## East Antarctic hydrological cycle:

What drives the isotopic composition of vapor, precipitation and surface snow in a coastal site of Adelie Land

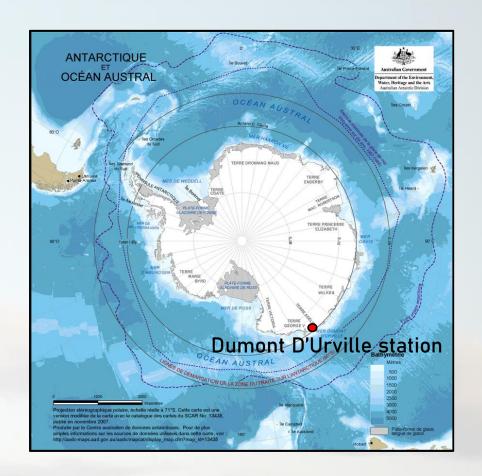


<sup>2</sup> Alfred Wegener Institute, Potsdam, Germany

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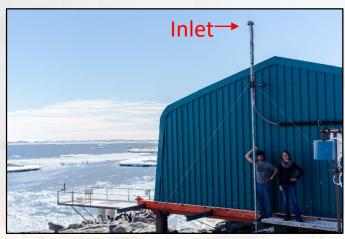
# Scientific context: Understanding climate variability and the hydrological cycle

- Surface Mass Balance in East Antarctica
  - + Precipitation
  - Sublimation
  - Melt
  - + Refreeze
- Recent climate variability:
  Moisture sources
- ⇒ study of the hydrological cycle with continuous measurements of water isotopes



## DDU (Dumont D'Urville station)





#### Specificity:

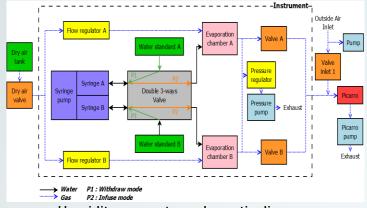
- Coastal (sea-ice influence)
- High accumulation rate (30cm w.e./ year)
- Strong katabatic wind

#### Measurement since December 2018:

- Continuous monitoring of water isotopic composition
- Snow sample collection:
  - Precipitation (1/event)
  - Blowing snow (1/event)
  - Surface snow (1/week)
- Meteorogical observatory (Meteo France)

## Measurement: Low humidity calibration challenge

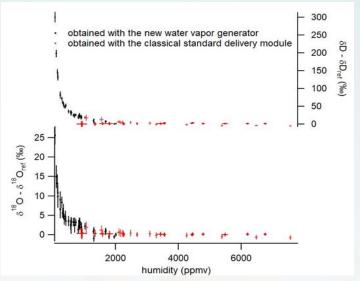
#### Specific low humidity generator developed



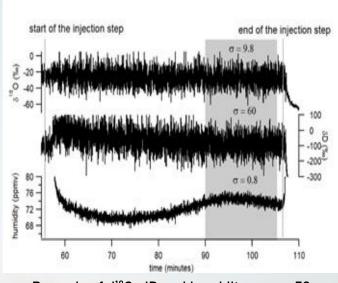
Humidity generator schematic diagram



Picture of the upper stage of the instrument with the main fluidic parts



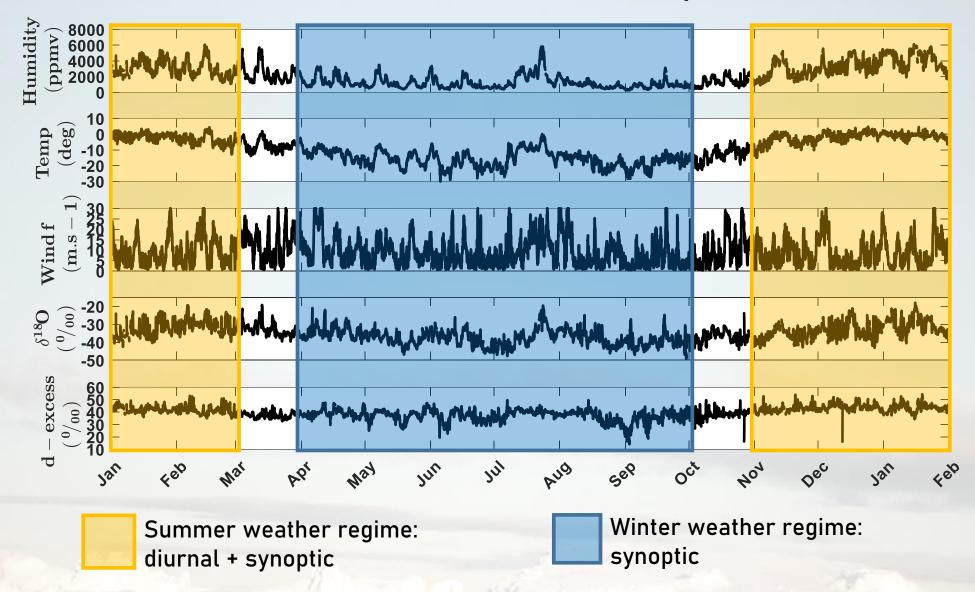
Influence of humidity on the isotopic composition (d<sup>18</sup>O and dD) of the vapor obtained with a standard delivery module (red) and with our new water vapor generator (black).



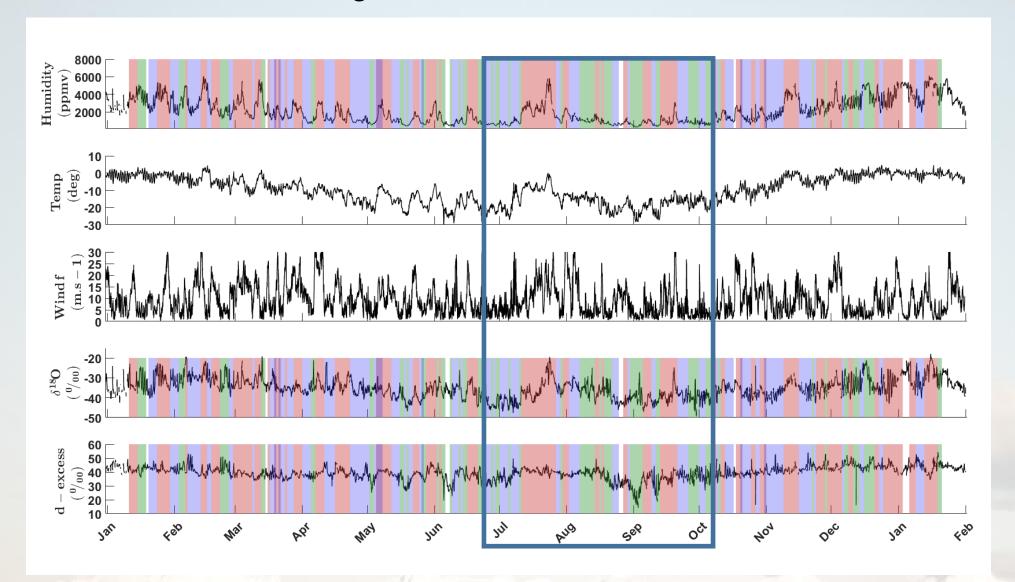
Records of d<sup>18</sup>O, dD and humidity over a 72 ppmv humidity plateau obtained with the humidity generator.

C. Leroy-Dos Santos et al., A dedicated robust instrument for water vapor generation at low humidity for deployment of laser spectroscopy instrument in cold and dry polar regions, in preparation

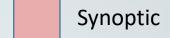
## Results: 13 months of measurements in 2019/2020

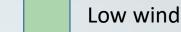


## Results: Meteorological classification

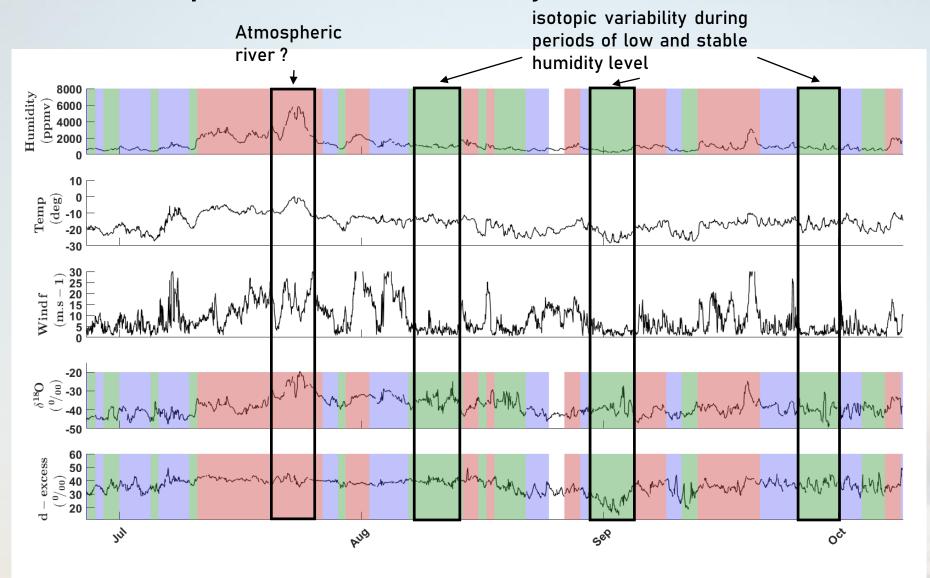


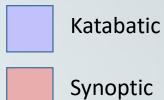


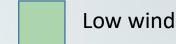




## Results: Specific cases to study

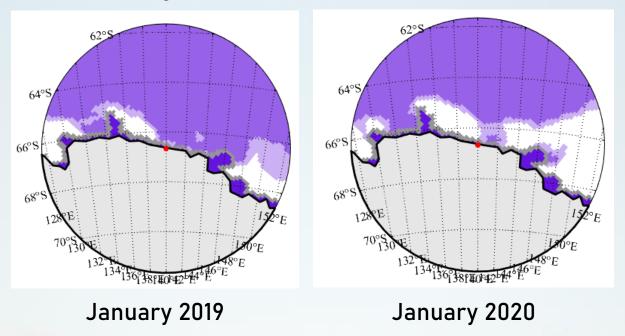






## Perspectives

Sea-ice edge influence



- Comparision with snow sample isotopic compostion
- Radar information on precipitation formation height
- Back-trajectory diagnostic tool (as in C. Leroy-Dos Santos et al., JGR, submitted, 2020)
- Application to ice core water isotopic profiles