

Global storm surges during a past warm climate, the Last Interglacial

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(cc)

The Art & Science of Risk Foundation

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#### **Motivation**

#### Last Interglacial (ca. 125,000 years before present)

- Most recent period warmer than present at least in the Northern Hemisphere
- Global sea level higher by 6 to 9 m (Dutton et al. 2015)
- Where storms different? Where there even *superstorms*? (Hansen et al. 2016; Rovere et al. 2017)

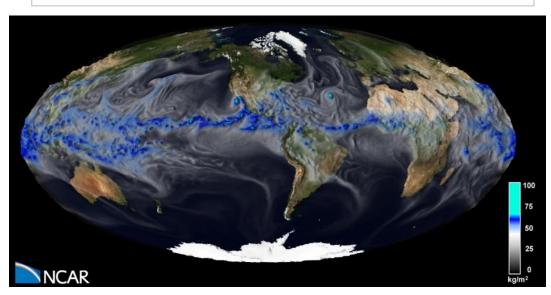


# Our approach

**Global Climate Model** 

CESM1.2 model Atmosphere: CAM5 Atm. resolution: 0.93\*1.25°, 30 levels Experiments:

- PMIP4 *lig127*
- CMIP6 pre-industrial Variables:
- u and v windspeed
- Sea level pressure

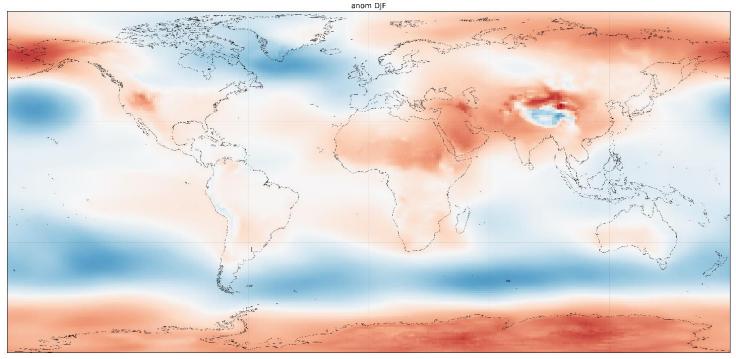


#### Global Hydrodynamic Model

GTSM model v3.0 (Muis et al. 2020) Delft3D Flexible Mesh software Resolution: 50 km offshore, 2.5–1.25 km at coast

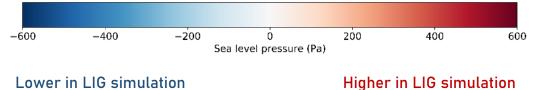


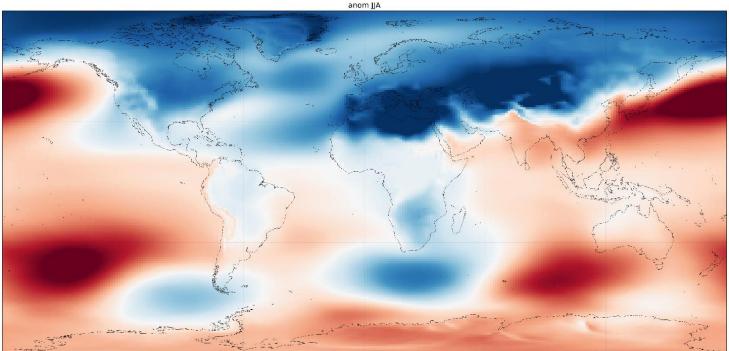




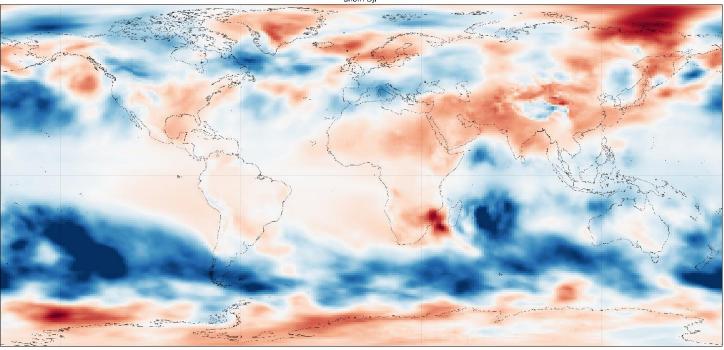
All results are anomalies between the Last Interglacial and pre-industrial simulations

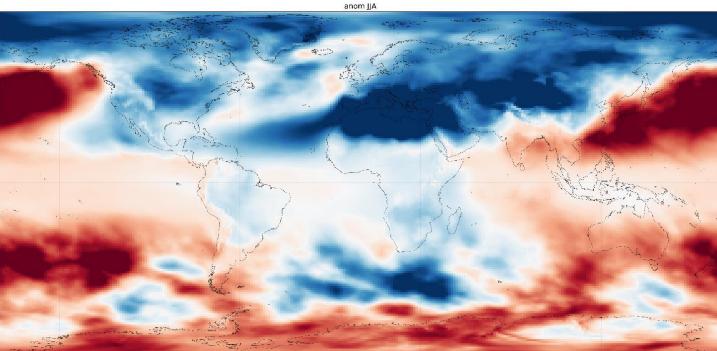
#### Anomalies in sea-level pressure





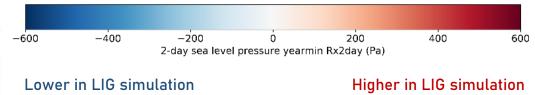
anom DJF



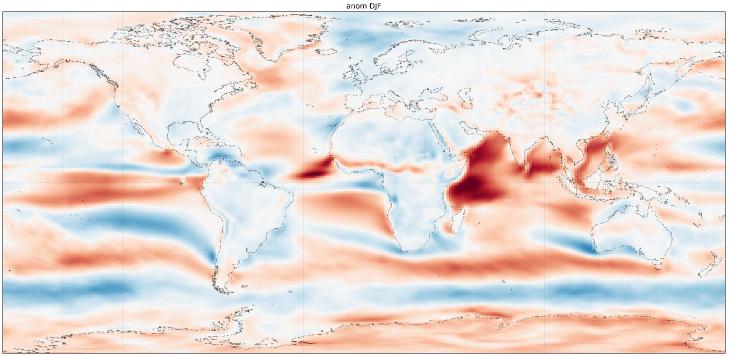


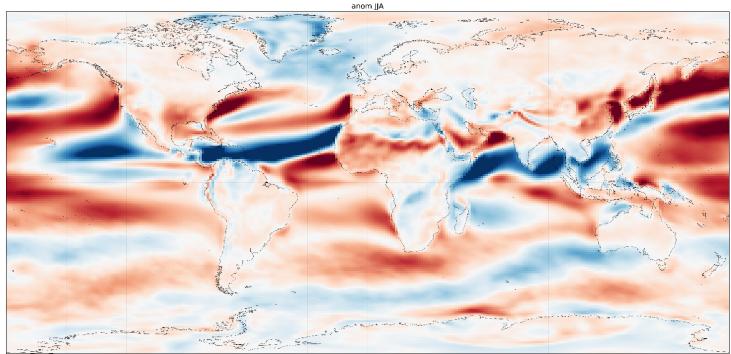
### **GCM** results

# Anomalies in inter-annual mean of annual 2-day minimum sea-level pressure

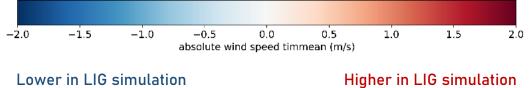






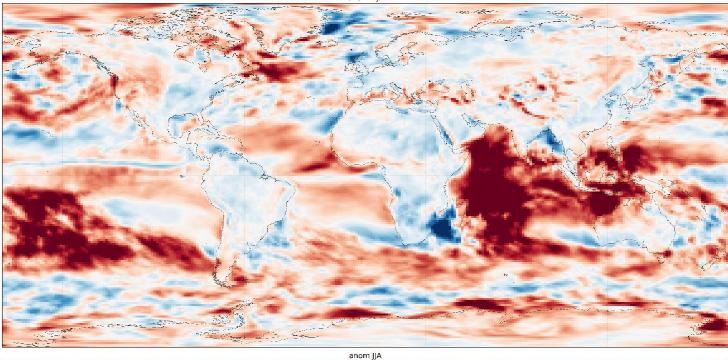


#### Anomalies in absolute wind speed



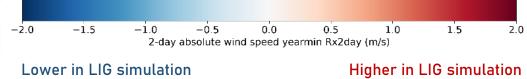


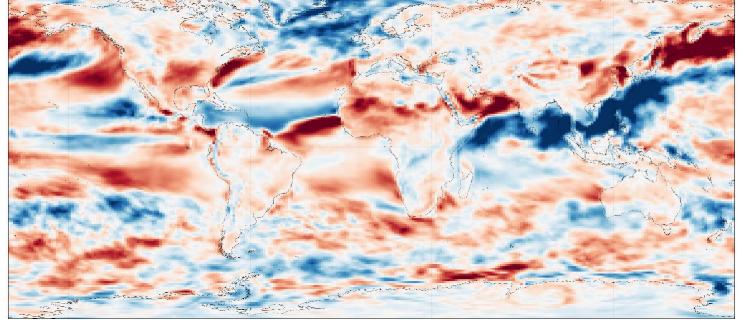
anom DJF



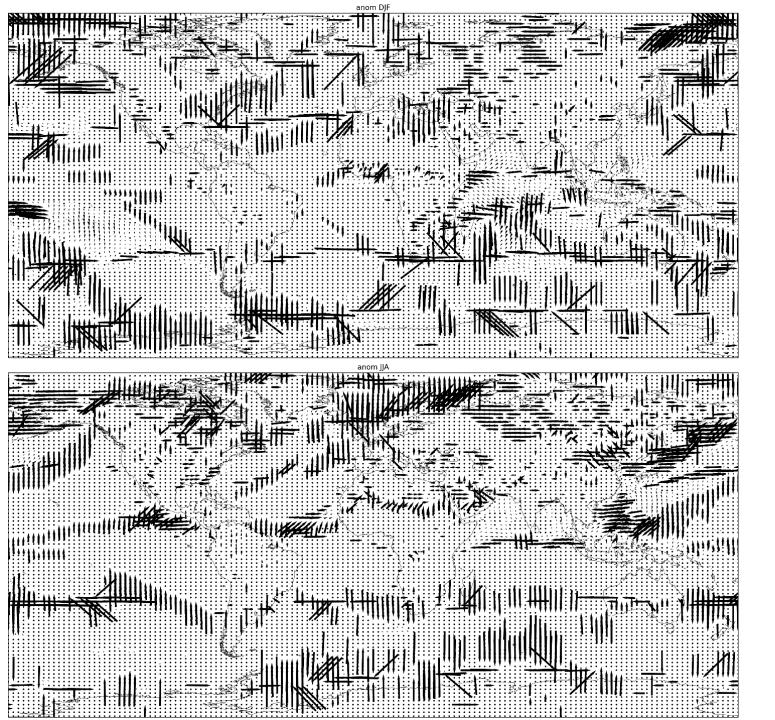
#### **GCM** results

#### Anomalies in absolute wind speed



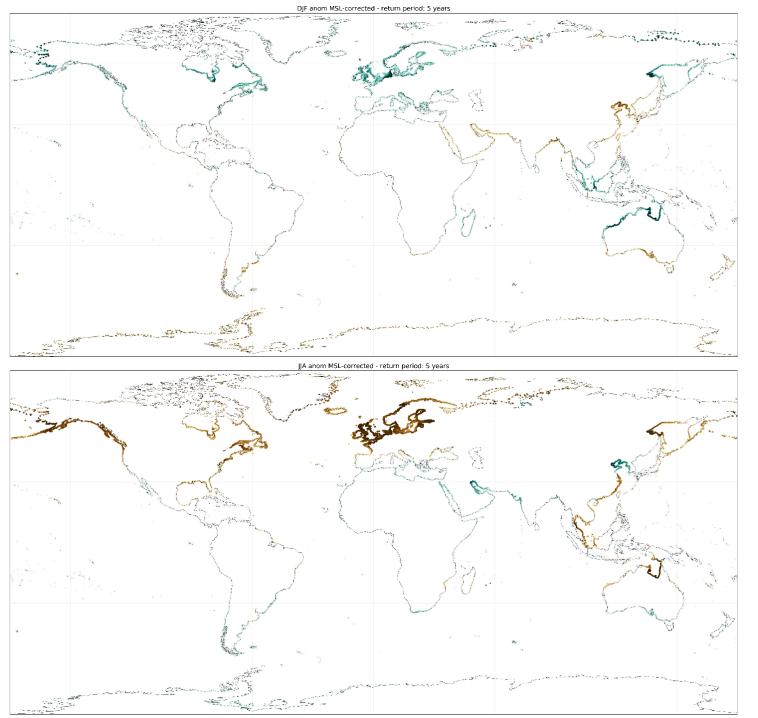




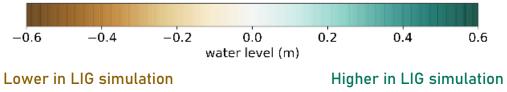


Anomalies in inter-annual mean of annual maximum zonal and meridional wind speeds

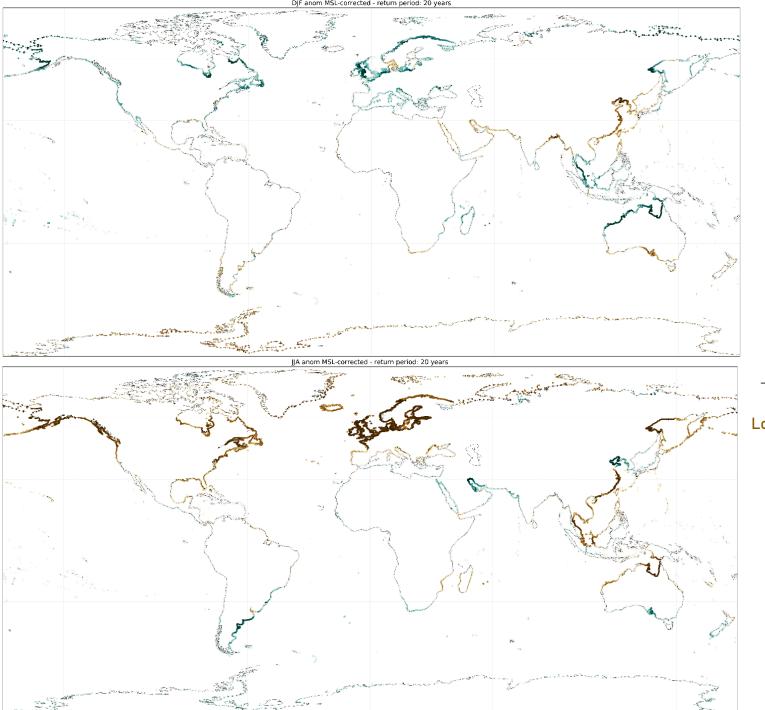




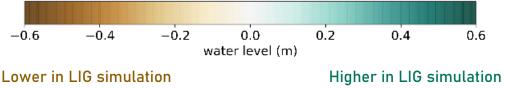
Surge-driven anomalies in sea level extremes at the 5-year return period. Values are corrected for anomalies in mean sea level.



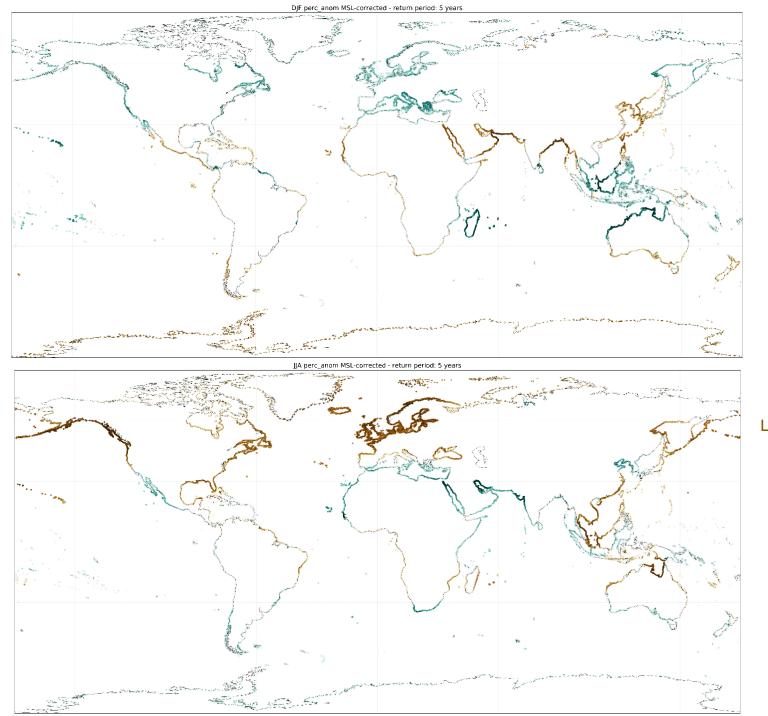




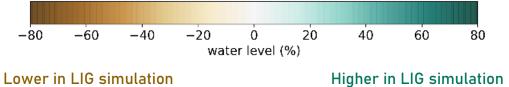
# Surge-driven anomalies in sea level extremes at the **20-year** return period.





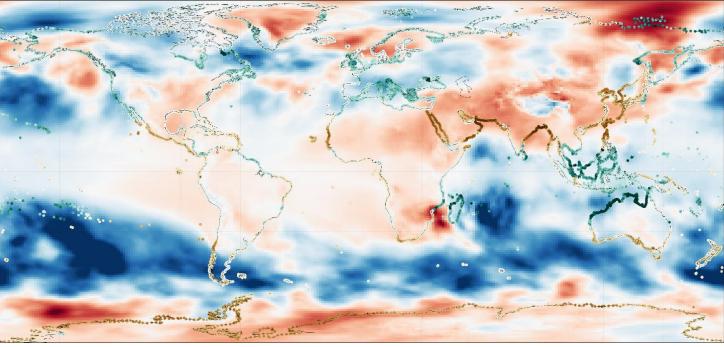


# **Percentage** anomalies in surge-driven sea level extremes at the **5-year** return period.

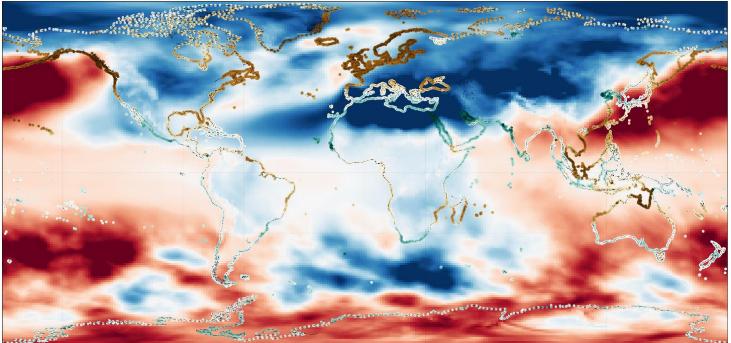




DJF perc\_anom - gtsm return period: 10 years and CESM 2-day sea level pressure yearn



JJA perc\_anom - gtsm return period: 10 years and CESM 2-day sea level pressure yearn

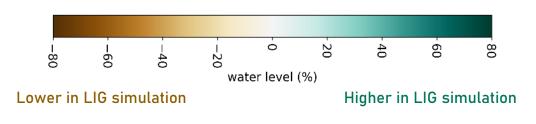


# **GCM** results

Combined percentage anomalies in:

- sea level extremes at the 10-year return period
- interannual mean of 2-day annual minima of sea-level pressure

-0.6	-0.4	-0.2	0.0	0.2	0.4	0.6
	2-d	lay sea level p	pressure yea	rmin Rx2day (	%)	
ower in LIG simulation				Higher in LIG simulatior		





### Provisional take-home message

There are notable anomalies in surge-driven seasonal coastal extremes between the Last Interglacial and pre-industrial simulations (up to ca. 0.5 m)

Higher Last Interglacial extremes are mostly associated with lower sea level pressure minima, and conversely Ongoing work:

- Climatic interpretation of anomalies
- Extracting useful information for sea level indicators at key sites
- Modelling tides of the Last Interglacial, under several global sea level scenarios

