



NH7.2. 5 May 2020 D2070 EGU2020-20346

Changes in the timing and length of the fire season in Spain

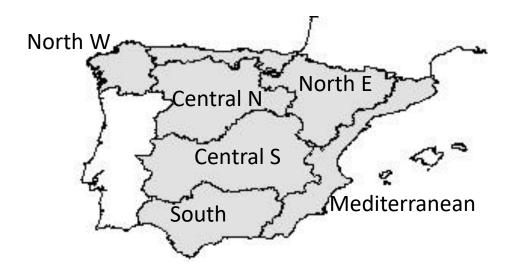
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Objective



To study inter-annual variation in fire season peak, timing, and length in Spain (1980-2013) based on fire statistics of regions



Methods

We studied annual time series of burned area by fitting GAMs (Generalized Additive Models) to establish

→ the start, end and length of the fire season

We applied trend analysis (Modified Mann-Kendall) to these parameters



Fire Season definition



GAM model

S parameter



Gam model: p_value= 0 R2= 0.95 Dev= 96.8 %

length

10 20 start 30 40 end 50

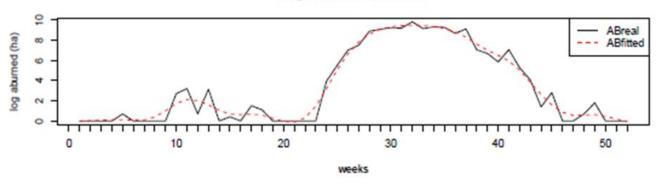
Weekly

central_South_Spain 1985

Log Area burned series

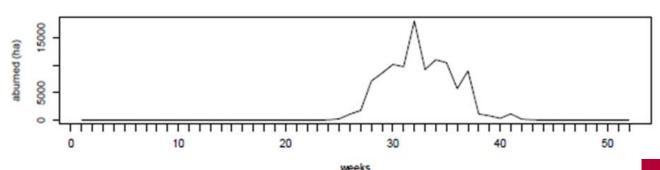
Log Area burned series (observed and fitted)





Area burned (ha) series

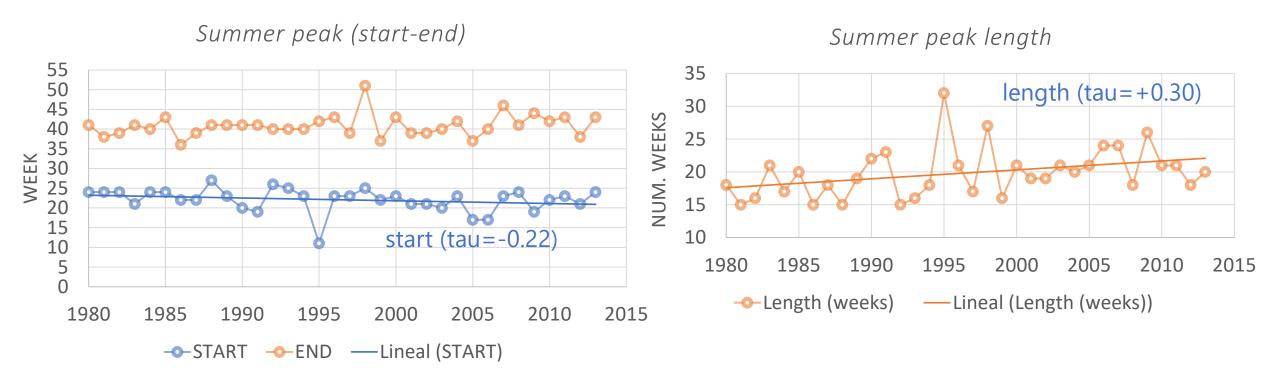
Area burned annual series (ha)



Results

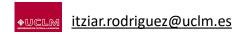


Central South Spain





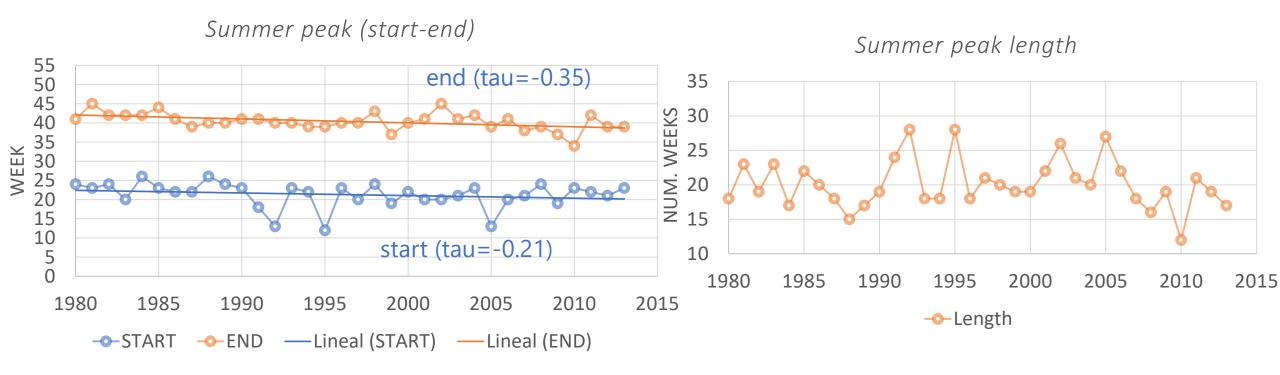




Results

South Spain



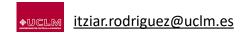




Earlier start and end



No significant trend in the length



Results



Summary Regions

Regions	start	end	length
North West	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.
North East	n.s.	n.s.	- tau (shorter)
Central North	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.
Central South	- tau (earlier)	n.s.	+ tau (longer)
South	- tau (earlier)	- tau (earlier)	n.s.
Mediterranean	- tau (earlier)	- tau (earlier)	n.s.

Conclusions

- 1. Trends are not general, and not aligned to an increase in fire seasonal severity.
- 2. Trends are being detected more in southern and Mediterranean regions than in northern ones.
- 3. The fire summer season is starting earlier but is also ending earlier.
- 4. No strong support for a longer fire season.



