

# UAV-derived Estimates of Vertical and Horizontal Structure across Forest Density Gradients

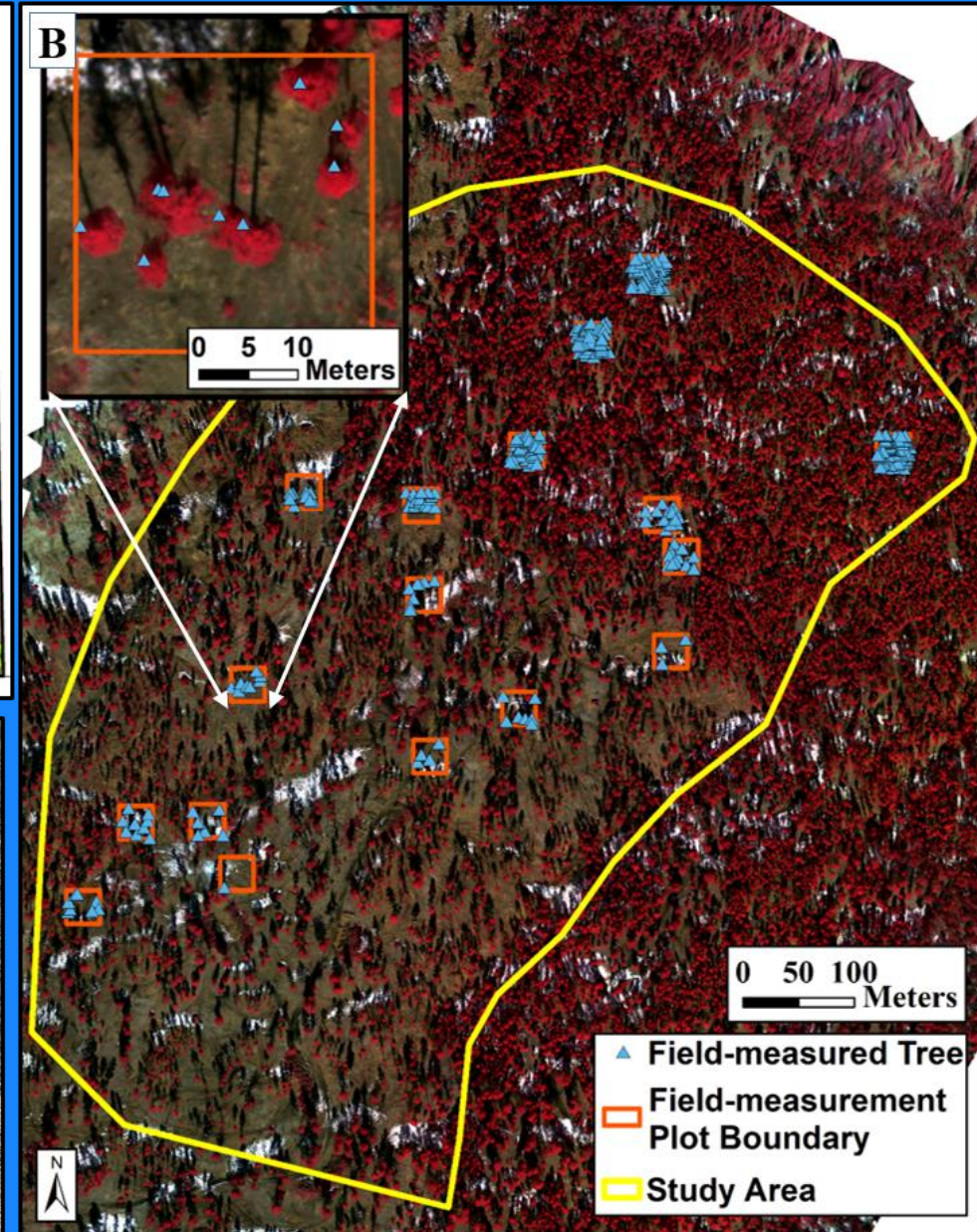
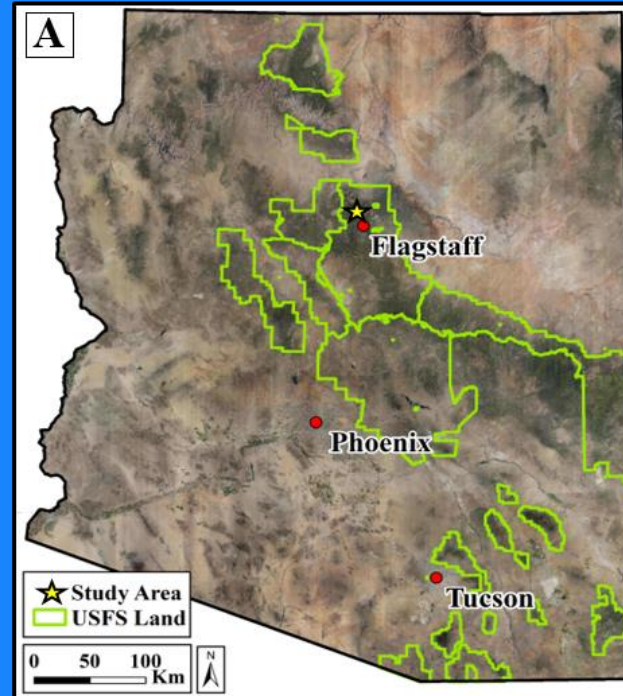
Temuulen Sankey\* and Adam Belmonte

\*Associate Professor, Northern Arizona University, Flagstaff, AZ, USA

[Temuulen.Sankey@nau.edu](mailto:Temuulen.Sankey@nau.edu)

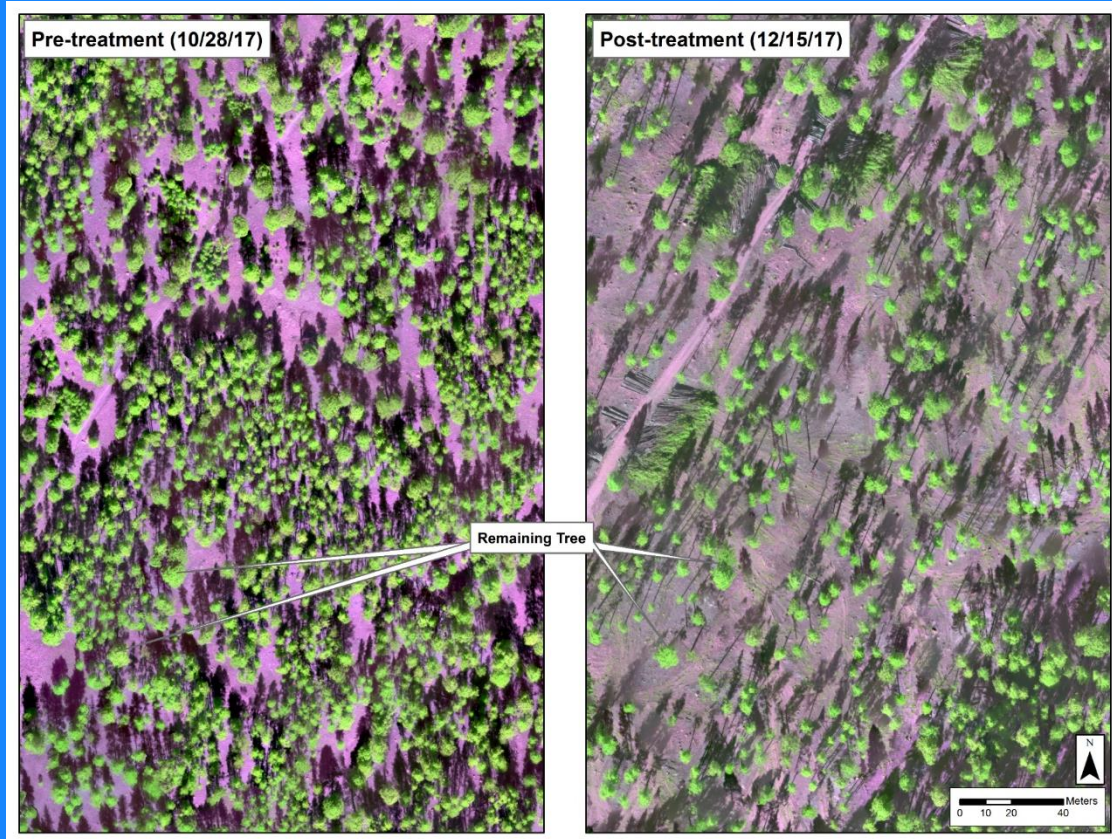
# Research Objective and Methods

- Perform fixed-wing UAV flights over 80 ha forests
- Generate thermal and multispectral images
- Generate Structure-from-Motion data
- Evaluate accuracies in estimates of forest canopy cover, density, temperature, and height

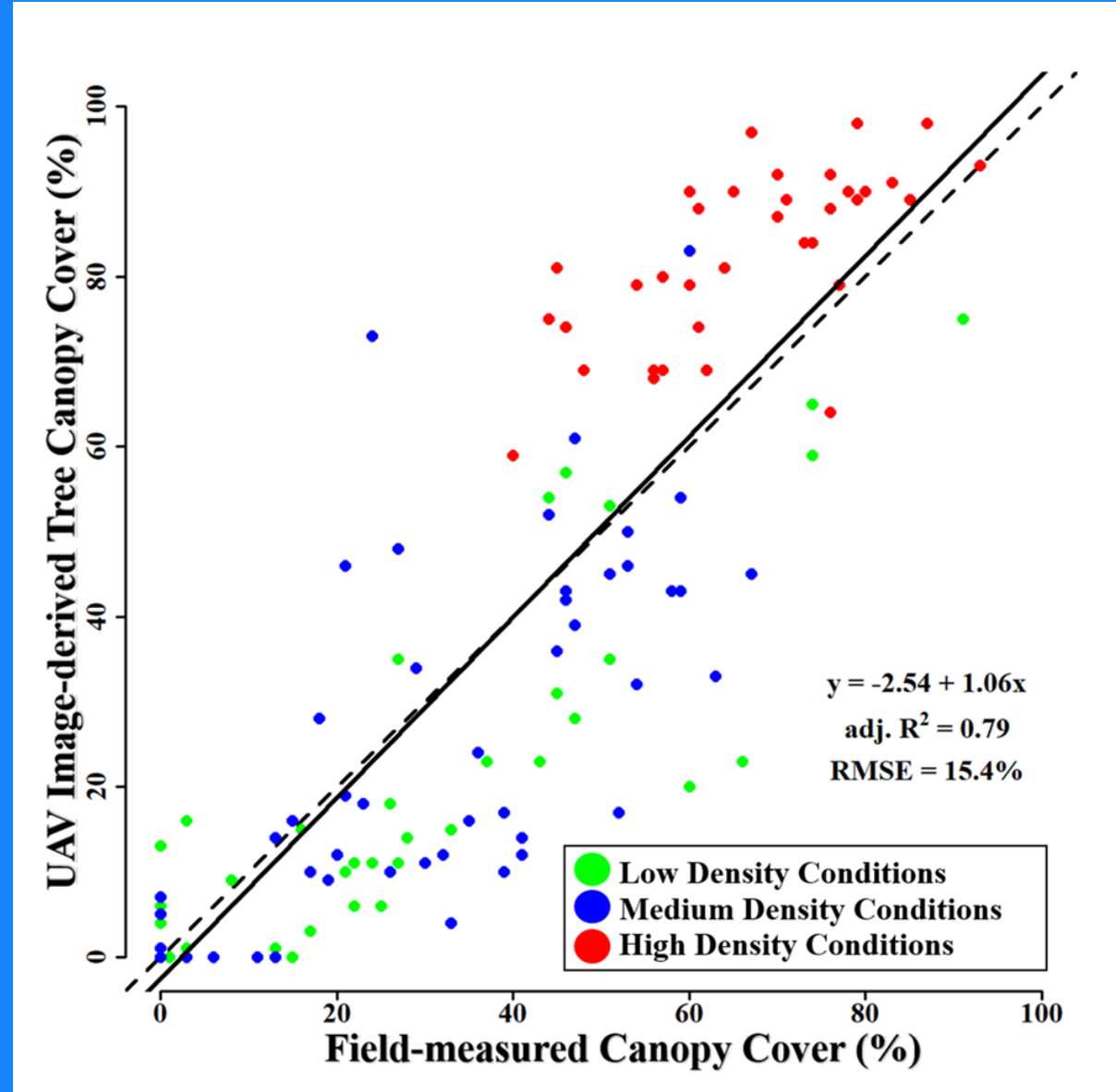




# Results: Canopy Cover Estimates

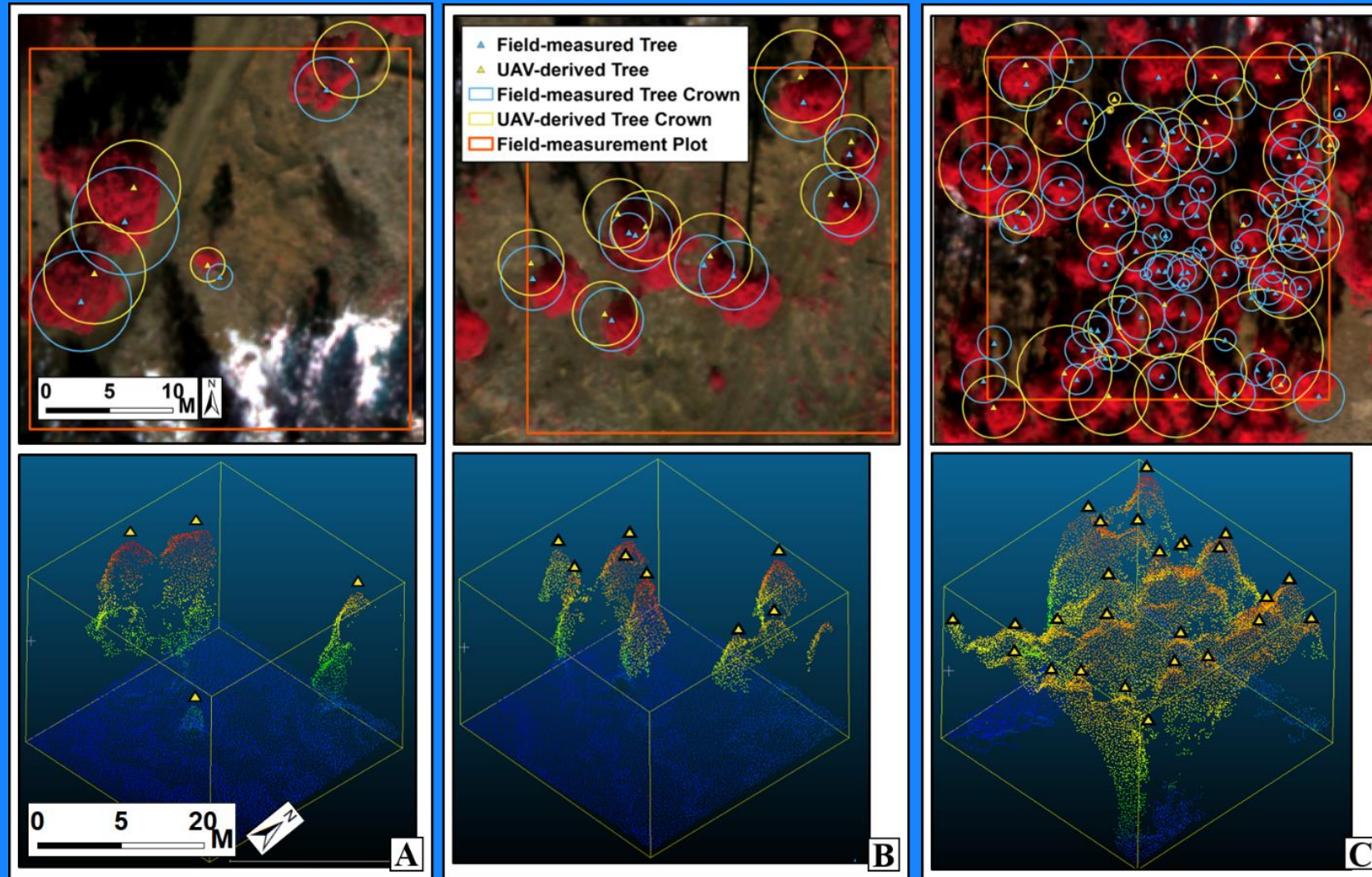


**Belmonte et al., 2019. Remote Sensing in Ecology and Conservation**  
(<https://doi.org/10.1002/rse2.137>)





# Results: Structure-from-Motion Data for Tree Height

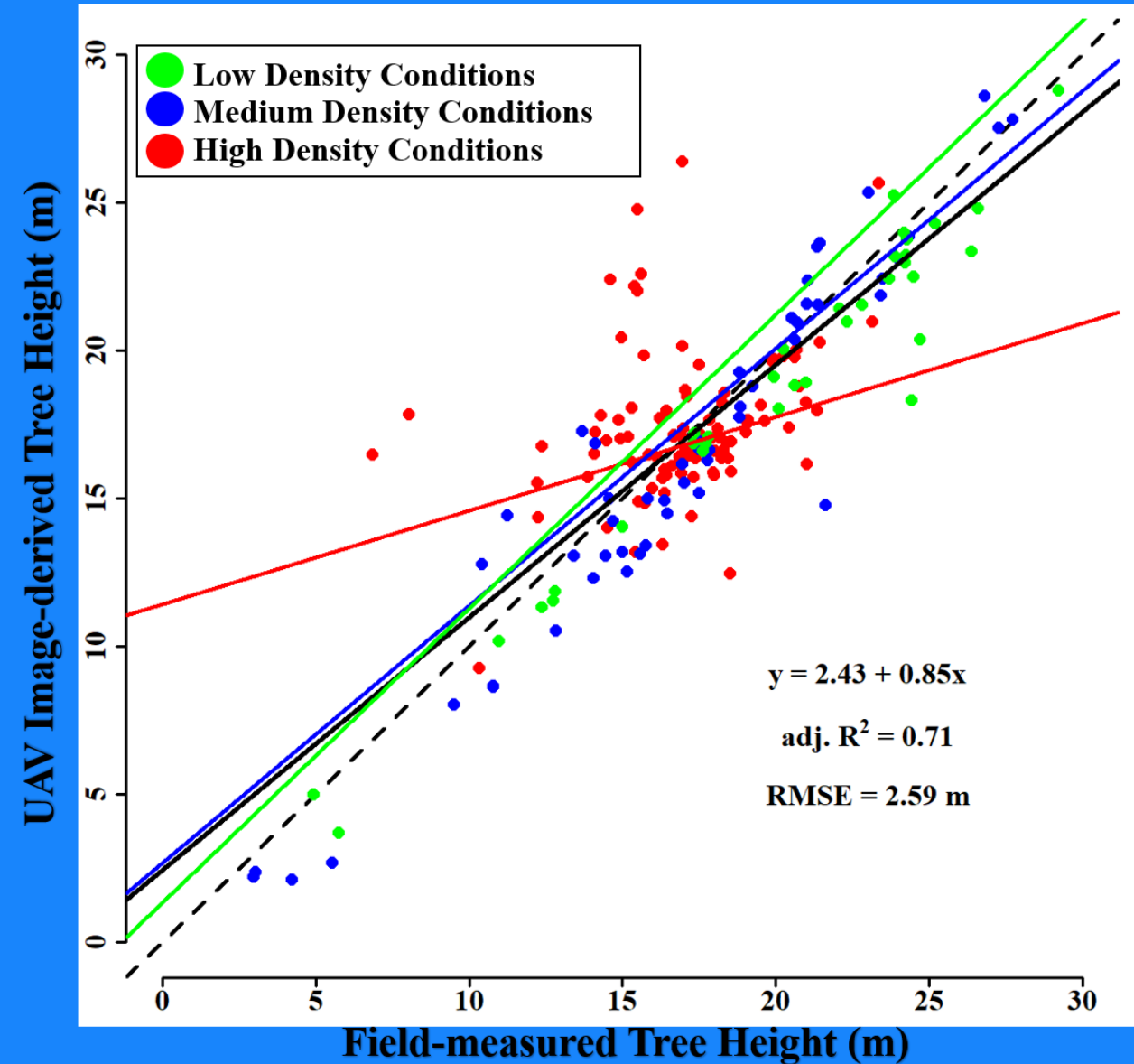


**Belmonte et al., 2019. Remote Sensing in Ecology and Conservation**  
(<https://doi.org/10.1002/rse2.137>)

# Results: Tree Height Estimates

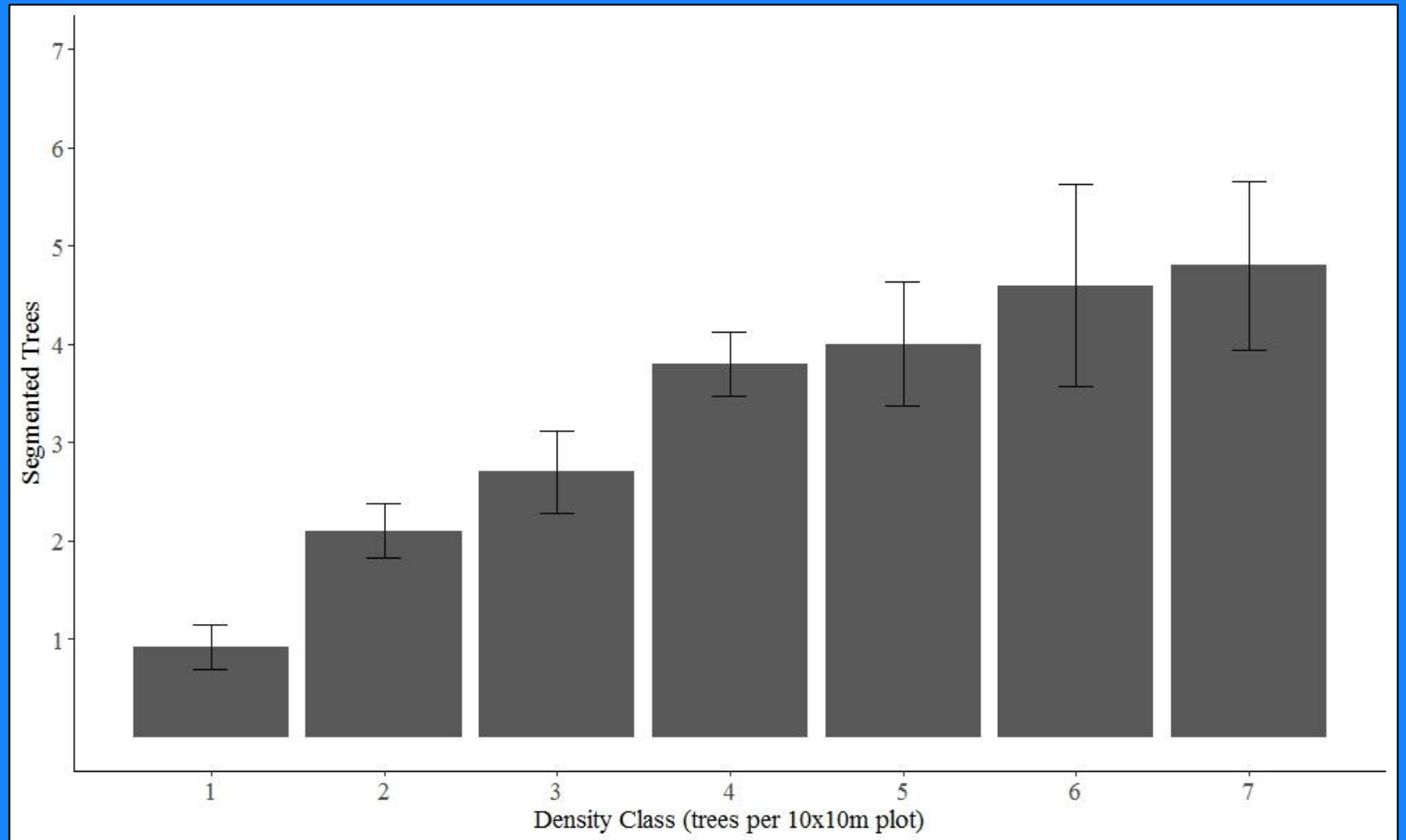
- Height estimate accuracies vary by forest density conditions
- Height estimates are much more accurate in low and medium density forests

**Belmonte et al., 2019. Remote Sensing in Ecology and Conservation**  
(<https://doi.org/10.1002/rse2.137>)



# Results: Tree Density Estimates

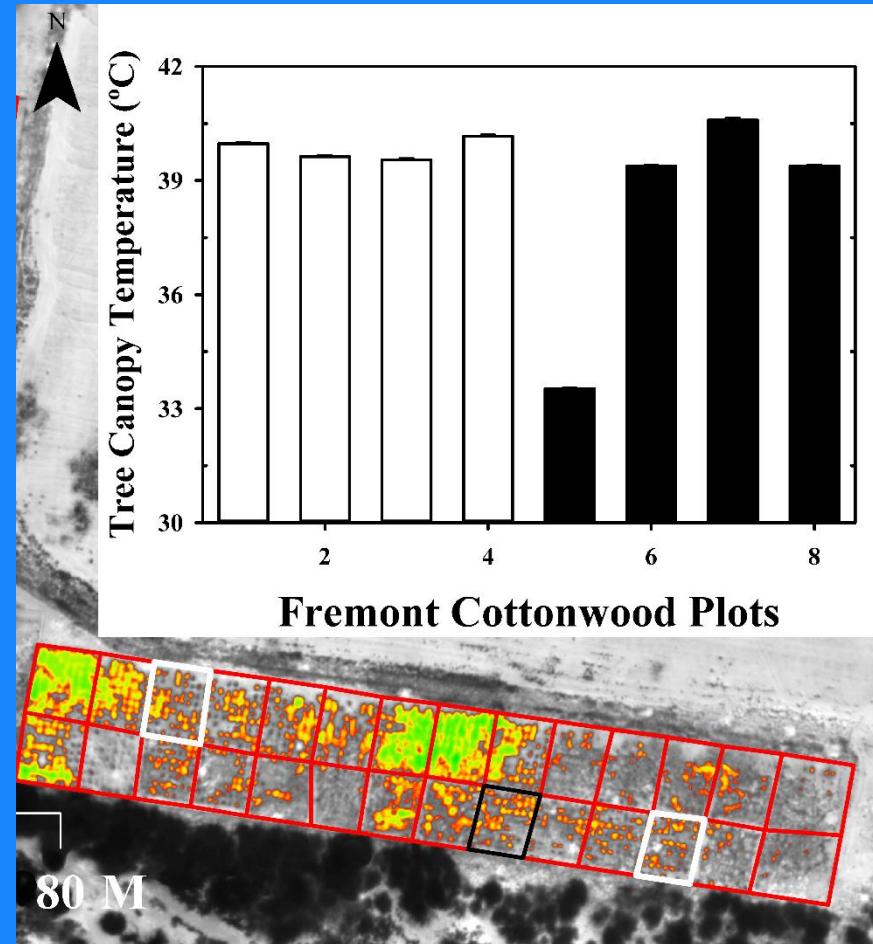
- Accuracies in tree density estimates also vary with forest density conditions



Shin et al., 2018. Remote Sensing  
(<https://doi.org/10.3390/rs10081266>)

# Results: Tree Canopy Temperature Estimates

- UAV thermal data can be used to estimate mean canopy temperature across a density gradient.
- UAV-derived mean canopy temperatures are significantly different among populations and genotypes.

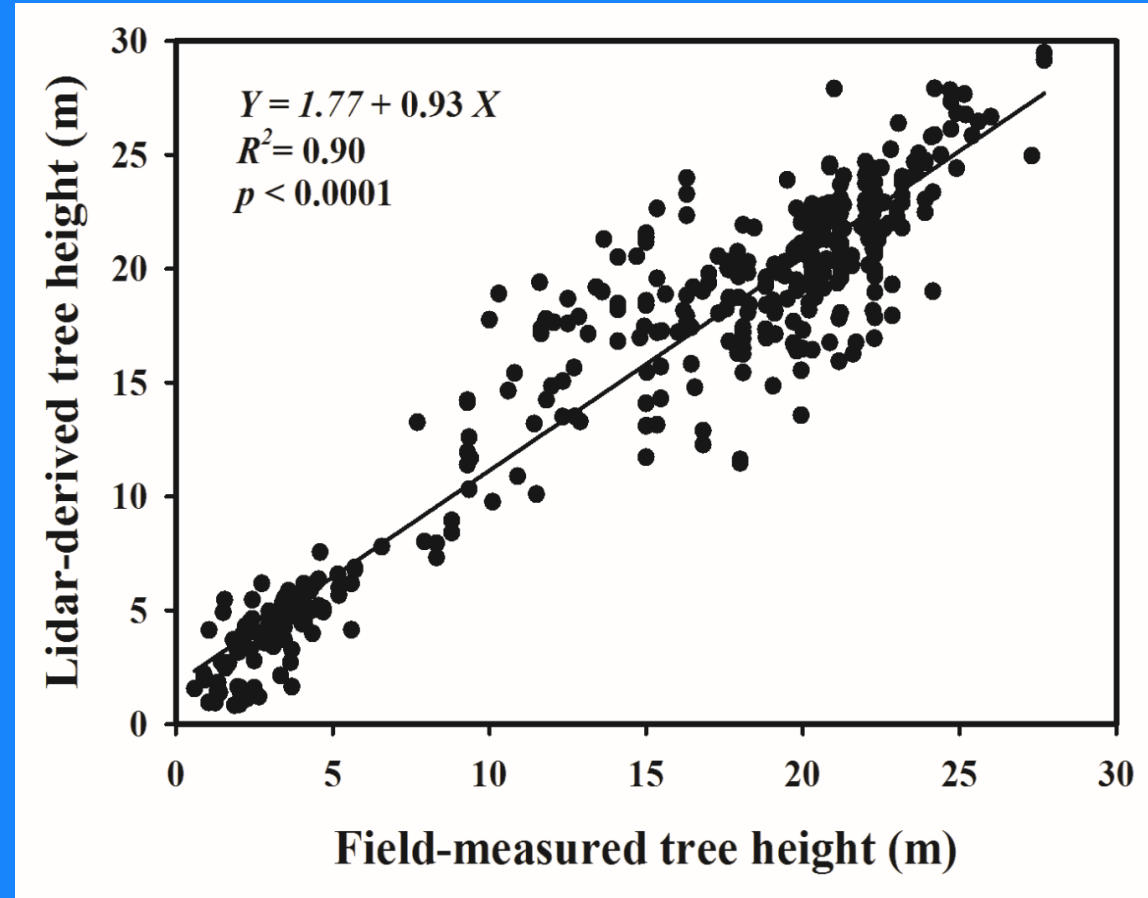
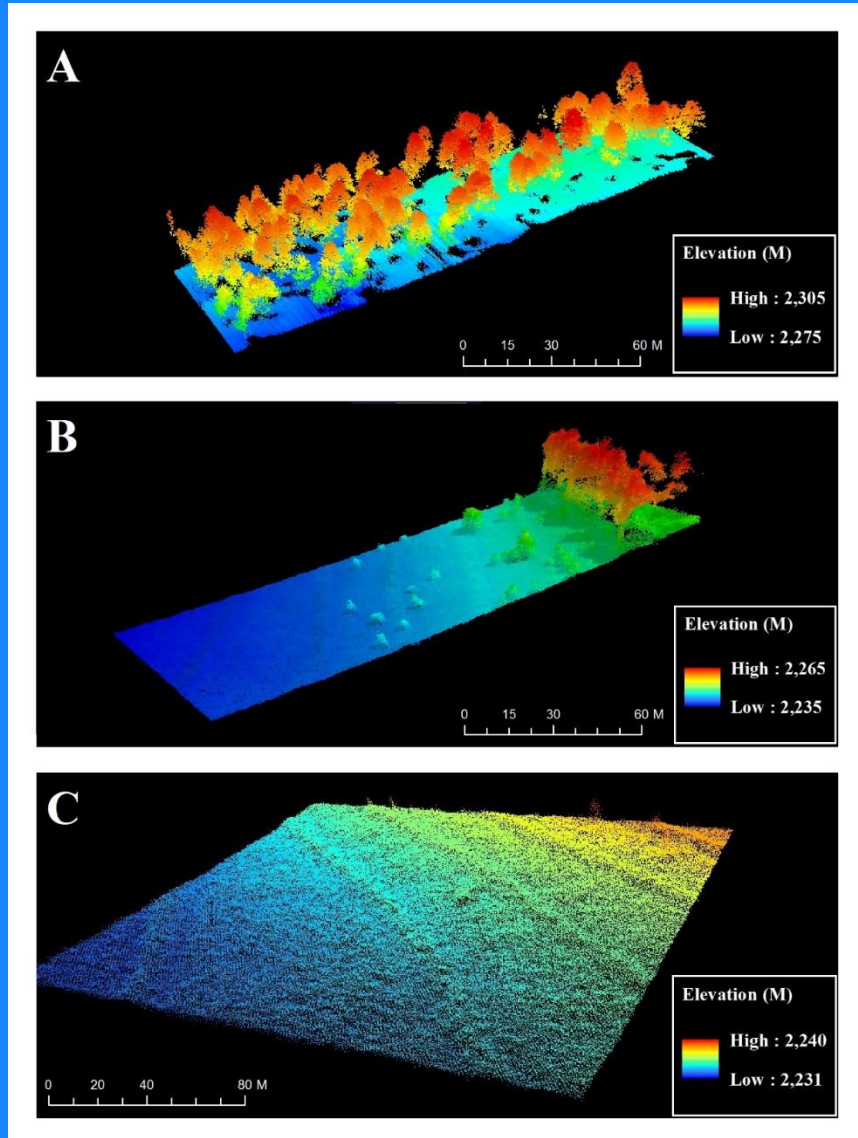


Sankey et al. (In Review) Remote Sensing in Ecology and Conservation



# Results are consistent with our previous UAV studies

- UAV lidar data accurately estimates individual tree height

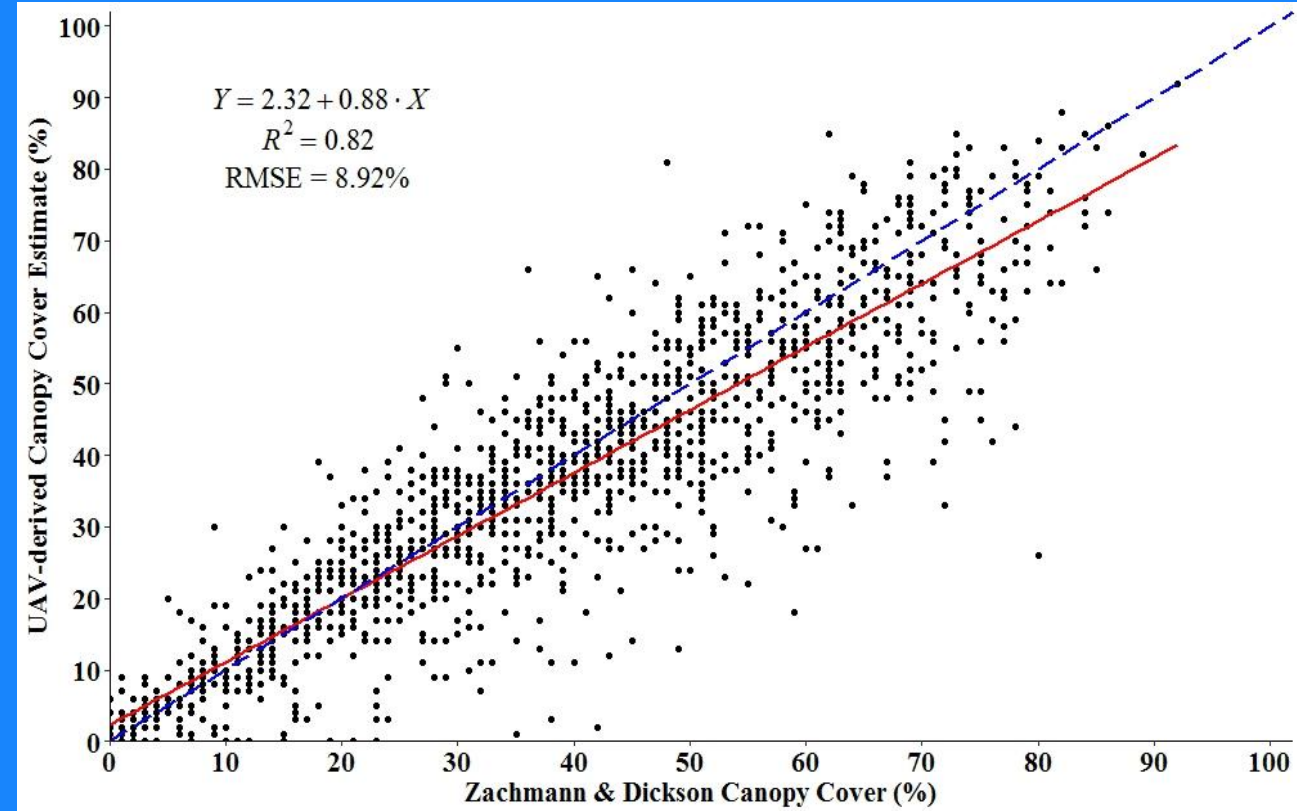
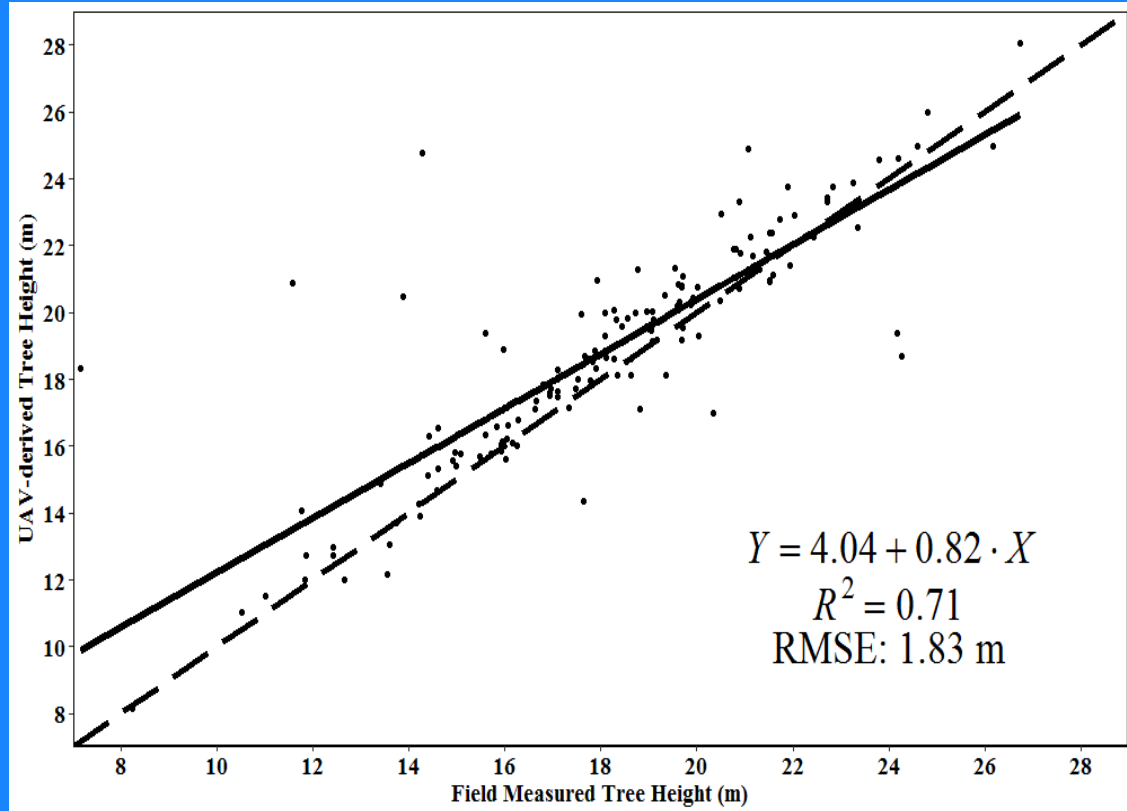


Sankey et al., 2017. Remote Sensing of Environment  
(<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.rse.2017.04.007>)



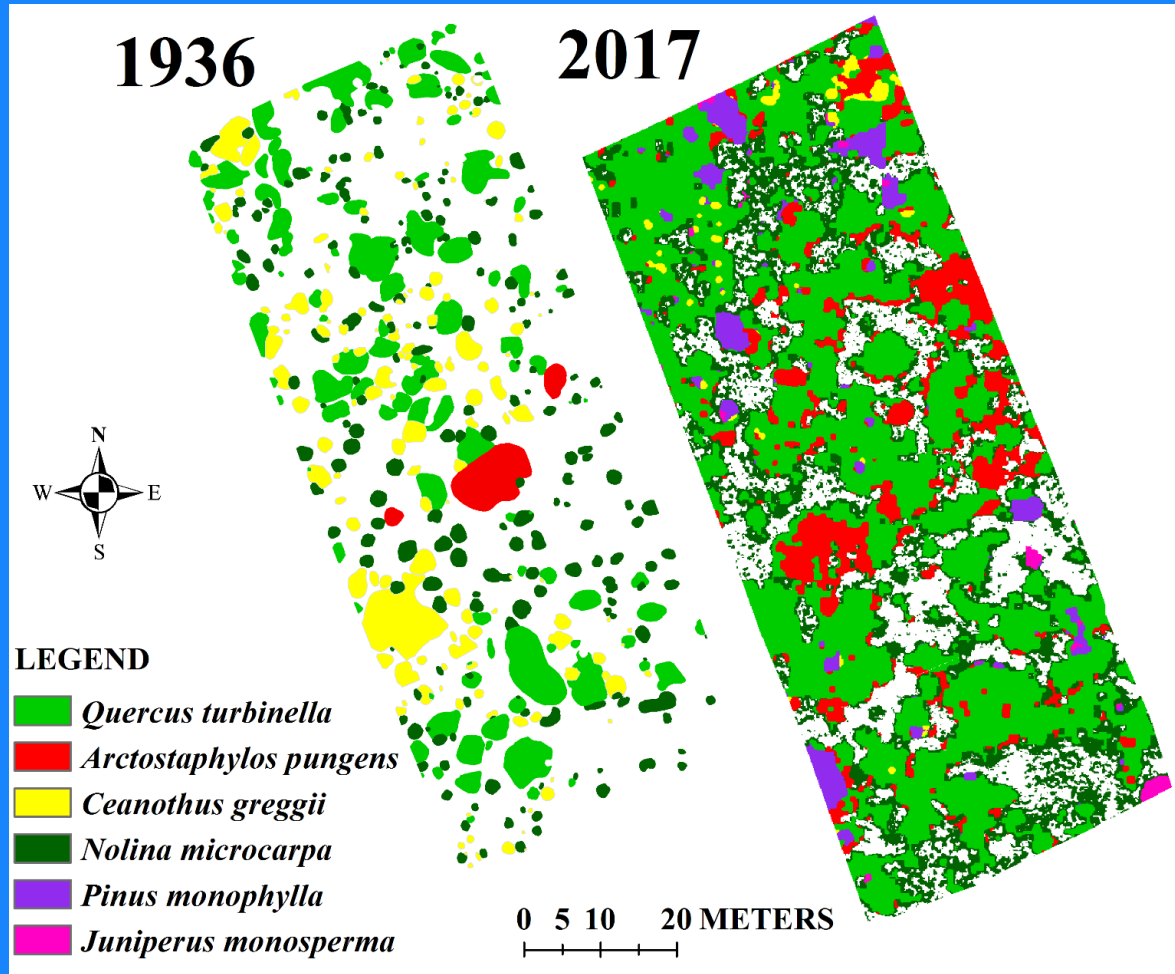
# Results are consistent with our previous UAV studies

- UAV Structure-from-Motion data can be used to accurately estimate individual tree height and forest canopy cover



Shin et al., 2018. Remote Sensing (<https://doi.org/10.3390/rs10081266>)

# Results are consistent with our previous UAV studies

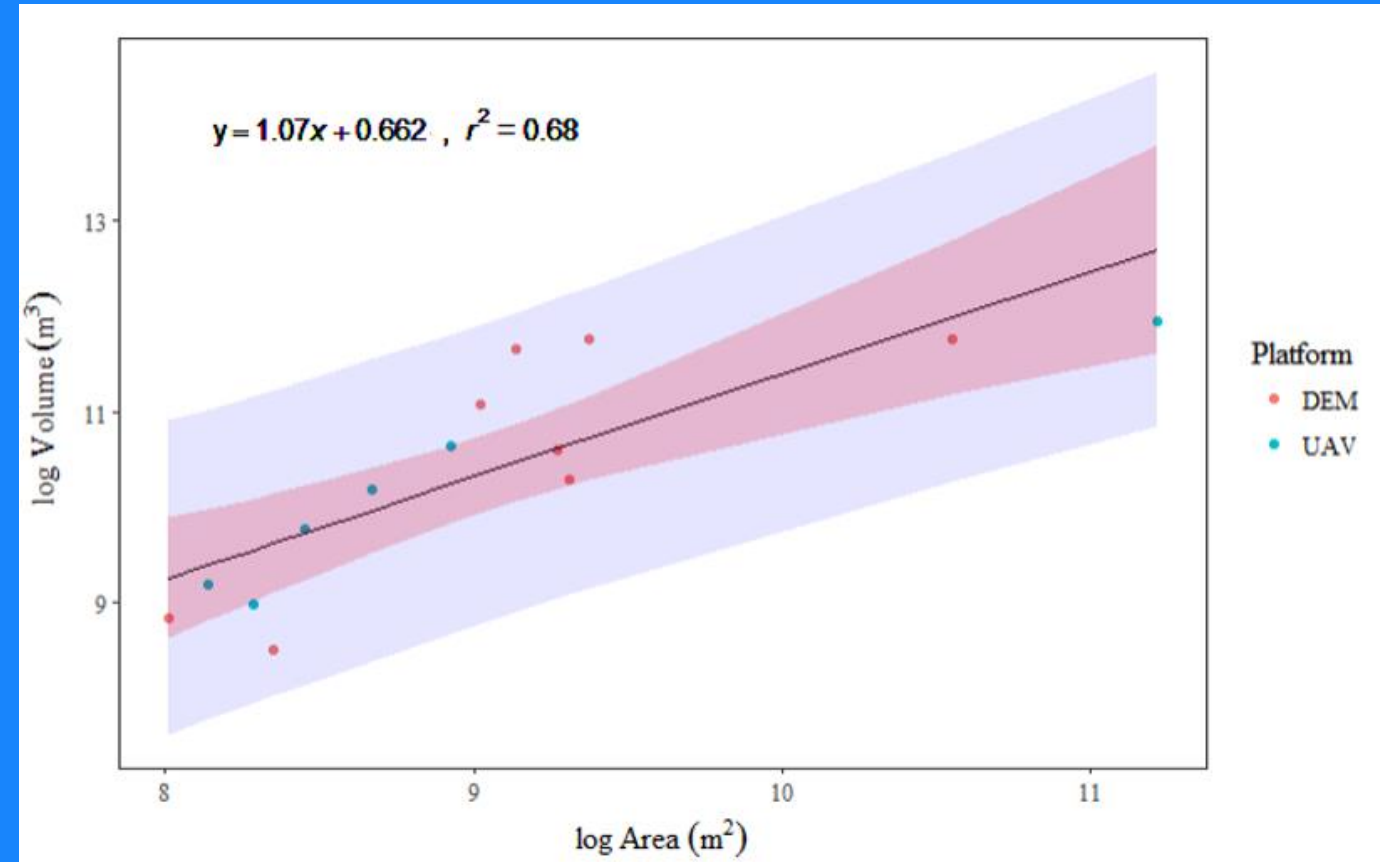
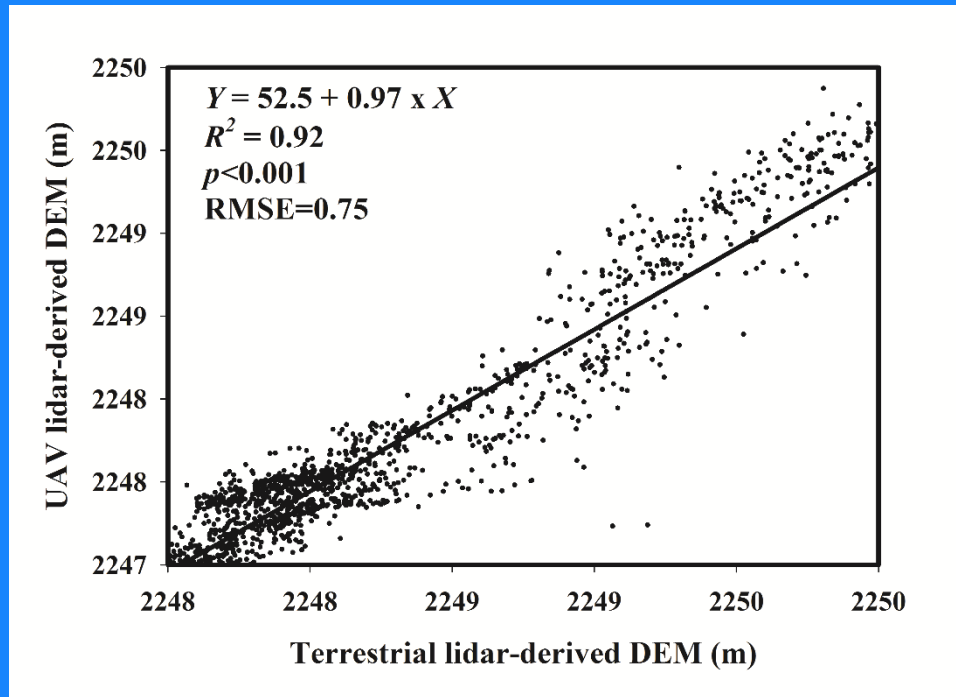


- UAV-derived height estimates also allow accurate classification of shrub species and change detection over many decades.

Sankey et al., 2019. Rangeland Ecology and Management  
(<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.rama.2019.04.002>)

# Results are consistent with our previous UAV studies

## UAV lidar and Structure-from-Motion data can generate accurate DEM



Sankey et al., 2017. Remote Sensing of Environment  
(<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.rse.2017.04.007>)

Solazzo et al., 2018. Geomorphology  
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