

Online | 4-8 May 2020

## A new tool to accurately calculate root reinforcement: the Root Bundle Model software RBM++

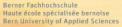


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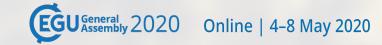
#### This contribution has two aims:

- To present a new tool written in C++ and based on Root Bundle Model with Weibull survival function (RBMw, Schwarz et al 2013), called **RBM++**, easy to use that enables anyone to quantify the effect of roots on slope stability.
  - 2. To show new parameters of root reinforcement effects of Robinia pseudoacacia (L.), species commonly used for the mitigation of rainfall-induced landslides at small scale.



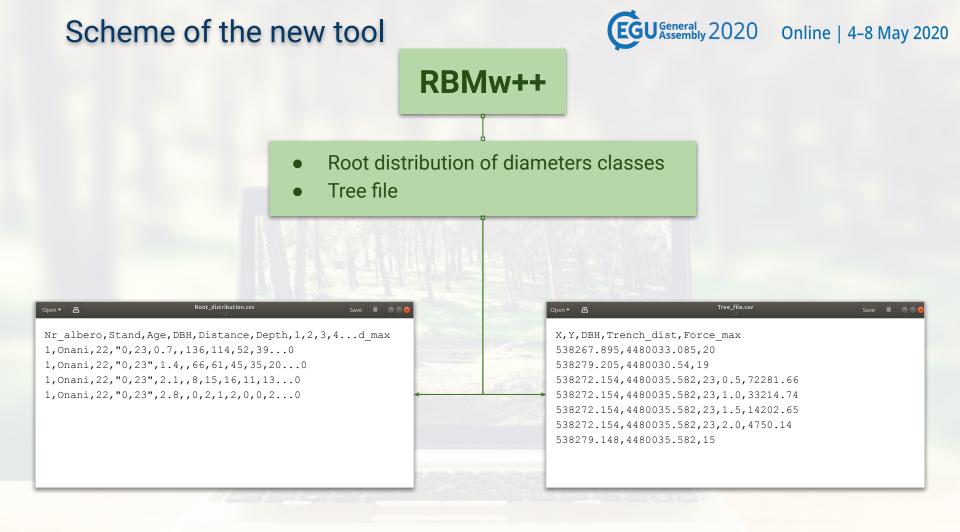


#### Scheme of the new tool

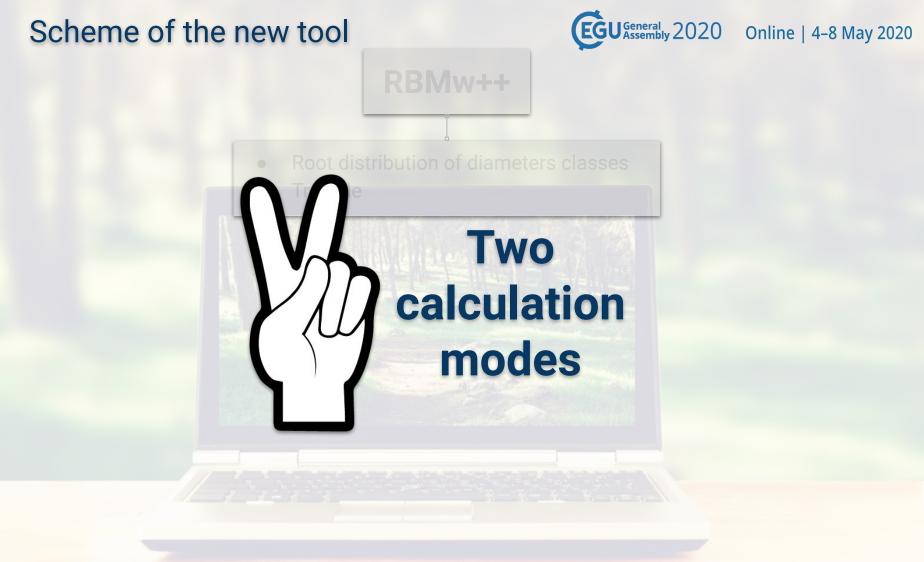




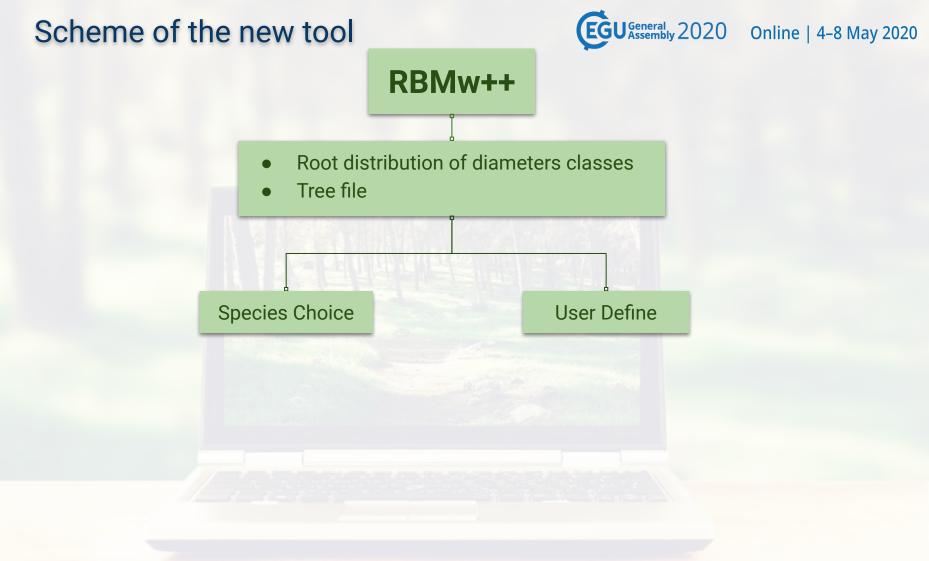




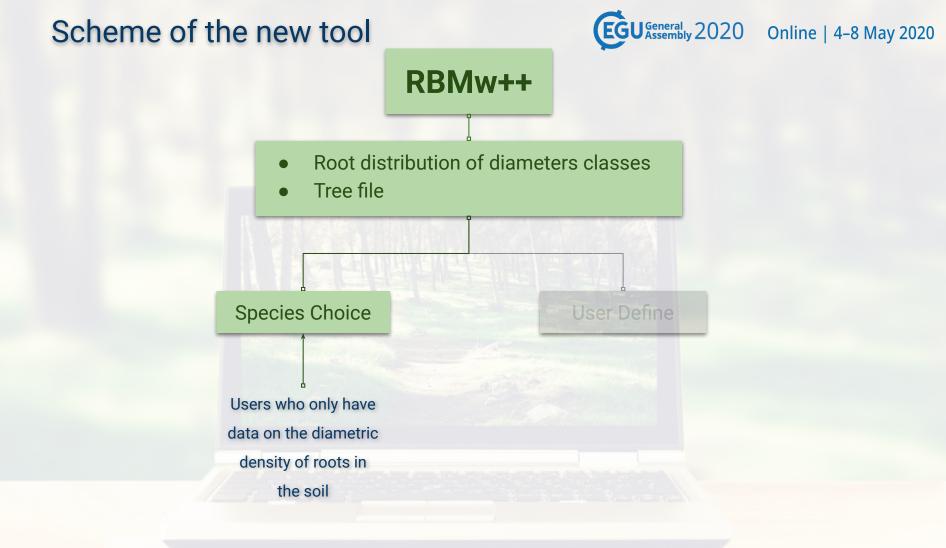




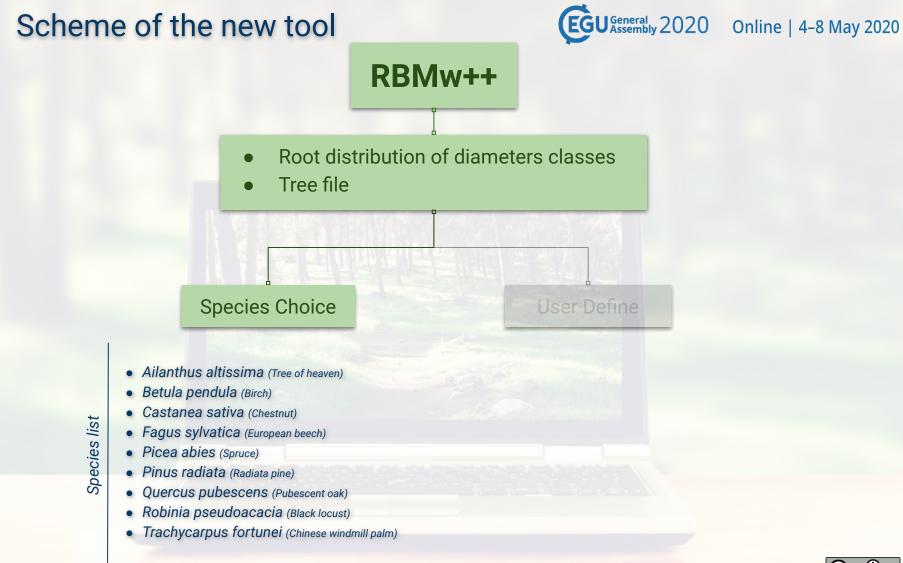




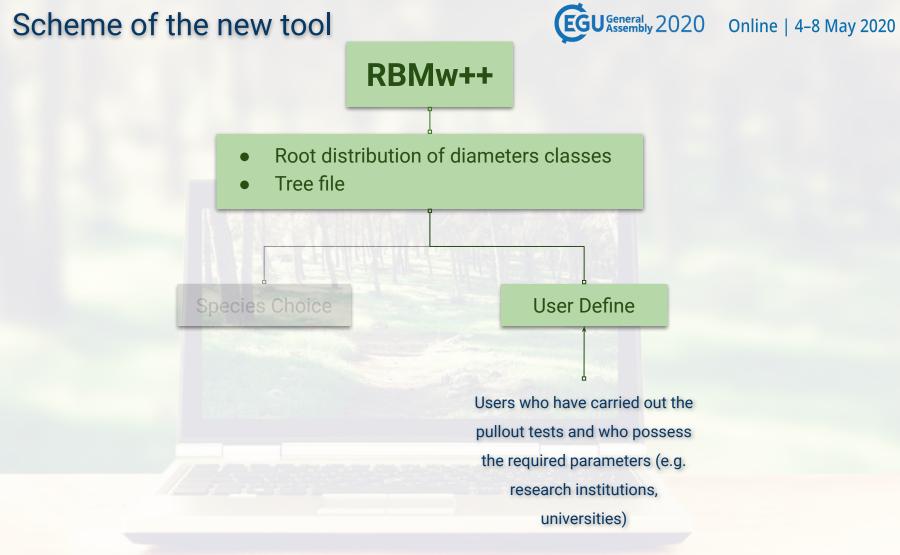




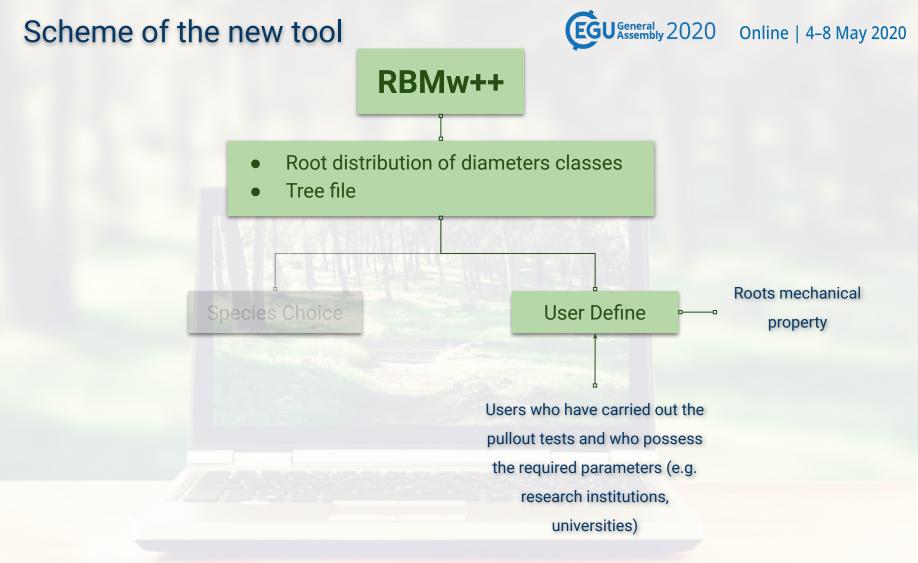




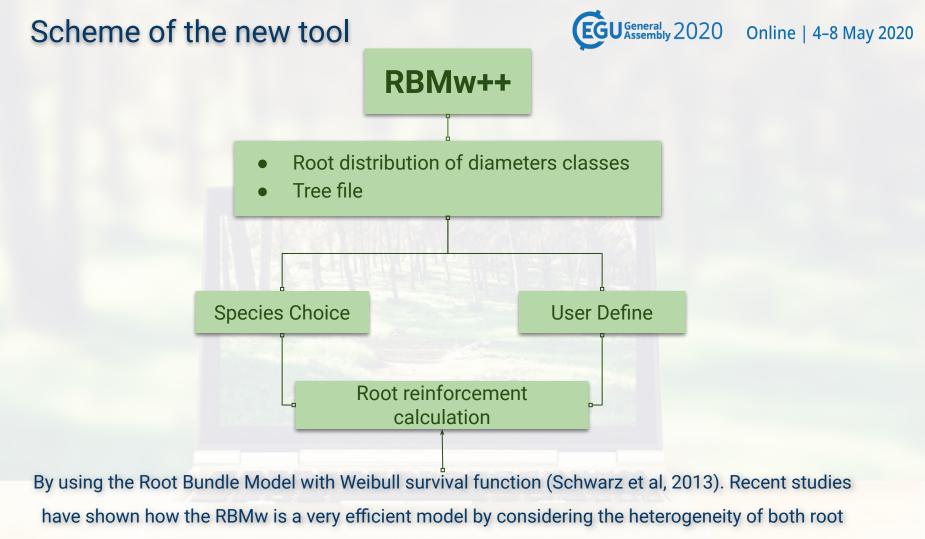










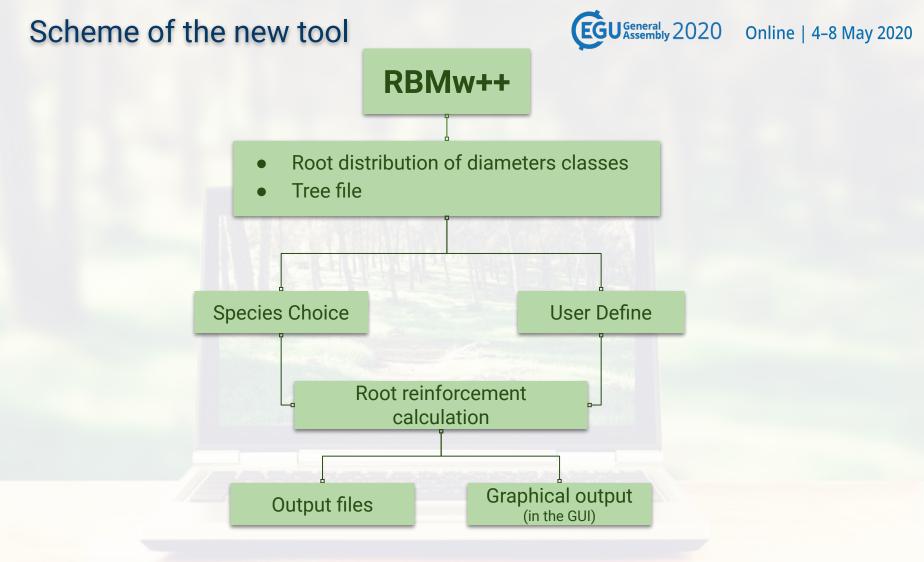


mechanical characteristics and their distribution in the soil.

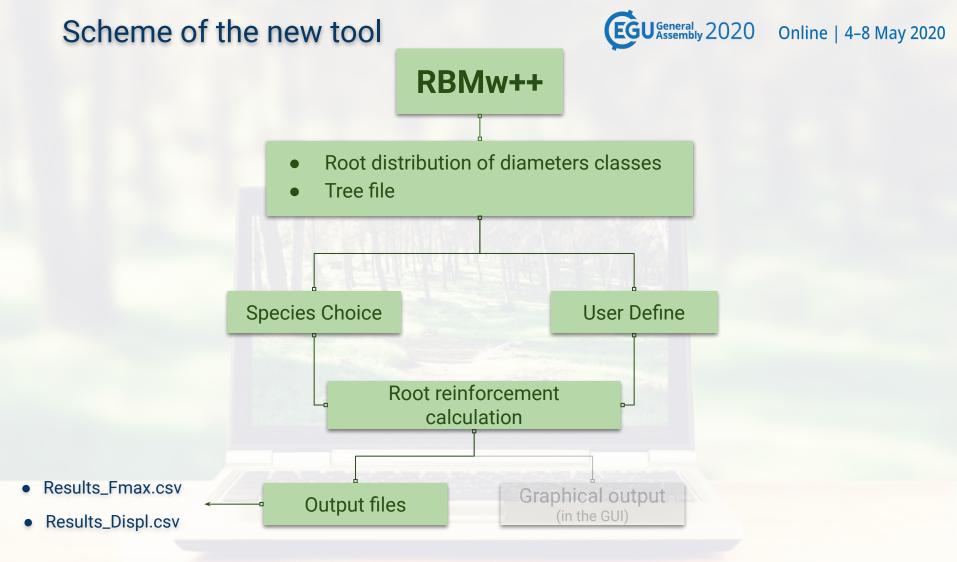




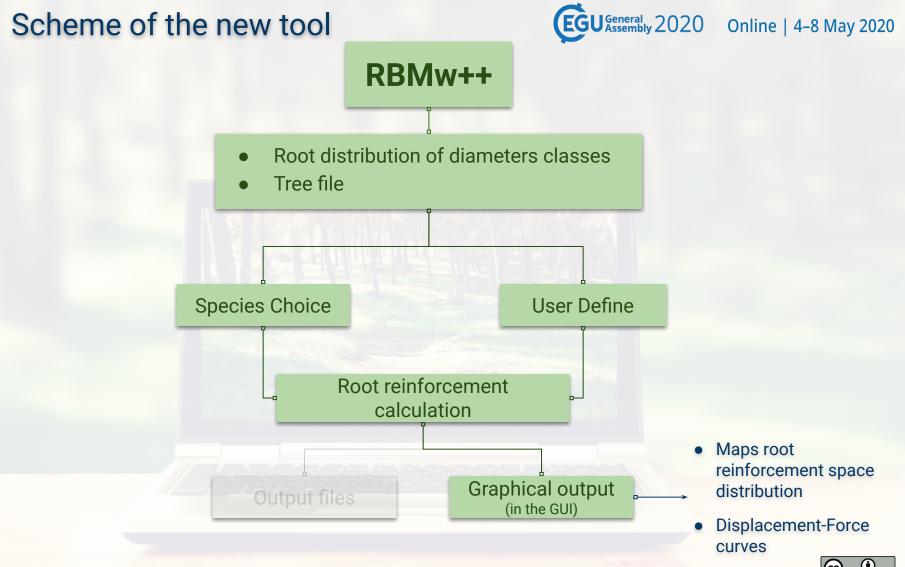
















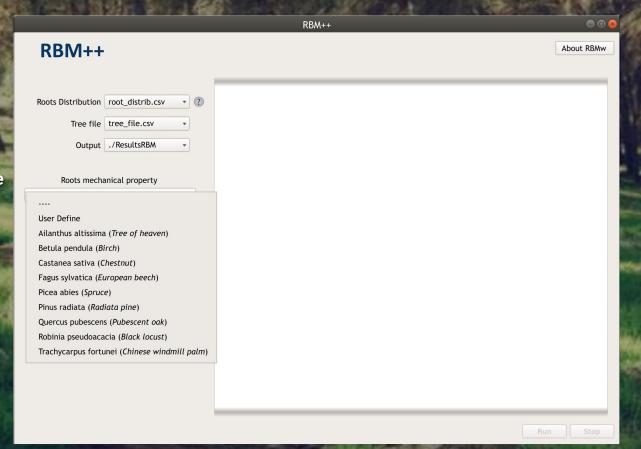






	RBM++	- 8 8
RBM++		About RBMw
Roots Distribution • ? Tree file •		
Output  Roots mechanical property		
		Run Stop

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- 2. Choose the calculation mode you prefer:
  User Define if you have the mechanical parameters of the roots;
- or choose the species from the list.

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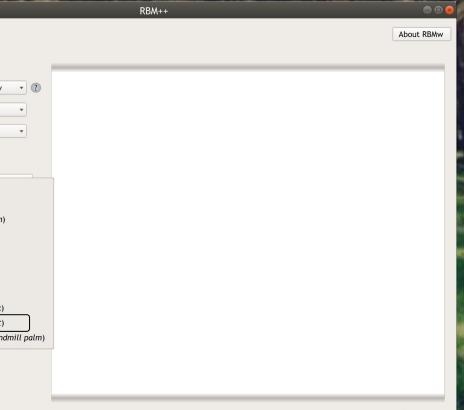
3.A Species Choice: Data analysis choosing Black Locust species. This tool will also contain values on the mechanical properties of the roots of this species, obtained from recent studies.

#### RBM++

Roots Distribution	root_distrib.csv	•	?
Tree file	tree_file.csv	•	
Output	./ResultsRBM	-	

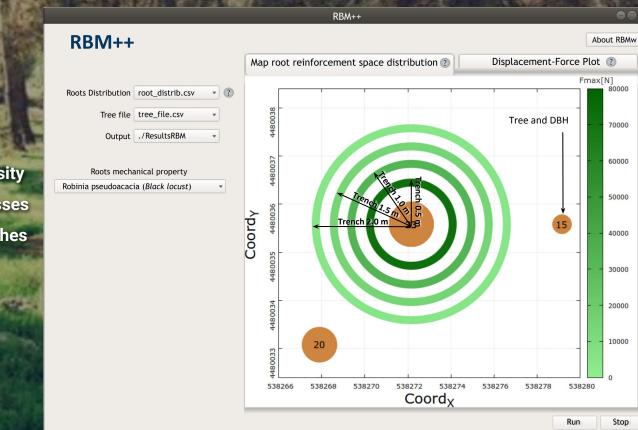
Roots mechanical property

User Define Ailanthus altissima (*Tree of heaven*) Betula pendula (*Birch*) Castanea sativa (*Chestnut*) Fagus sylvatica (*European beech*) Picea abies (*Spruce*) Pinus radiata (*Radiata pine*) Quercus pubescens (*Pubescent oak*) Robinia pseudoacacia (*Black locust*) Trachycarpus fortunei (*Chinese windmill palm*)



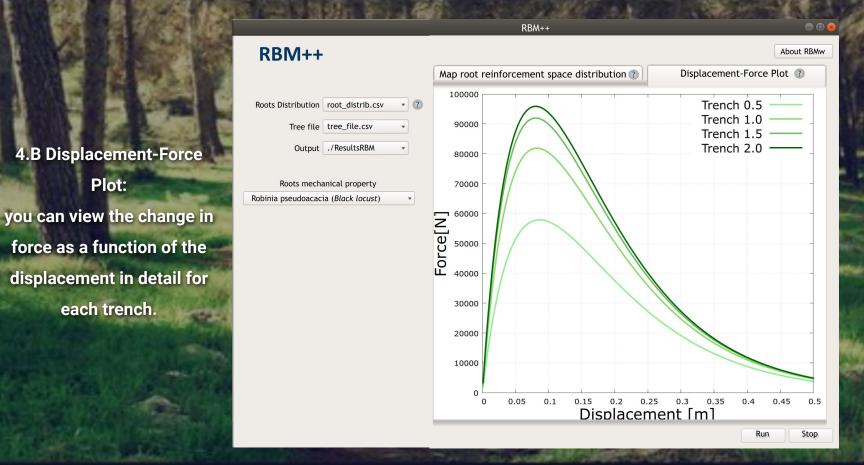
4.A Map root reinforcement space distribution: The spatial distribution of the trees and their diameters at 1.3 m (DBH) can be displayed. For trees where the root distribution has been analyzed, it is possible to visualize the trenches and display the maximum estimated force based on the intensity of the color.





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In this example the density of the root diameter classes was analyzed on 4 trenches 0.5m apart.



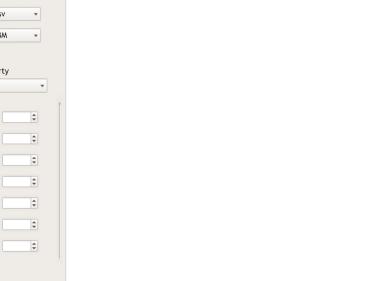
About RBMw

(cc

3.B User Define: Using the RBMw equations in the literature (Schwarz 2013, Dazio 2018), estimate the required parameters from the data collected in the field and enter them in the appropriate box.

#### RBM++

Roots Distribution	root_distrib.csv	•	(
Tree file	tree_file.csv	¥	
Output	./ResultsRBM	•	
Roots mecha	anical property		
User Define			•
	ponent ( $\alpha$ ) al mean (A)		
Weibull surviva	al stdev (B)	\$	
Root stiffness in	tercept (ki)	\$	
Root stiffnes	s slope (ks)	\$	
/eibull survival shape	e factor (ω)	*	



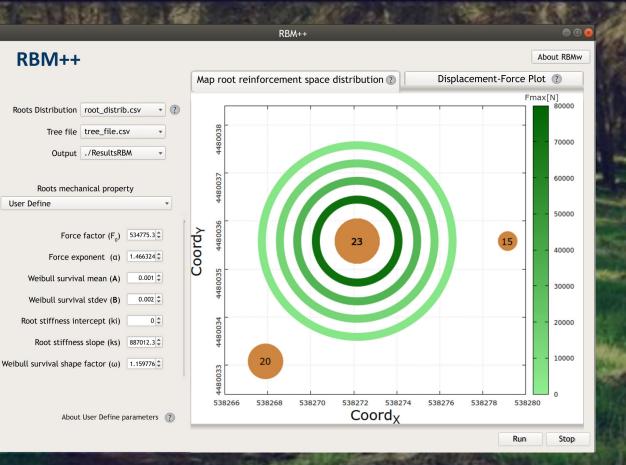
RBM++

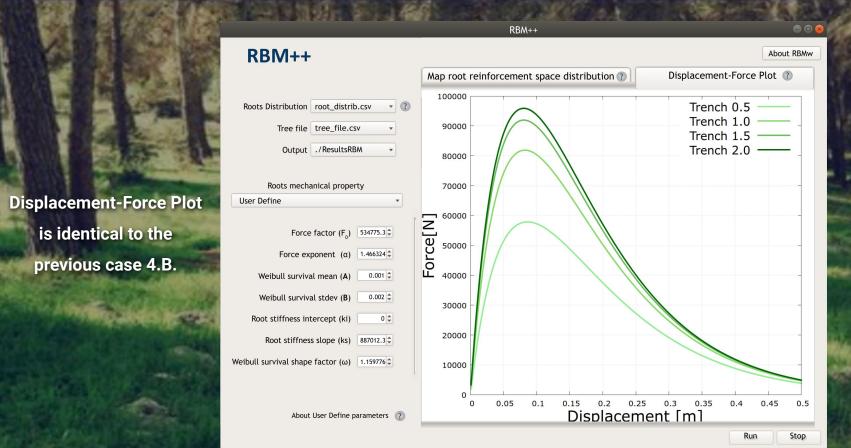
About User Define parameters

		RBM++	
	RBM++		About RBMw
	Roots Distribution root_distrib.csv • ?		
The values of the	Output ./ResultsRBM -		
arameters inserted derive	Roots mechanical property User Define *		
from recent analyses	Force factor (F <sub>a</sub> ) 534775.3 🗘		
carried out on the radical	Force exponent (a) 1.466324		
einforcement of the Black	Weibull survival mean (A)		
ocust species in Sardinia.	Weibull survival stdev (B)   0.002 \$     Root stiffness intercept (ki)   0 \$		
All and a second	Root stiffness slope (ks) 887012.3		
	Weibull survival shape factor (ω) 1.159776 C	Run	Stop

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Even with this mode they get the same graphic outputs. The map is identical to the previous case 4.A.







RBM++ makes it easier to share and exchange knowledge related to root reinforcement. Therefore, it will allow the realization of a database containing standard data on root mechanical behavior of tree species commonly used for shallow landslide mitigation.







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# Thanks for your attention



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