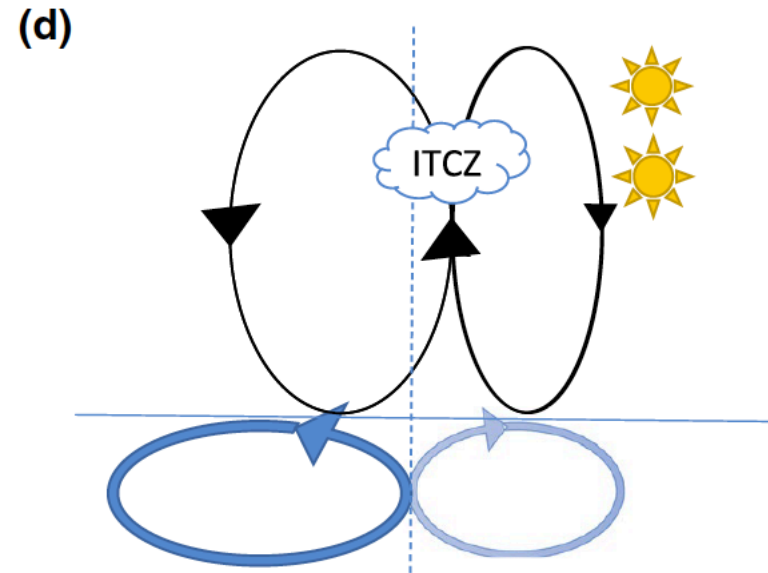
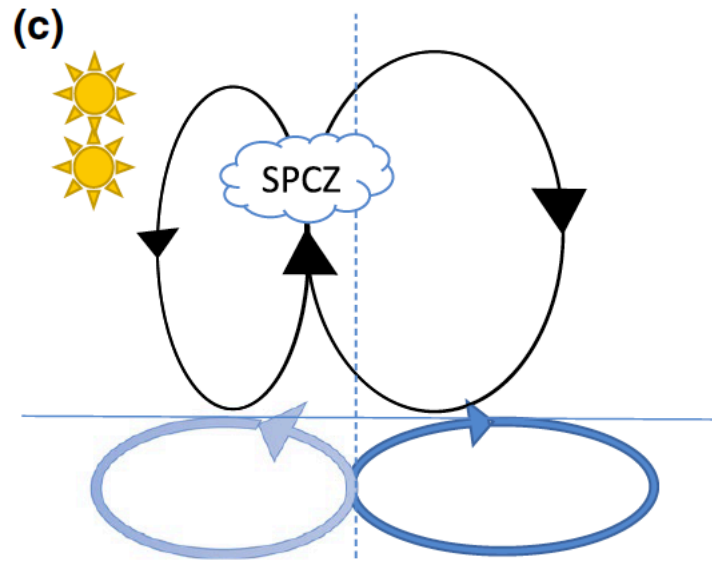
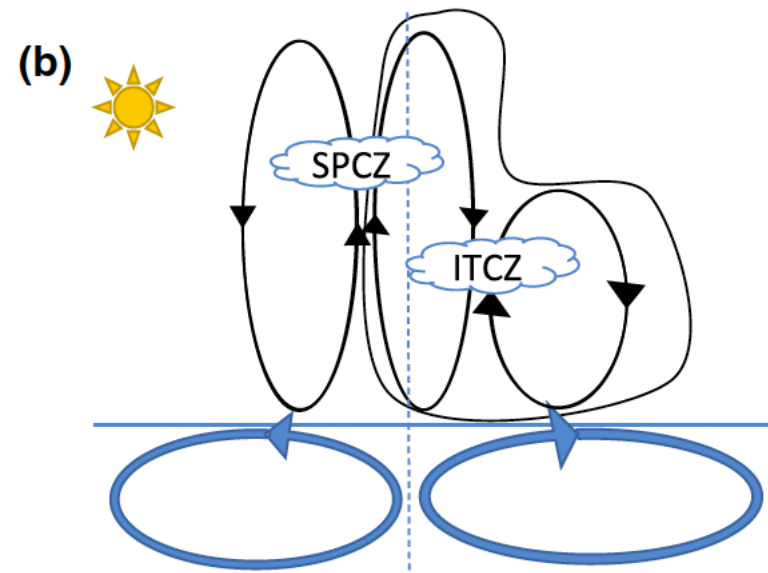
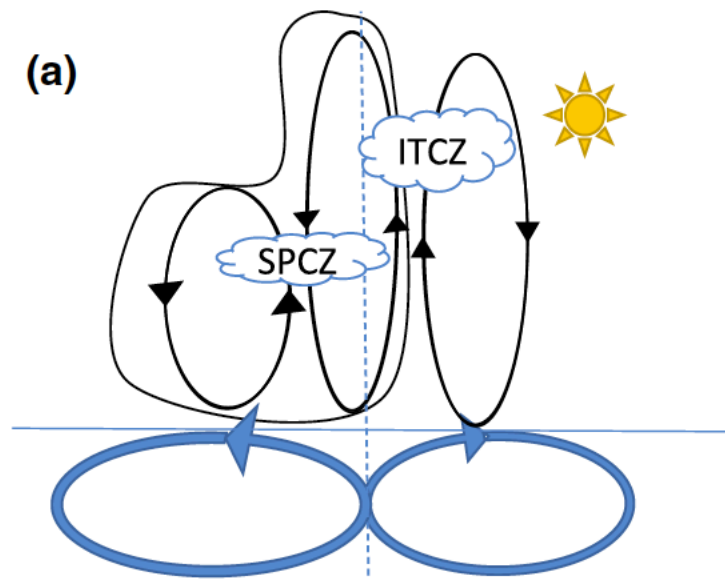




Changes in precipitation characteristics across different coupled GCMs and different climate simulations in the CMIP5 dataset: 21 GCMs.

Last Glacial Maximum (LGM), pre-industrial conditions (piControl), 1%/yr increase in  $\text{CO}_2$  (1pctCO<sub>2</sub>), abruptly quadrupled  $\text{CO}_2$  (abrupt4xCO<sub>2</sub>), RCP4.5 (rcp45) and RCP8.5 (rcp85) scenarios





A schematic for the ITCZ-SPCZ seesaw response in the Pacific ocean-atmosphere system summarizing coupled experiments of this study.

# Thanks for your attention!

Zhao, Bowen, and Alexey Fedorov. "The seesaw response of the intertropical and South Pacific convergence zones to hemispherically asymmetric thermal forcing." *Climate Dynamics* 54.3-4 (2020): 1639-1653.