



# Utilisation of stochastic MT inversion results to constrain potential field inversion

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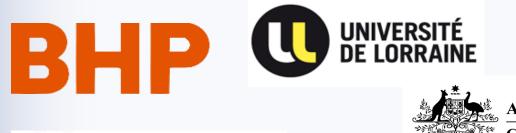
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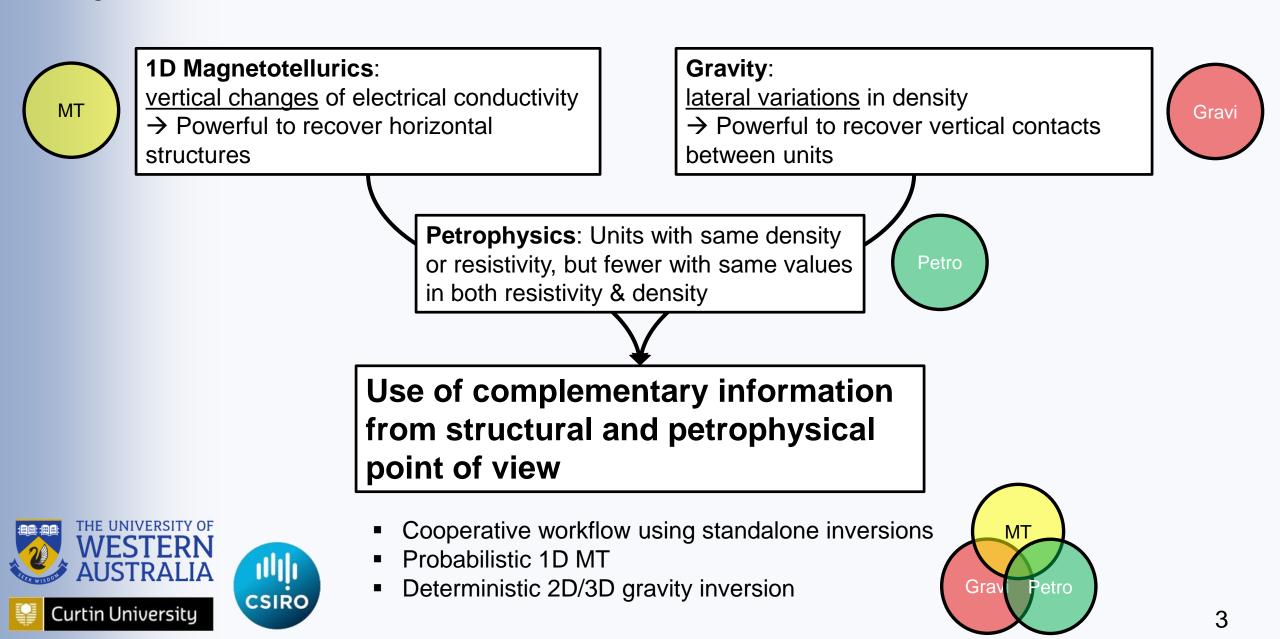
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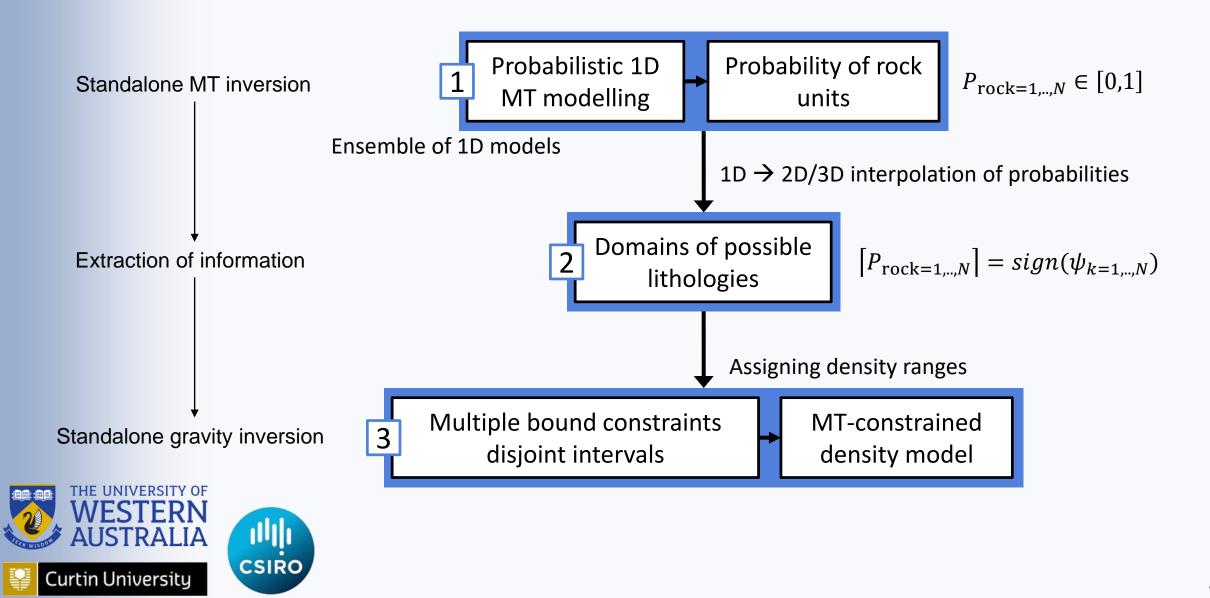
# **Objectives**





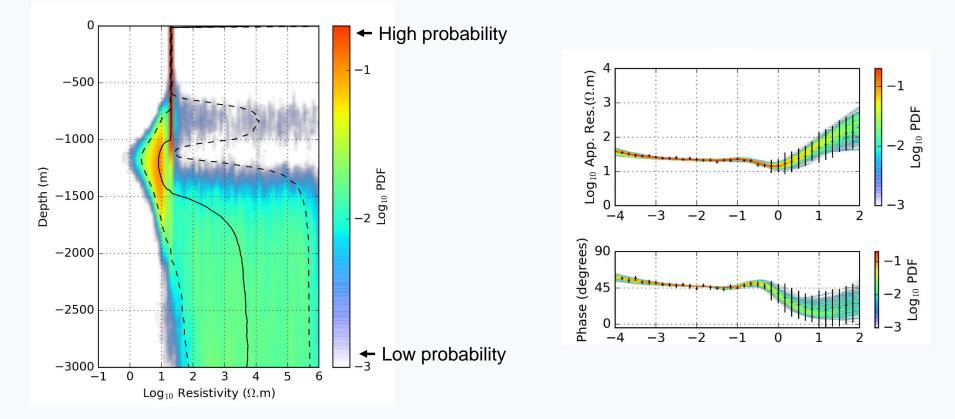
# Workflow





# 1D probabilistic MT Data inversion

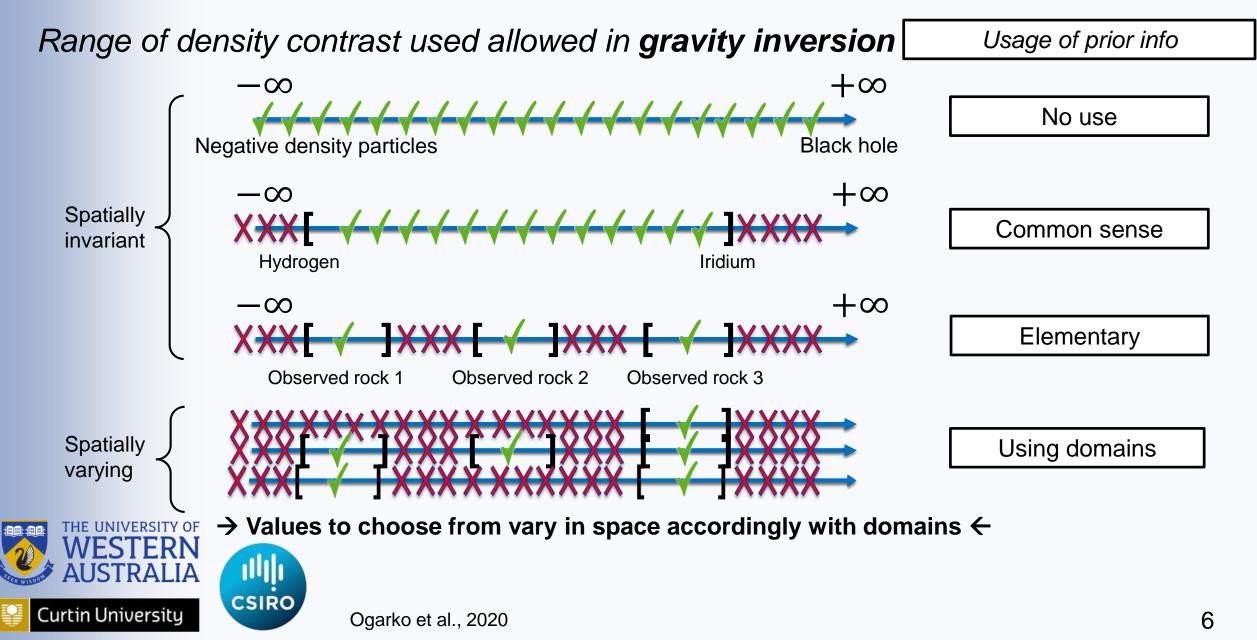
- 1D trans-dimensional Markov chain Monte Carlo sampler → collection of models fitting data
- Robust to non-1D effects present in the data (Seillé and Visser, 2020).





 $\rightarrow$  1D MT probabilistic inversions are represented as ensembles of 1D models for each site, each of them satisfying the data within its uncertainty.

# Multiple bound constraints using domains



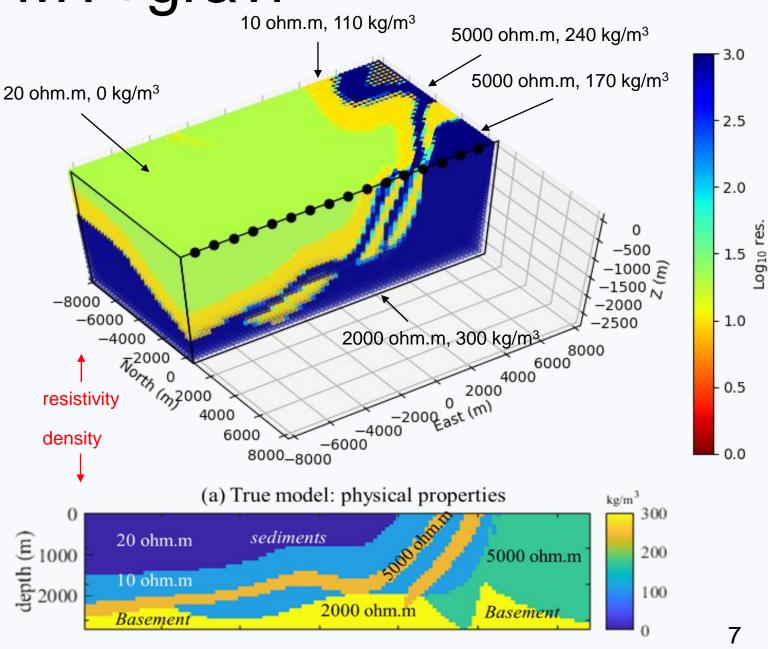
# Proof-of-concept MT+gravi

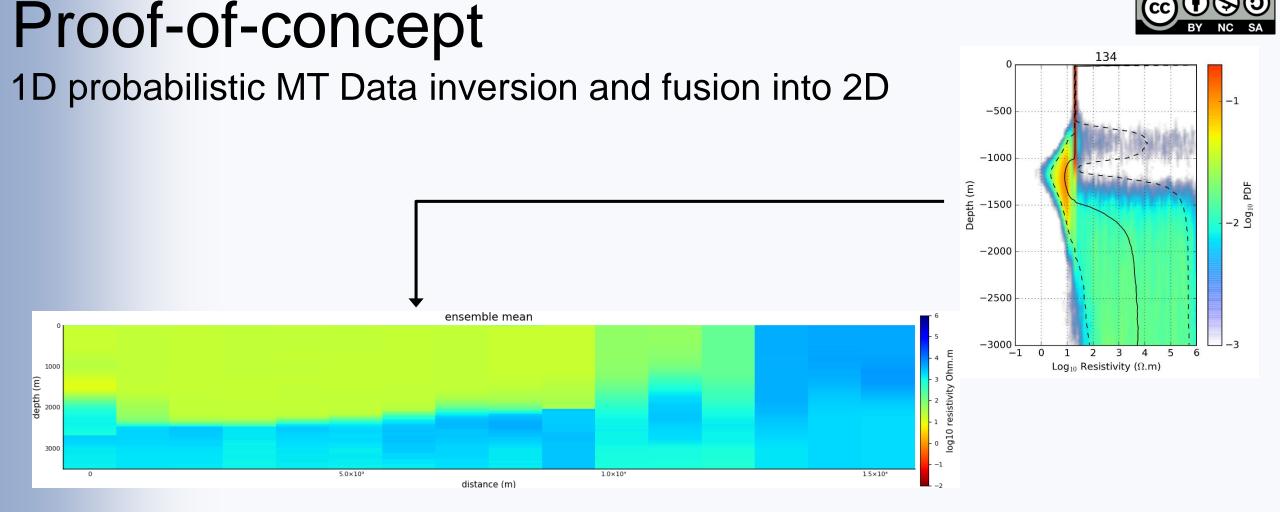
#### Synthetic model

- 3D MT forward simulation computed for 16 MT sites along a line (ModEM)
- Frequency range: 10kHz 0.01Hz
- + 5% Gaussian noise
- 128 gravity measurements along line

Geological structural model from Pakyuz-Charier 2018; Gravity and density model from Giraud et al. 2019

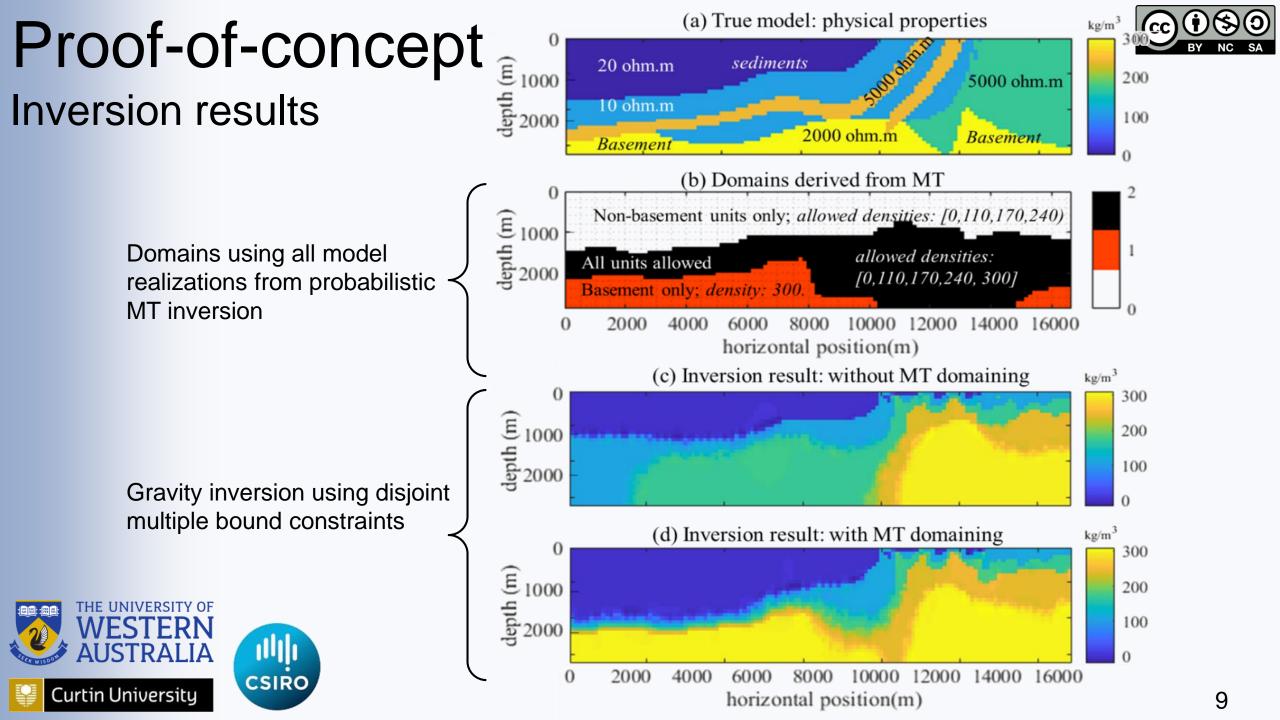






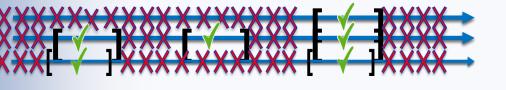
 1D ensembles of each MT site are filtered given prior assumption on the lithologies' resistivities and fused along the 2D line given prior assumption on spatial lateral continuity (Visser 2019)





# **Conclusion and discussion**

- Undercover imaging, basement
- Results from probabilistic MT inv
- Constraints for gravity  $\rightarrow$  basement
- Cooperative workflow using standalone inversions
- Probabilistic 1D MT
- Deterministic 2D/3D gravity inversion using MT domaining

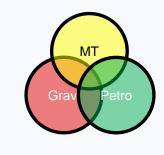


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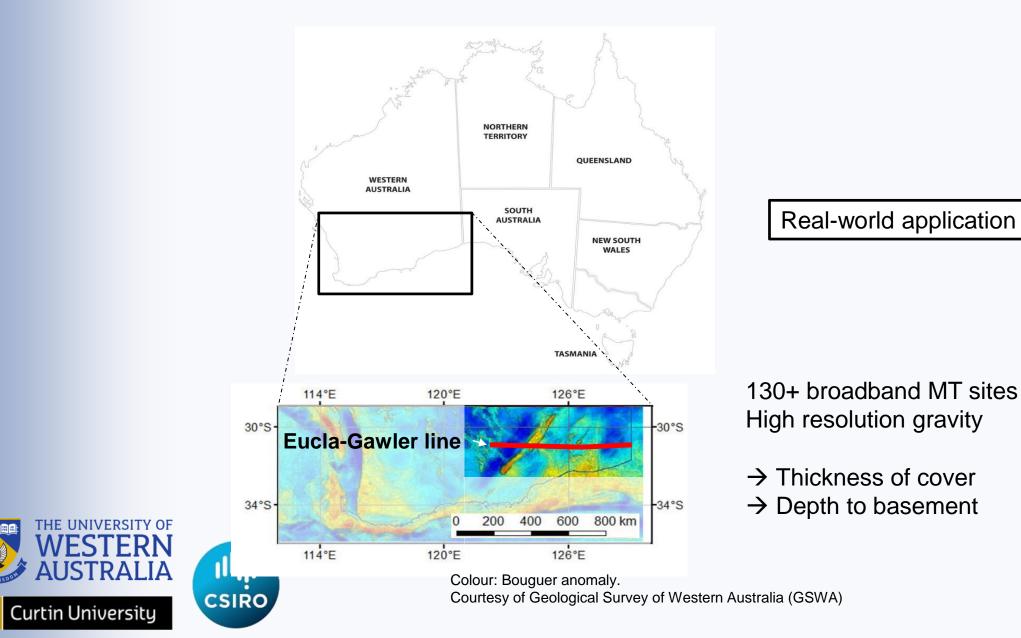








# Finish note: current investigation





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