

Fluvial flooding hazard assessment in Northern Italy: potential and informativeness of different geomorphic classifiers



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SAFERPLACES https://saferplaces.co/ Climate-KIC Demonstrator Project

Improved assessment of pluvial, fluvial and coastal flood hazards and risks in European cities as a means for building safer and more resilient communities.

- Hydrological and hydraulic numerical models provide accurate detailed inundation maps but are often very resource intensive.
- **DEM-based approaches** based on **geomorphic classifiers (indices)** for distinguishing basin locations in flood-prone areas and flood-free areas.

Aims of the study: to test different geomorphic classifiers for the identification of flood-prone areas in **Northern Italy**.

Geomorphic indices:

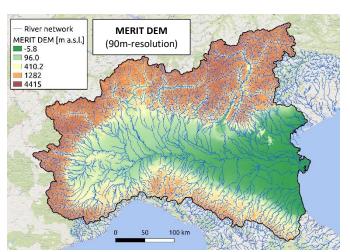
Single: D, HAND

Composite: TI_m, GFI, LGFI

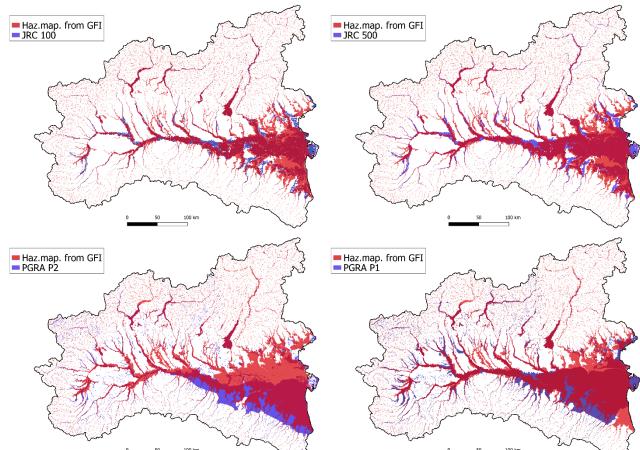
Reference flood hazard maps:

PGRA (ISPRA): P1, P2

■ JRC: T = 100, 500 years



Conclusions: (1) Better performances of GFI compared to other geomorphic classifiers. (2) GFI threshold values are sensitive relative to different reference hazard maps. (3) Promising avenue for future researches: combination of multiple geomorphic indices through data-driven approaches and artificial intelligence.





For more information, please watch the short presentation at the following YouTube link:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dpIwRe9 rYw



