

PLANMAP DATA & INTERFACES (LESSONS LEARNED TOWARDS FAIR)

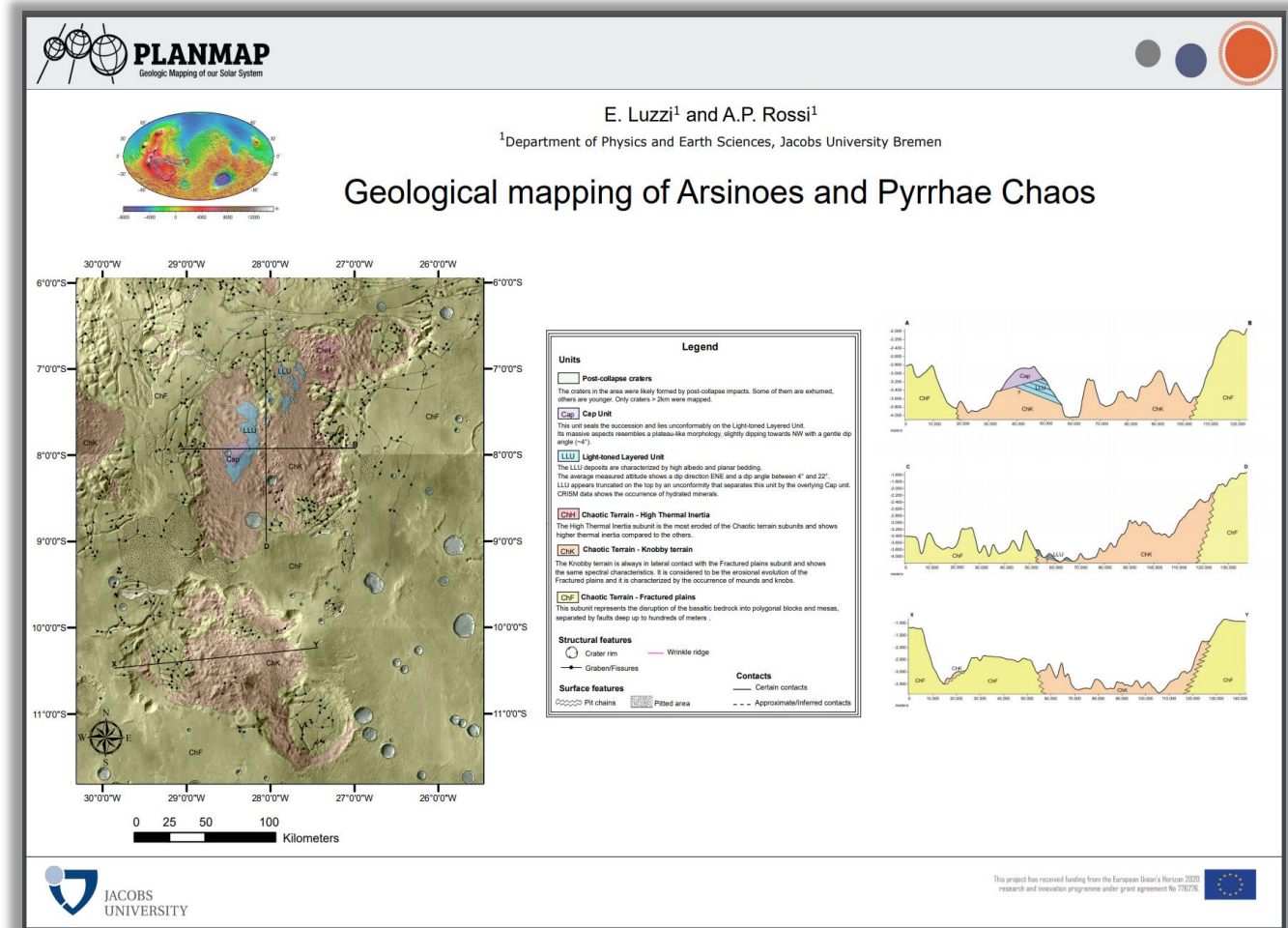
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PLANetary MAPping
compose into geological maps
data about composition and
structure of key planetary bodies:
Mars, Mercury, the Moon.

The *maps* being published are
provided in individual packages,
according to the covered region and
specific content:

Stratigraphic
Morphologic
Compositional
Geo-structural
Digital outcrop



Infrastructure

Geoserver – <https://geoserver.planmap.eu>

Wiki – <https://wiki.planmap.eu>

Webservers

Homepage – <https://www.planmap.eu>

Maps-app – <https://maps.planmap.eu>

Storymaps – <https://stories.planmap.eu>

Data archive – <https://data.planmap.eu>

- Nextcloud (internal use)

- Social networks

- Facebook: facebook.com/planmap.eu

- Twitter: twitter.com/planmap_eu

FAIR



Findable



Accessible



Interoperable



Reusable

- Basically, we want our data to be used as much as possible, efficiently as possible, to optimise its use.
- How do we give it visibility so that people actually find it?
 - What are the tools and channels to communicate to potential users?
- Which interface(s) to provide for its access, exploration and download
- And then on using it, decisions on metadata and file formats are as well important for its (better) use.

On access and use

- Graphical interactive map interface
- Standard services/file formats
 - [GeoPackage](#)
 - [GeoTiff](#)
 - [OGC WFS/WMS](#)
- Package naming convention
- Data archive structure
- Vector data/metadata convention

Package naming

- Each data package is named uniquely considering type of data provided, planetary body, region covered and a free-form substring to further specify the content:

PM_<body>_<type>_<toponym>_<note> :

- <body> is a three-letters string representing the body of interest: **MOO MER MAR**;
- <type> represents the data content type: **S M C D G I**;
 - More than one type can be provided per package
- <toponym> stands for the name of the region covered, e.g, **Hokusai** or **H05**
- <note> – *optional* – for a further refinement of the package name when two or more packages would otherwise conflict name:
 - PM-MER-MS-H05_3cc_01
 - PM-MER-MS-H05_5cc_01

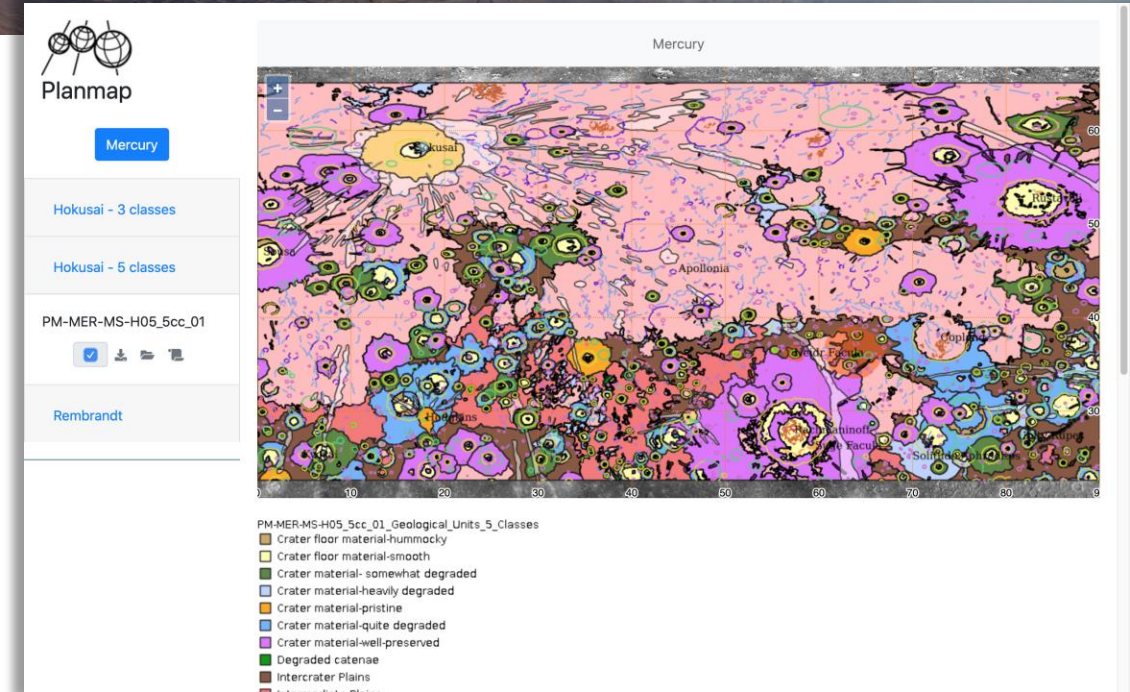
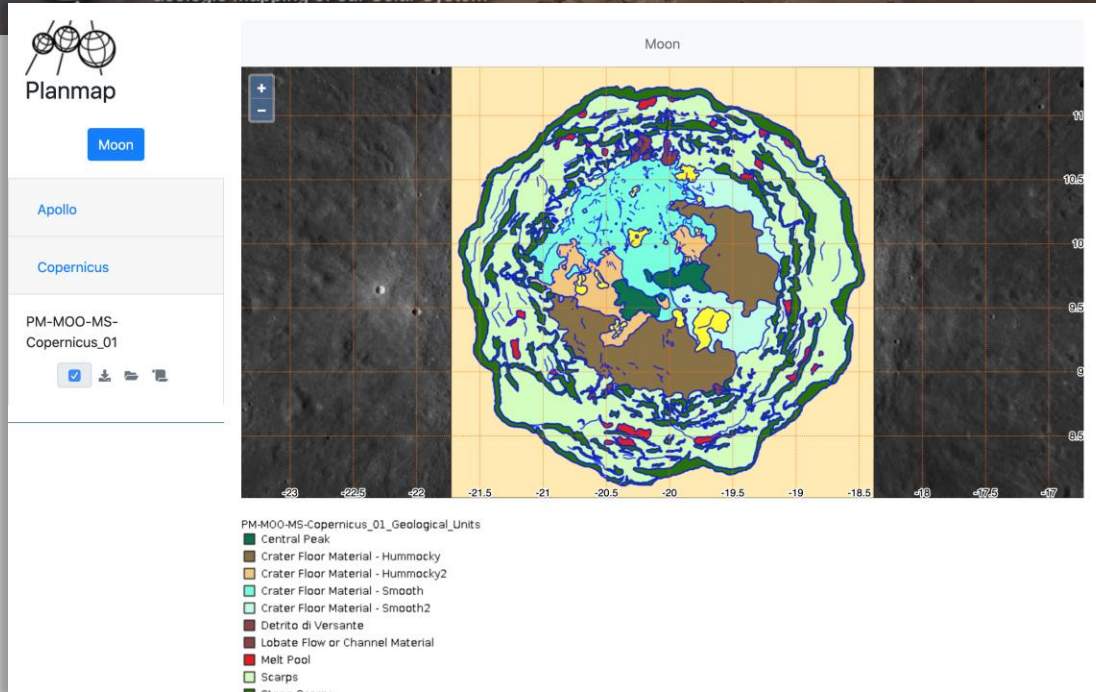
Data archive

- Each package is composed by a set of documents and data files distributed in directories accordingly:
- Document – provides the map itself as PDF and optionally other complementary files
- Raster – provides basemaps or compositional arrays
- Vector – provides features table(s)
- 3dmodels – provides structural models
- README.md -- provides map data description, information about data sources, publication, projection used and other relevant metadata

```
PM-MAR-MS-Arsinoes_02
├── README.md
├── document
│   └── PM-MAR-MS-Arsinoes_02.pdf
├── raster
│   └── PM-MAR-MS-Arsinoes_02.tiff
└── vector
    └── PM-MAR-MS-Arsinoes_02.gpkg
```

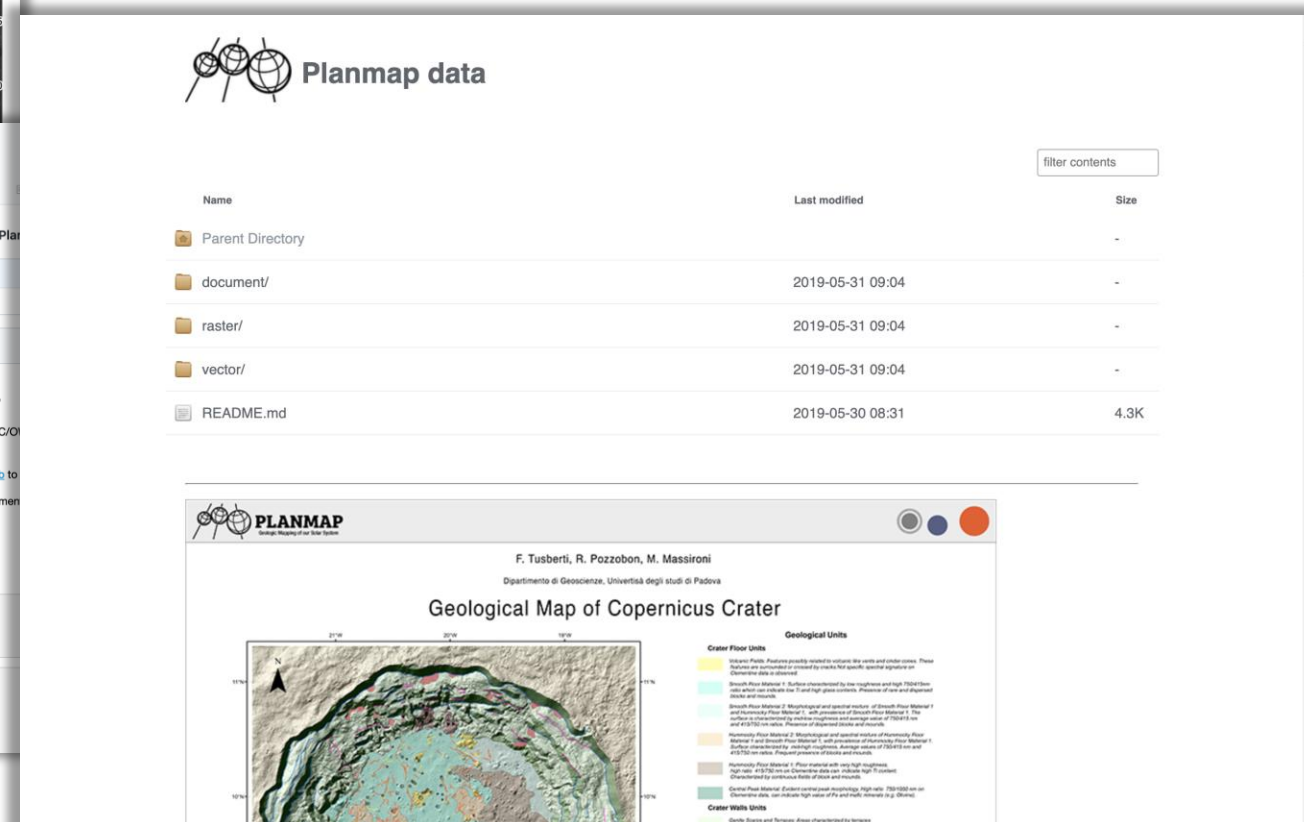
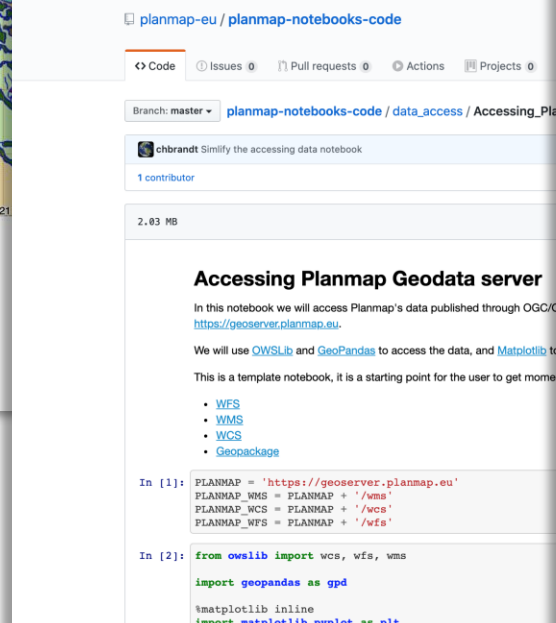
Vector data/metadata

- Vector data is stored in Geopackage files
 - Geopackage is an open format for storing different types of (geospatial) data in an SQLite data store.
 - Choice for GeoPackage instead of Shapefiles:
 - Open format
 - One file to store them all
- Towards a more homogeneous structure tables, standards for tables and columns
 - Geological Units
 - Name, Code, Geometry (Polygon)
 - Geological Contacts
 - Type, Geometry (Linestring)
 - Surface Features
 - Type, Geometry (Polygon)
 - Linear Features
 - Type, Geometry (Linestring)
 - Layer Styles
 - StyleQML (from QGIS)



MAPS-APP

- Interactive graphical web interface to explore the maps on each planet
- Links to
 - Data archive (@ data.planmap.eu)
 - Jupyter notebooks (@ github.com/planmap-eu)



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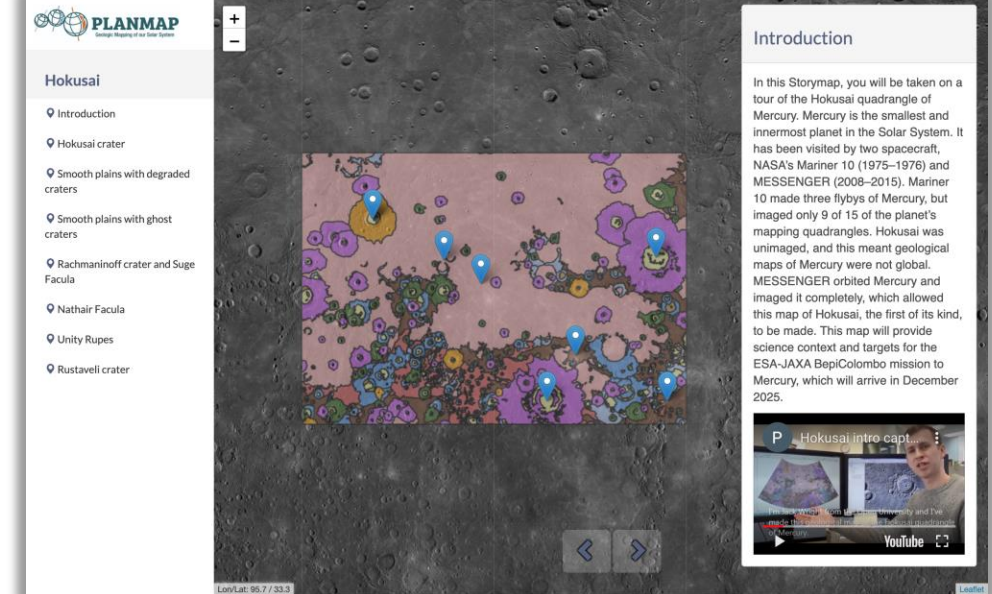
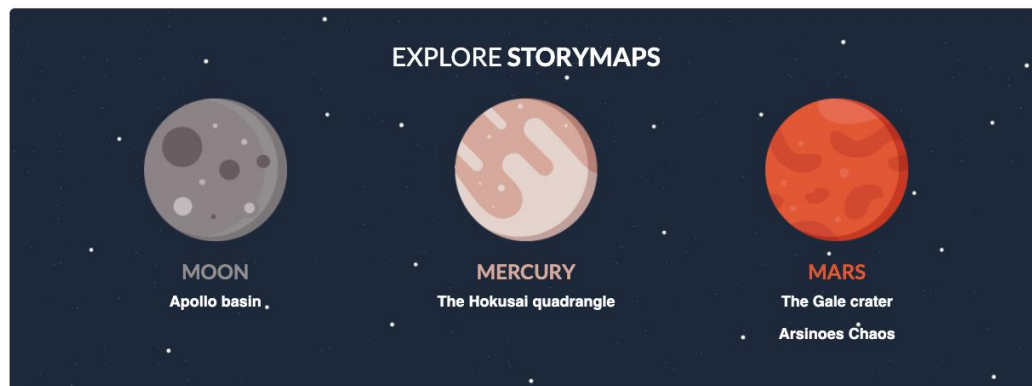


PLANMAP STORIES

Explore maps and their making

WELCOME TO PLANMAP STORIES

We are living in a golden age for space exploration, both human and robotic. Several nations maintain a robust planetary exploration program delivering a great amount of highly complex datasets. These data can be used to produce **geologic maps**, which are key to interpret the **geologic history of any planetary body**, **assess its surface, subsurface nature and natural resources**. Planmap Stories let you navigate those maps and the process of map making itself, with the words or voice of actual mappers, and access to the data they used.



Storymaps

Present high-level explanations of the maps or narratives about the data and the science behind it for non-experts

Data publication pipeline

- Data producers put data in our cloud ([Nextcloud](#))
- Data package is verified, moves to a "release" area
- Data package is uploaded to
 - data.planmap.eu/pub
 - data.planmap.eu/zip
- Raster and Vector data are ingested in geoserver.planmap.eu
- Maps-app is updated to query new map layers
- Update of story-maps follows a markdown template using Github issues
- Then it is formatted in a json document for publishing on stories.planmap.eu

Lessons learned / todos

- Automation and a better data sharing
 - Cloud * Validation --> Data | GeoServer + REST ingestion
 - Maps <-- GeoServer get-capabilities / stores | layers
- Package data/metadata validation: a summary viewer as from the standards
 - Data producers to verify their content as seeing by the system (and the users).
- Storymaps to provide an interactive interface for writing & upload stories

(Other) Resources

Maps-app source code & backend

<https://github.com/planmap-eu/planmap-app-client>

<https://github.com/planmap-eu/planmap-app-server>

Stories source code

<https://github.com/planmap-eu/storymaps>

Docker geoserver

<https://github.com/chbrandt/docker-geoserver>

Apaxy PLANMAP

<https://github.com/chbrandt/apaxy/tree/planmap>

www.planmap.eu

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