A 14.5 million-year geologic record of East Antarctic Ice Sheet fluctuations in the central Transantarctic Mountains, constrained with multiple cosmogenic nuclides

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Relict moraines in the Transantarctic
Mountains afford geologic constraint of
past ice-marginal positions of the East
Antarctic Ice Sheet (EAIS). We describe
the directly dated glacial-geologic record
from Roberts Massif, an ice-free area in
the central Transantarctic Mountains, to
provide a comprehensive record of EAIS
change at this site since the Miocene and
to capture ice sheet response to warmerthan-present climate.

The record is constrained by cosmogenic ³He, ¹⁰Be, ²¹Ne, and ³⁶Al surface-exposure ages from > 160 dolerite and sandstone erratics on well-preserved moraines and drift units. We also provide updated subaerial erosion rates for the central TAM.

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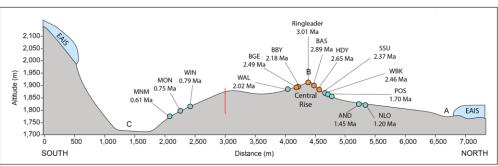
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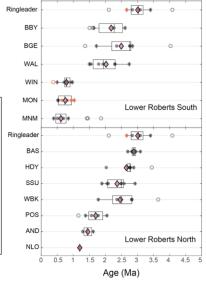
Lower Roberts

Moraine colour:

Pliocene

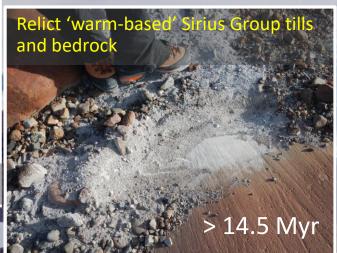
Pleistocene

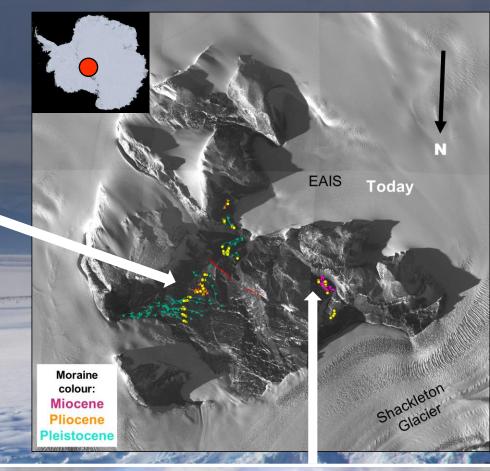


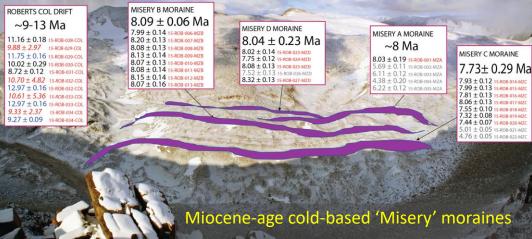


Pliocene/Pleistocene transect of cold-based moraines, Lower Robert

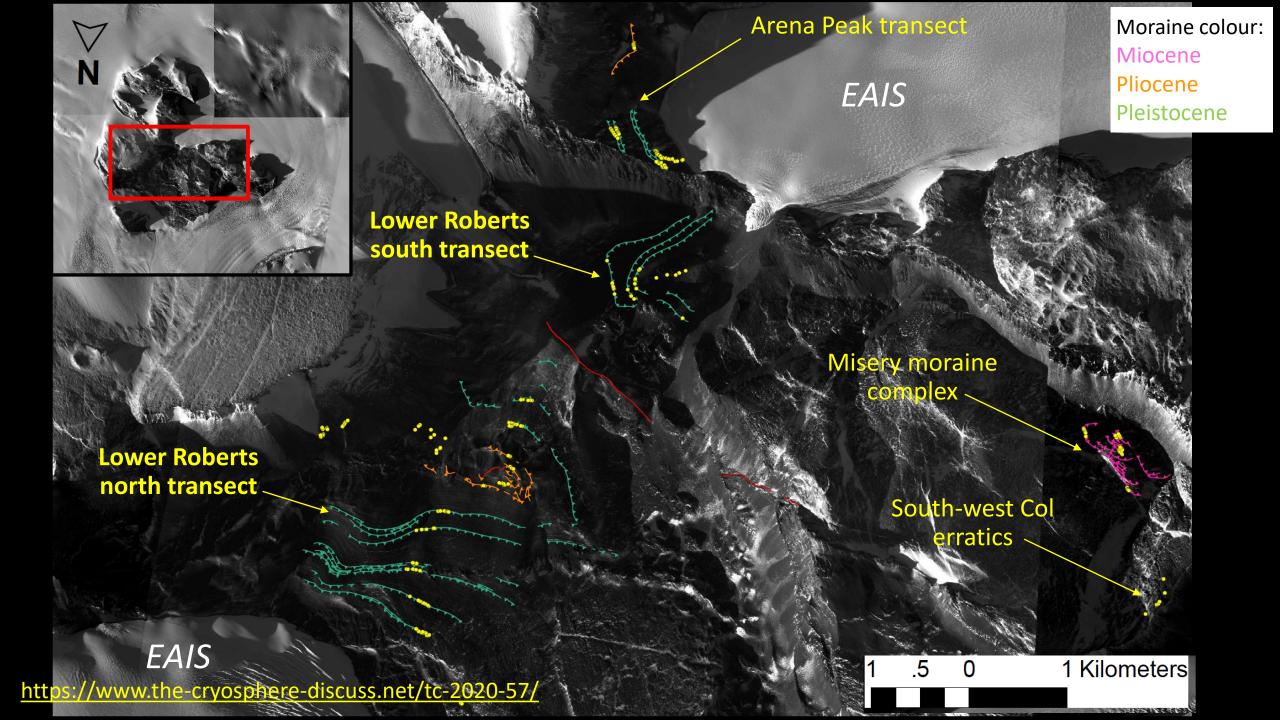


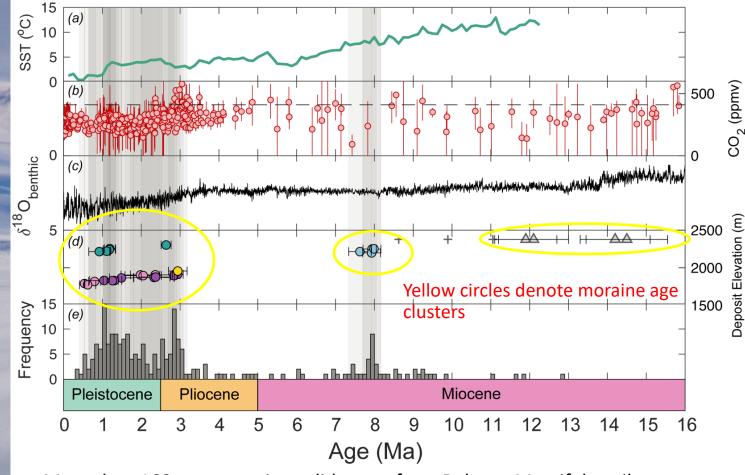






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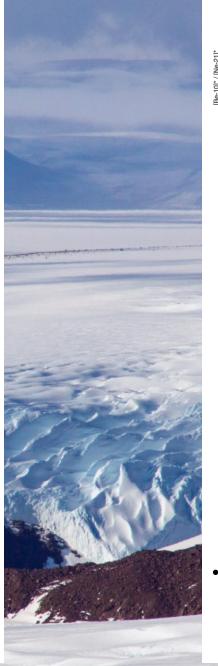


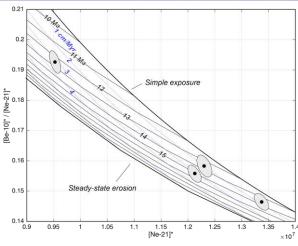


More than 160 cosmogenic nuclide ages from Roberts Massif describe:

- Cold-based glacial regime in the central TAM since ~14.5 Myr
- Warm-based deposits in central TAM are > ~14.5 Myr
- EAIS has been present in a configuration similar today since at least the middle Miocene, including periods thought to have been warmer than today and with higher atmospheric CO₂ concentrations
- Progressive lowering of ice surface might reflect slow isostatic uplift

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 Extremely low sub-aerial erosion rates in central TAM (<< 5 cm/Myr)