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Towards the next generation forecasting tools of renewable energy production

George Kariniotakis, Simon Camal | ARMINES, MINES ParisTech, Center PERSEE in behalf of the Smart4RES team (see abstract for list of names).

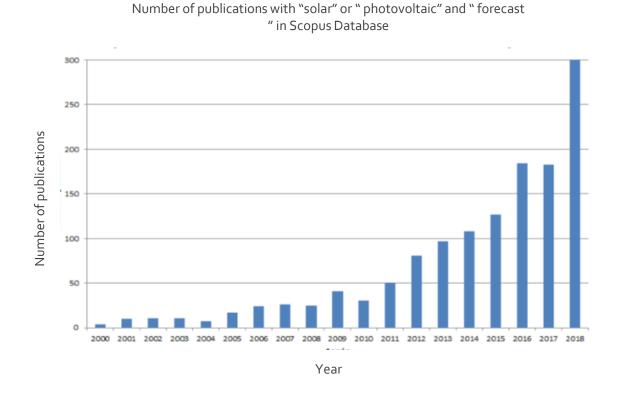




Context

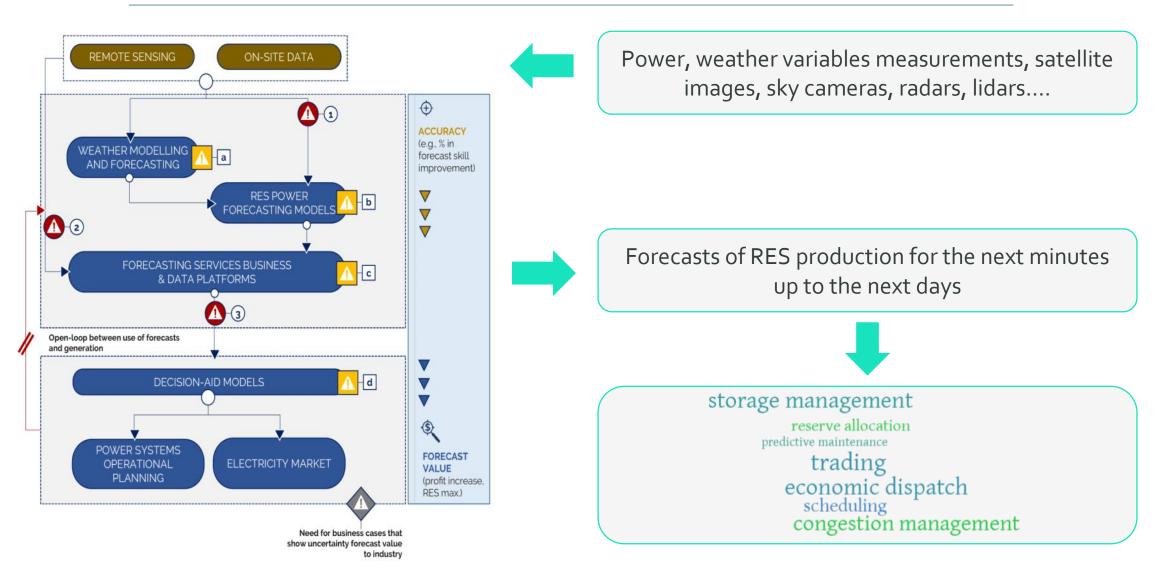


- Renewable Energy Sources (RES) forecasting is a mature technology with operational tools and services used by different actors
- However, there are gaps and bottlenecks in the value/model chain...
- Significant research worldwide

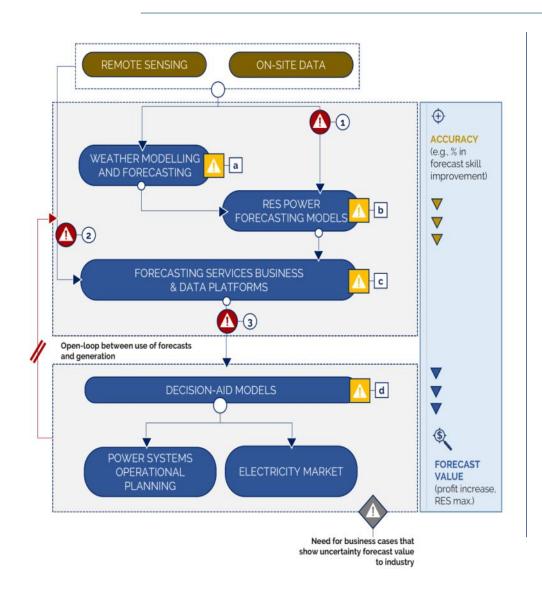


The RES forecasting model & value chain







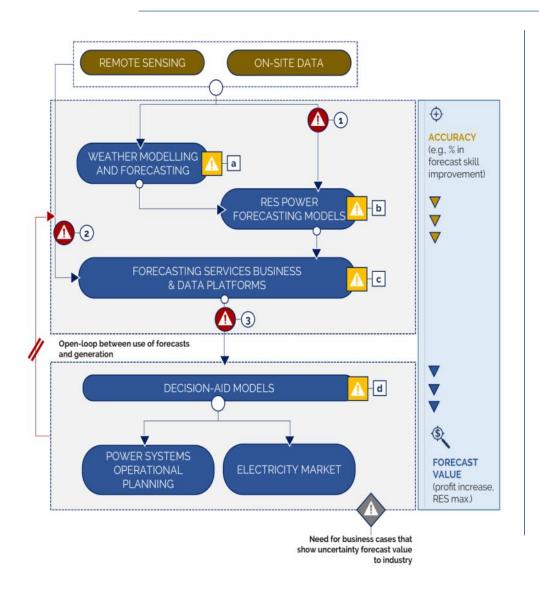


...Forecasting accuracy remains low

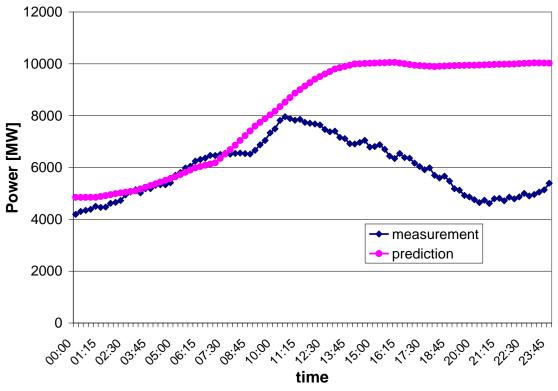


Power output of a wind farm on a day





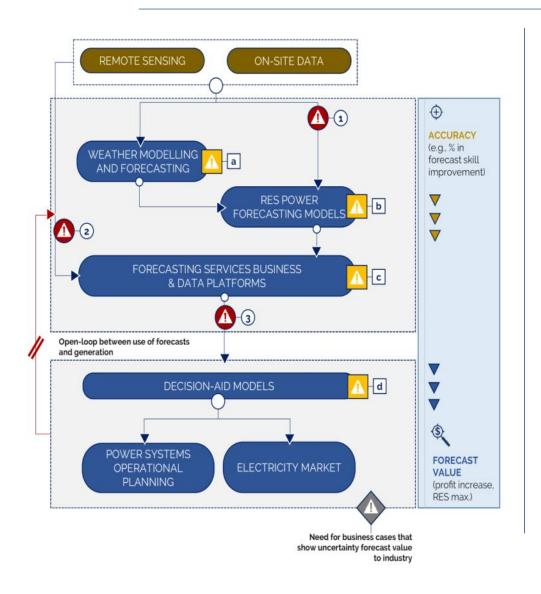
...Forecasting accuracy remains low



Example of aggregated production in Germany:

Path of low-pressure system was different than predicted, Max. error: 5500 MW...



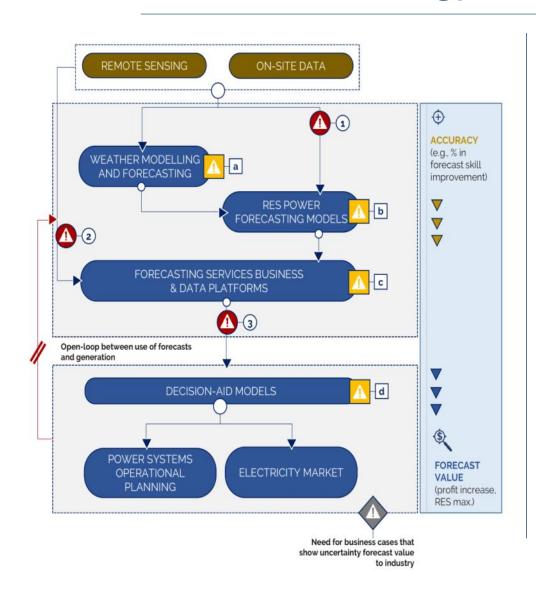


...Forecasting accuracy remains low

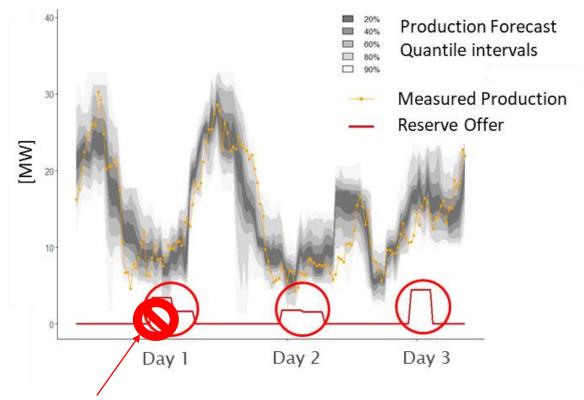


- Imbalance costs for traders
- Increased need for costly remedies (reserves, storage, demand response...)
- Limited capacity to support the grid with reliably ancillary services (AS)
- Lower RES acceptability by operators
- RES curtailment
- Higher maintenance costs for RES plants
- •





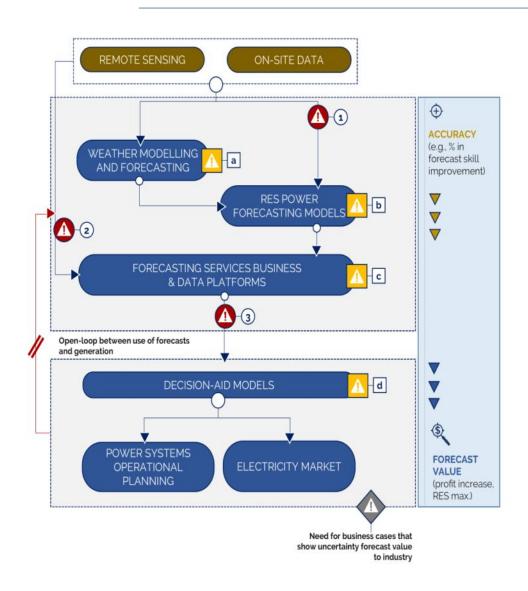
.. New forecasting needs emerge for applications like provision of ancillary services by VPPs



If service can not be fulfilled, TSO may charge high penalties

Gaps and bottlenecks





BOTTLENECKS IN THE CONNECTION:





Lack of open data (privacy issues)





Lack of price-based incentives to share data





Accuracy remains low & lack of standardization

BOTTLENECKS IN THE MODELS:





Need for NWP products adapted to RES use cases





Limitation of models to exploit large and heterogeneous data





Decaying commercial value of forecast products





Need for models adequate in high RES integration scenarios and digitalization of the energy sector

The consortium



6 countries, 12 partners

Budget: 4 Mio€

Duration: 3.5 years, 11/2019 - 04/2023







End-users / Industry / Research / Universities / Meteorologists

he project

Our Vision: Achieve **outstanding improvement** in RES predictability through **a holistic approach**, that covers the **whole model and value chain** related to RES forecasting (from weather prediction up to end-use applications).

Objectives



Overarching objective: Propose and test a number of forecasting and decision-aid tools to cover gaps and/or prepare the energy system of 2030 and beyond

1/ Requirements for forecasting technologies to enable near 100% RES penetration.

2/ RES-dedicated weather forecasting with **10-15% improvement** using various sources of data and very high-resolution approaches.

3/ New generation of RES production forecasting tools enabling 15% improvement in performance

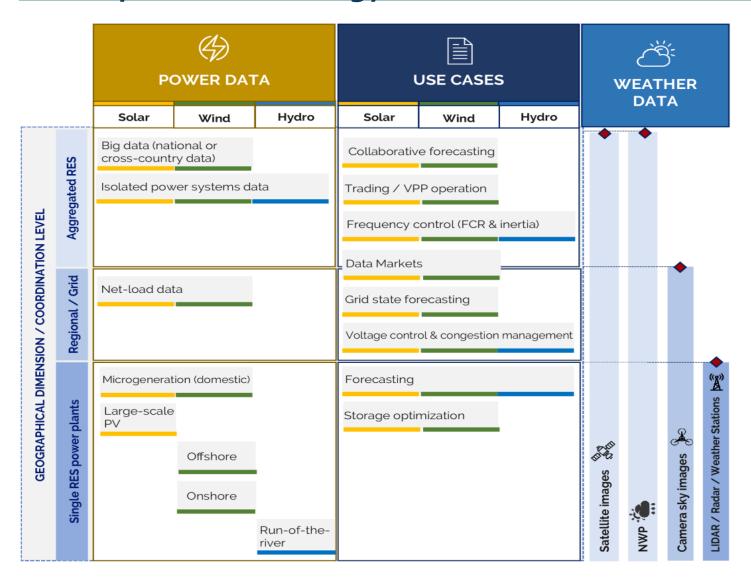
4/ Streamline the process of getting optimal value through new forecasting products, datamarket places, and novel business models.

5/ New data-driven optimisation and decision-aid tools for RES and storage.

6/ Validation of new models in living labs and assesment of forecasting values vs remedies.



Concept & methodology





Focus on NWP improvements

- Very/Ultra high resolution NWPs
- Regional solar irradiance nowcasting

















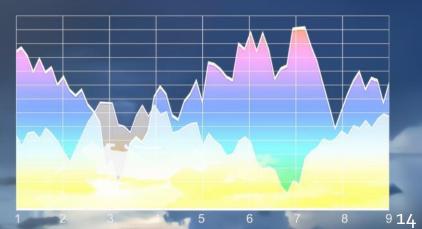








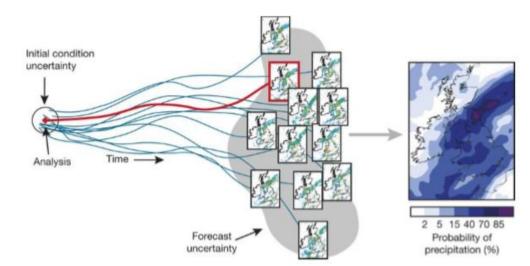




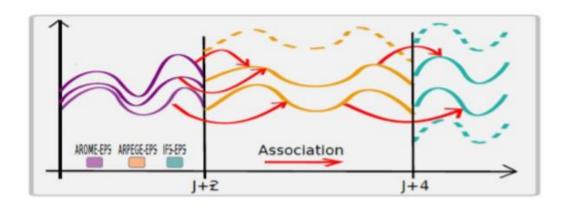


Focus – NWP improvements

- Refined cloud radiative impact for solar irradiance forecast
- Advanced tools to take advantage of ensemble simulations for wind and solar forecasts



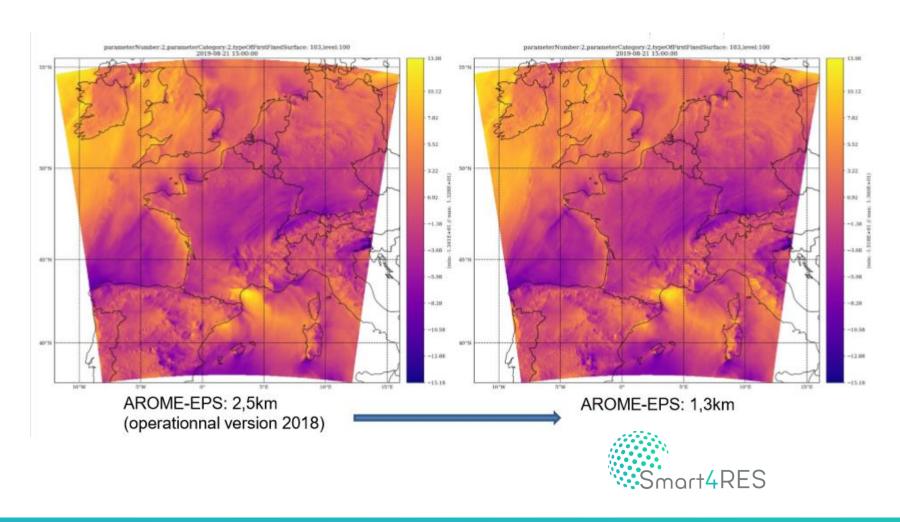
Seamless forecast from very short to medium ranges





Focus – NWP improvements

Very high resolution NWPs



ARPEGE-EPS

global 5km

AROME-EPS

Limited area 1,3km

WHIFFLE-LES

fews meters



LES: very high resolution simulation

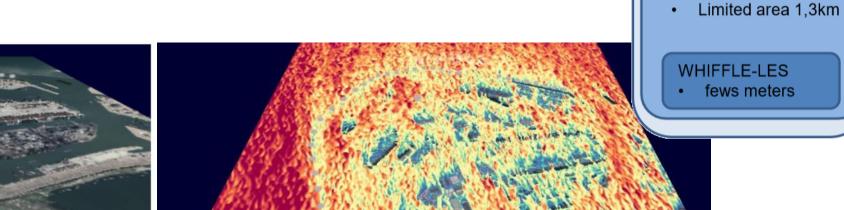


ARPEGE-EPS

· global 5km

AROME-EPS

 Very high resolution LES (large-eddy simulations) and advanced data assimilation (https://vimeo.com/335806229)

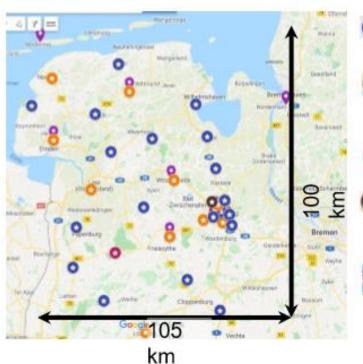


https://vimeo.com/whiffle/mv2

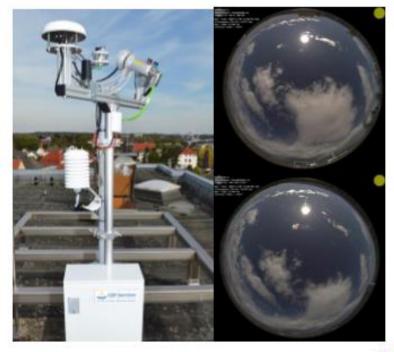
Smart4RES

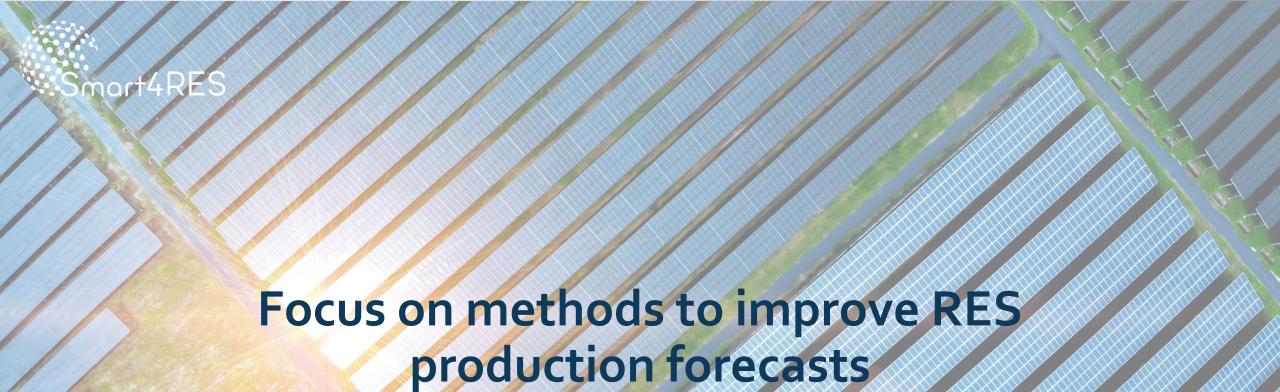
Focus – NWP improvements

- Advanced analysis of camera images for cloud characterization
- Eye2Sky network of 35 sky cameras (Northern Germany)



- Camera (10 in operation & 10 planned/negotiation)
 - Camera + irradiance (6 in operation & 6
 - planned/negotiation)
 - Camera + reference meteo station (2 in operation)
- Camera + PV monitoring station (Solarpark
- Ammerland)
- Ceilometer (6 □ 2 Eye2Sky & 4 DWD)



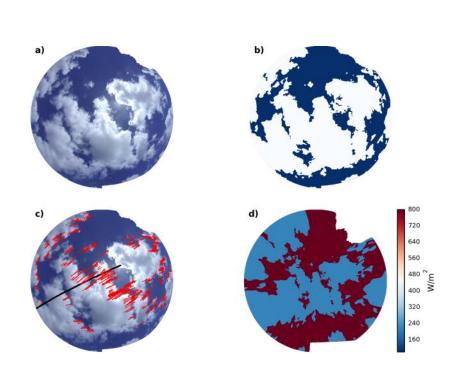


How can we improve accuracy without increasing complexity of the overall model chain?

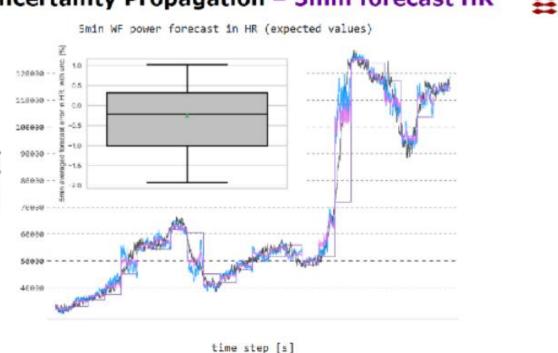


Very short-term RES forecasting

Improve very short-term PV and wind forecasting (cameras, lidar.. / machine learning)



Uncertainty Propagation – 5min forecast HR

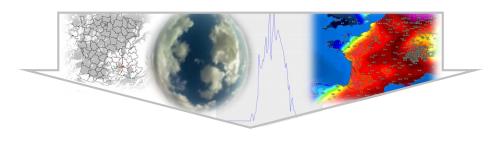


LSTM - with uncertainties



Towards generic RES forecasting

- Towards models fed with multi-source data inputs
 - Increase quantity/quality of inputs
 - Methodologies to tackle challenges from multiple sources of input (dimensionality, heterogeneous correlations between data sources and production...)
- Towards better seamless forecasting
 - Looking for generic models: assess validity for various renewable energy sources, cover multiple time frames
 - Best candidates to reproduce temporal correlations / exploit temporal information? (e.g. recurrent models, adversarial networks...)



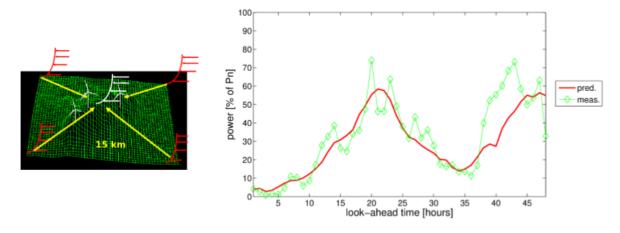
Multi-source input PV forecasting



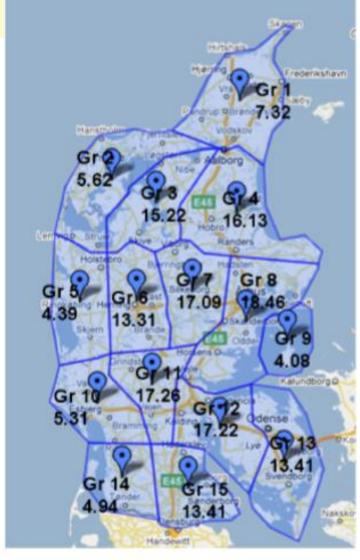


Collaborative RES forecasting

The traditional approach to forecast for a single location:



- Many works have shown the benefits from integrating spatially distributed information (neighbor wind farms or PV plants as sensors)
- In Smart4RES we develop a framework for data sharing preserving privacy and confidentiality constraints
- And a data market concept to valorise data sharing



improvement of 1-hour ahead forecast RMSE

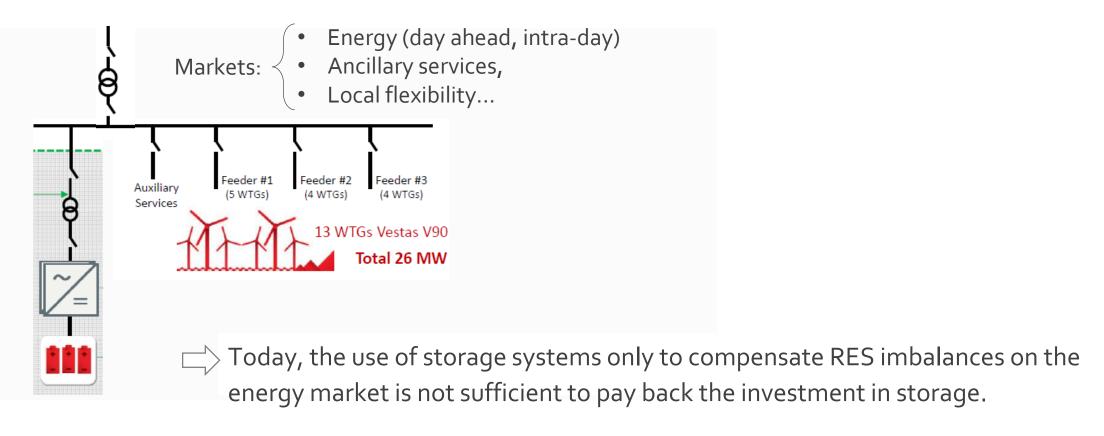




Application: bidding strategy for RES + storage (1/2)

Challenge

How to optimize the operation and trading performance in electricity markets of a combined vRES and Storage system?







Application: bidding strategy RES + storage (2/2)

Approach

Data-driven bidding strategy for any vRES + storage on multiple electricity markets

Data on RES, storage, markets

Forecast RES production (DA + ID)

Forecast energy market quantities (DA, ID, RT)

Forecast ancillary service market quantities (DA, ID, RT)

Trading strategy including storage constraints

Data-driven bidding tool

- Emulation of environment
- Neural nets learning value & policy
- Exploration / Exploitation

KPI: +20-25% revenue vs benchmarks

DA: Day ahead ID: Intra-day

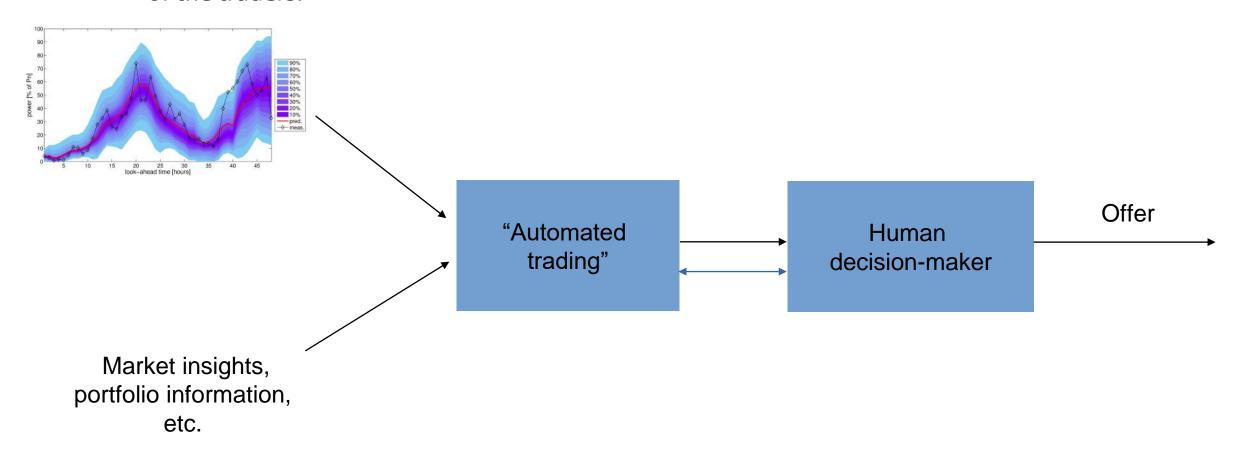
RT: Real time

AS: Ancillary Services.



Application: Include the human in trading

 Extend the state-of-the-art approach for RES trading to include the human behaviour of the traders.

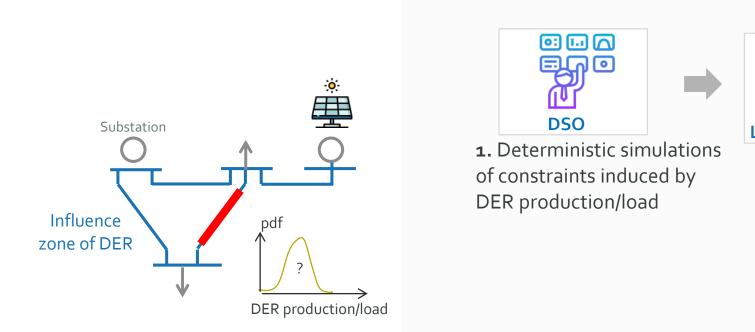




Application: Predictive management of grids (1/2)

Challenge

How can a DSO optimize the predictive management of local flexibilities?





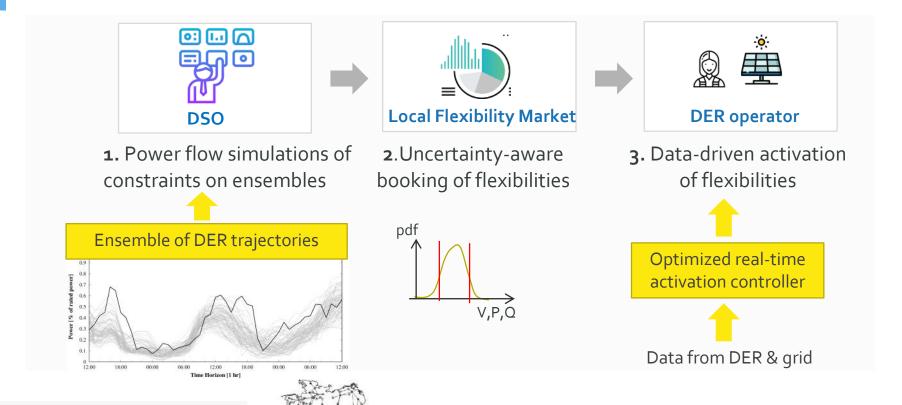
Today, DSO do not fully consider uncertainties from Distributed Sources (DER) operation and their local impact on booking and activation of flexibilities.



Application: Predictive management of grids (2/2)

Approach

Uncertainty-aware booking of flexibilities + data-driven local activation controller



Evaluated on distribution grids in Europe





THANK YOU!



Contact: info -at- smart4RES.eu

INCOMING ACTIVITIES

- Webinar, June 5th 14:00 CEST, G.Kariniotakis and P.Pinson (hosted by ISGAN)
 - The Role of RES forecasting in future power system. applications: innovative use cases (ARMINES)
 - Research for innovative weather and RES production forecasting products (DTU)
- Questionnaires to stakeholders on their experience and expectations regarding RES forecasting and applications





















