

agriSat

Iberia, S.L.

Tu campo desde el cielo

**COMMERCIAL WHEAT
FERTILIZATION BASED ON
NITROGEN NUTRITION INDEX
AND YIELD FORECAST**

Carmen Plaza, María Calera, Anna Osann,
Jaime Campoy, Vicente Bodas, Alfonso Calera



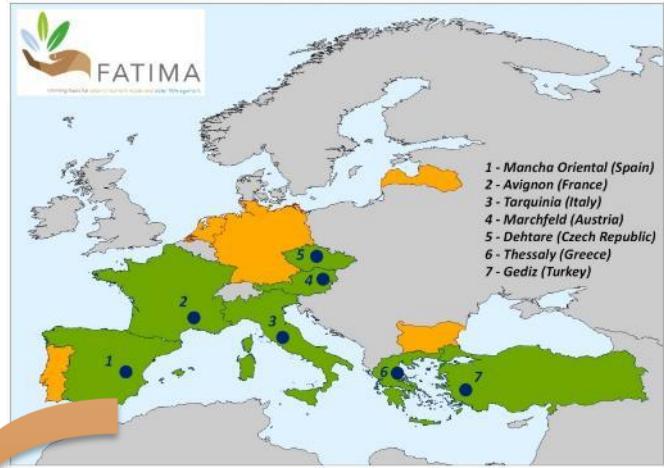
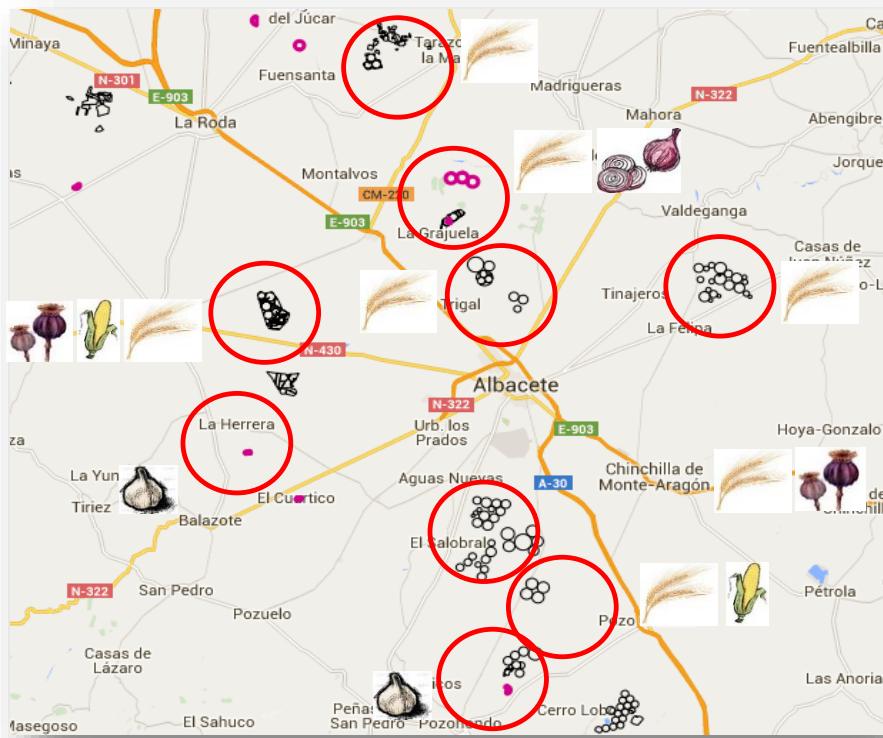
European Geoscience Union
4 – 8 May 2020





FATIMA

FArming Tools for external nutrient Inputs and water MAnagement



<http://fatima-h2020.eu/>

ALBACETE
Southeast of Spain,
semi-arid climate

23 plots
2 field campaigns
> 800 ha
5 crops
3.168 soil samples
3.112 biomass samples

at
Iberia, S.L.

In season Diagnostic Tool: Fine-tunning of N supply

Nitrogen Nutrition Index

Ratio between the actual nitrogen concentration (%Na) over the critical nitrogen concentration (%Nc) for the crop analyzed (*Justes et al., 1997*)

$$NNI = \frac{\%Na}{\%Nc}$$

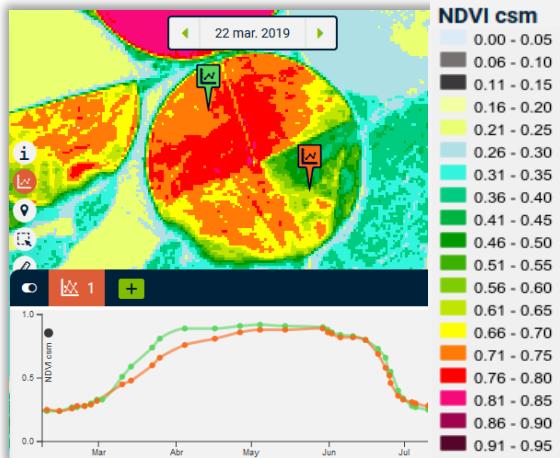
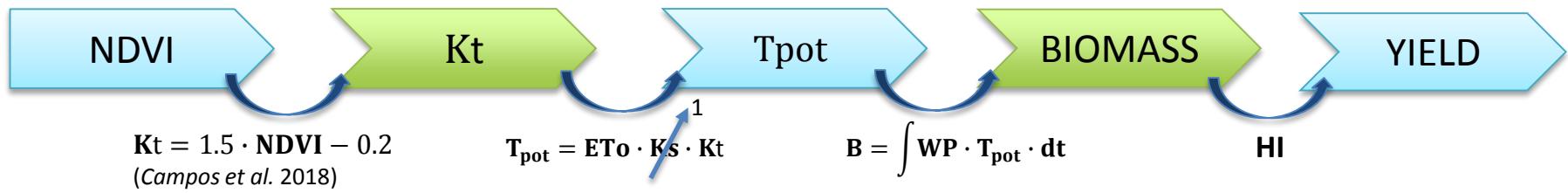
$$\%Na = \frac{QNa}{B}$$

$$\%Nc = A \cdot B^{-m}$$

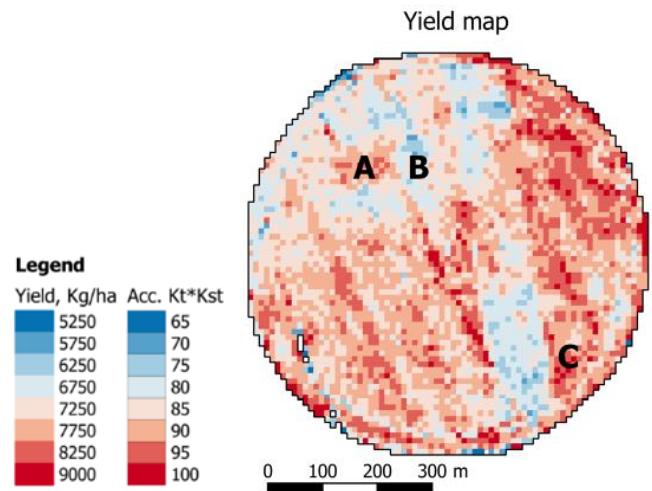


Biomass

Estimation of biomass and yield



Accumulated transpiration coefficient



Good correlation between RS based yield map and measured yield monitoring map



In season Diagnostic Tool: Fine-tuning of N supply

Nitrogen Nutrition Index

$$\text{NNI} = \frac{\%Na}{\%Nc}$$

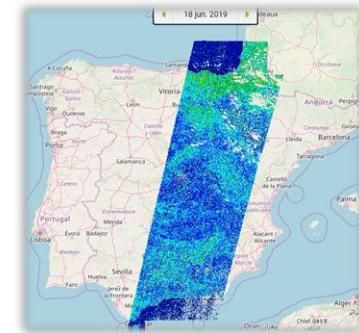
$$\%Na = \frac{QNa}{B}$$

$$QNa = 38.56 \cdot MTCI - 56.707$$

MERIS Terrestrial Chlorophyll index

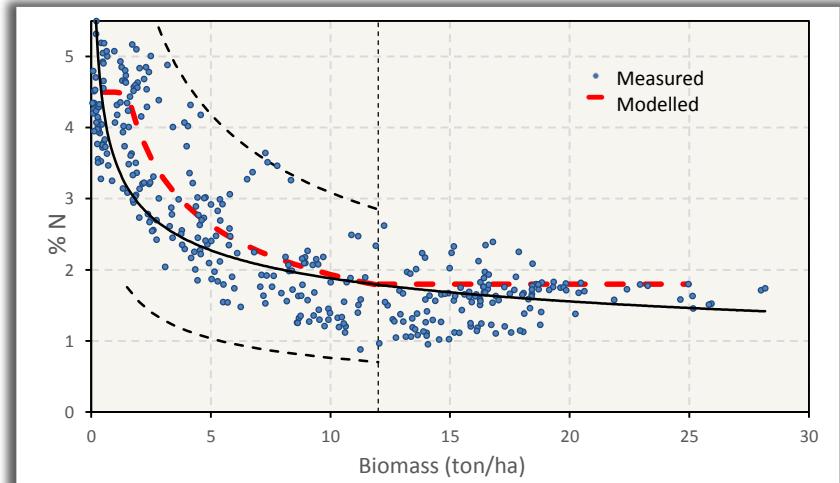
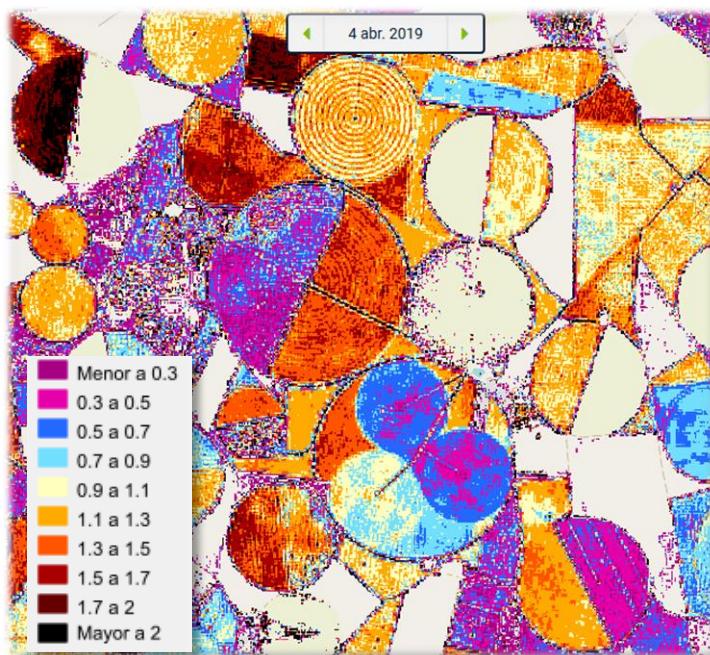
(Dash & Curran, 2004)

Spectral bands 6, 5 and 4 of Sentinel 2A and 2B



$$\%Nc = A \cdot B^{-m}$$

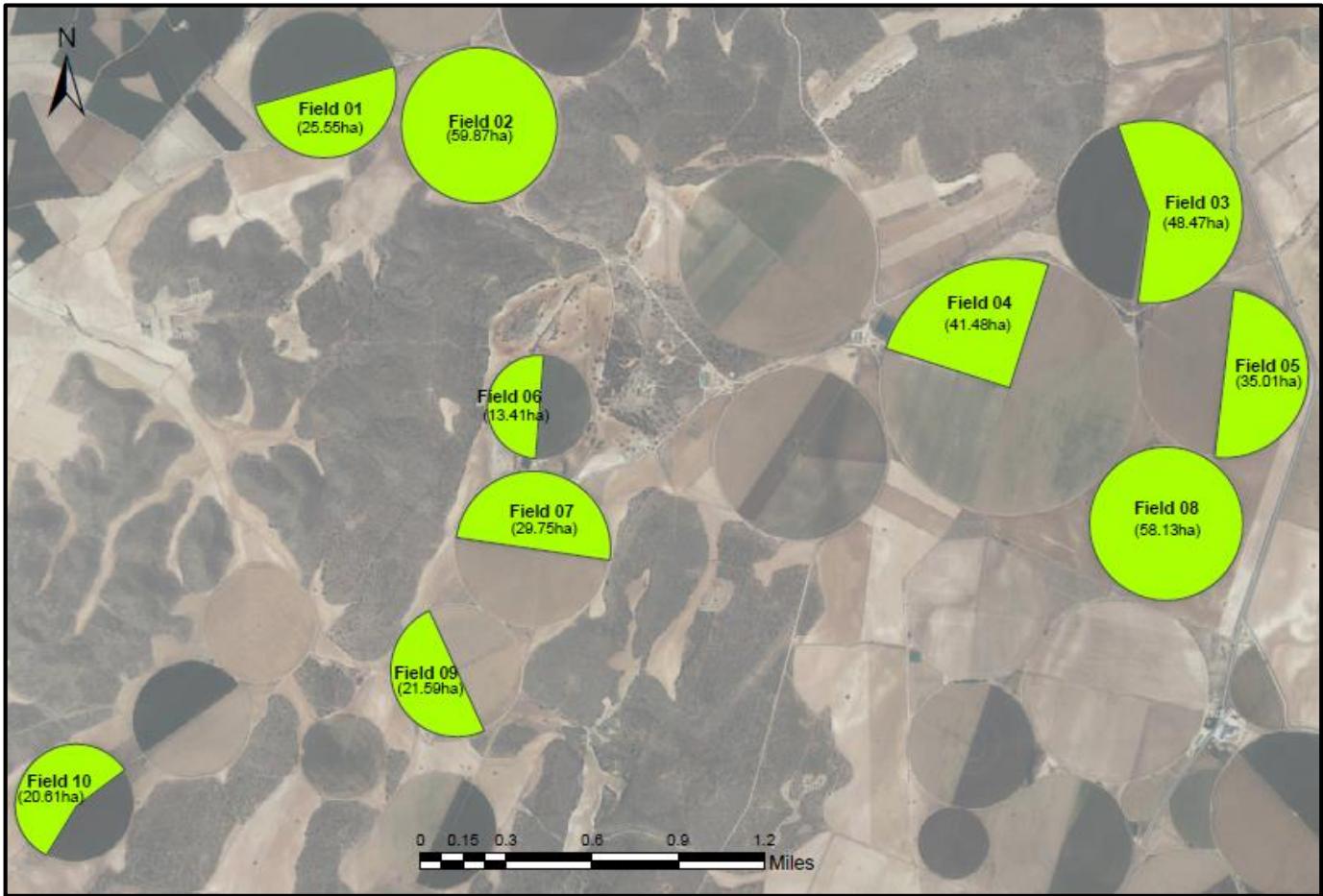
$$\%Nc = 5.35 \cdot B^{-0.442}$$



Justes, E., Mary, B., Meynard, J.-M., Machet, J.-M., Thelier-Huches, L., 1994. Determination of a critical nitrogen dilution curve for winter wheat crops. Annals of Botany 74, 397–407.

Practical application in a farm

Campaign 2019
354 ha
Wheat
10 Irrigated plots
Albacete
Semi-arid climate
Shallow soils



- Target yield: 10 ton/ha
- Protein content: 14 - 15%
- N uptake: 32 Kg N/ton (320 Kg N/ha)
- Fertilizer: UAN-32, 5-6 split applications

PLANNING OF FERTILIZATION

FERTILIZATION	N (Kg/ha)
Pre-sowing	53
Top dressing	187
TOTAL	240

14 May (flowering): + 32 Kg N/ha

11.328 NFU (total surface)

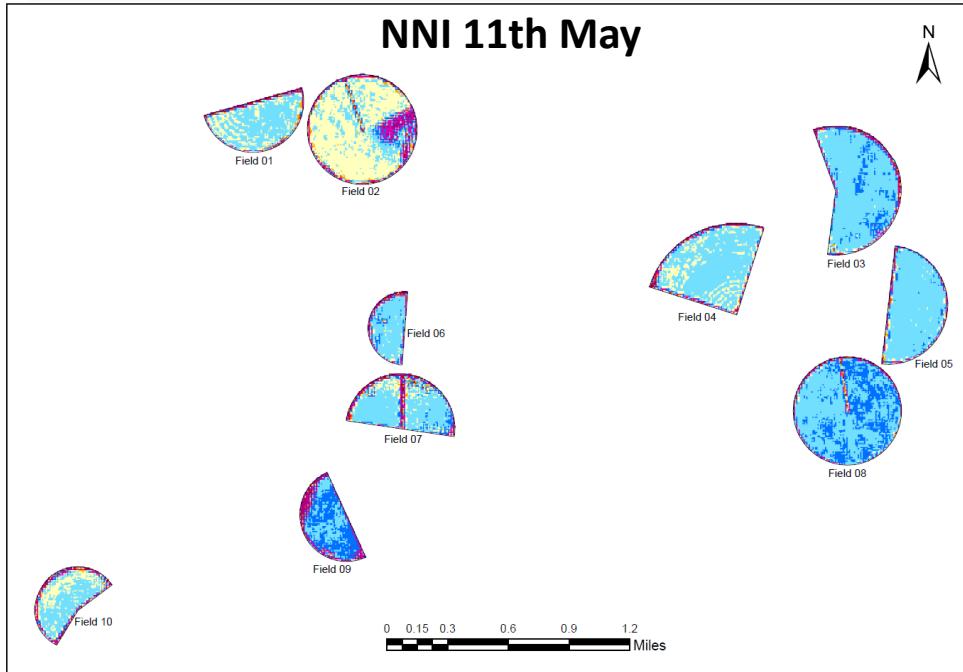
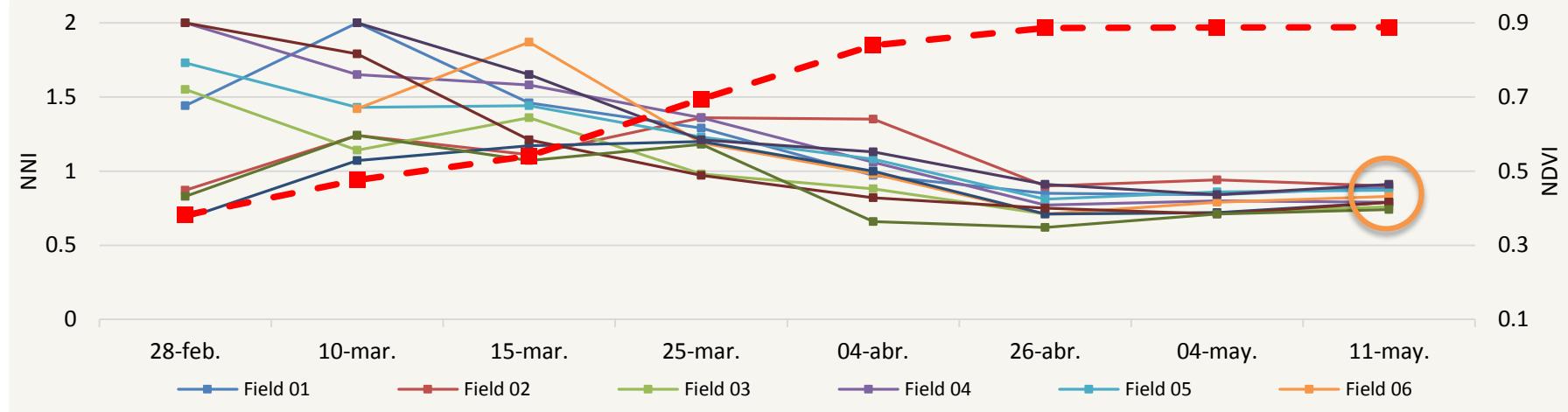


Is it necessary to apply more N?

LET'S ANSWER SOME QUESTIONS

Practical application in a farm

1.- What is the NNI level in each plot?



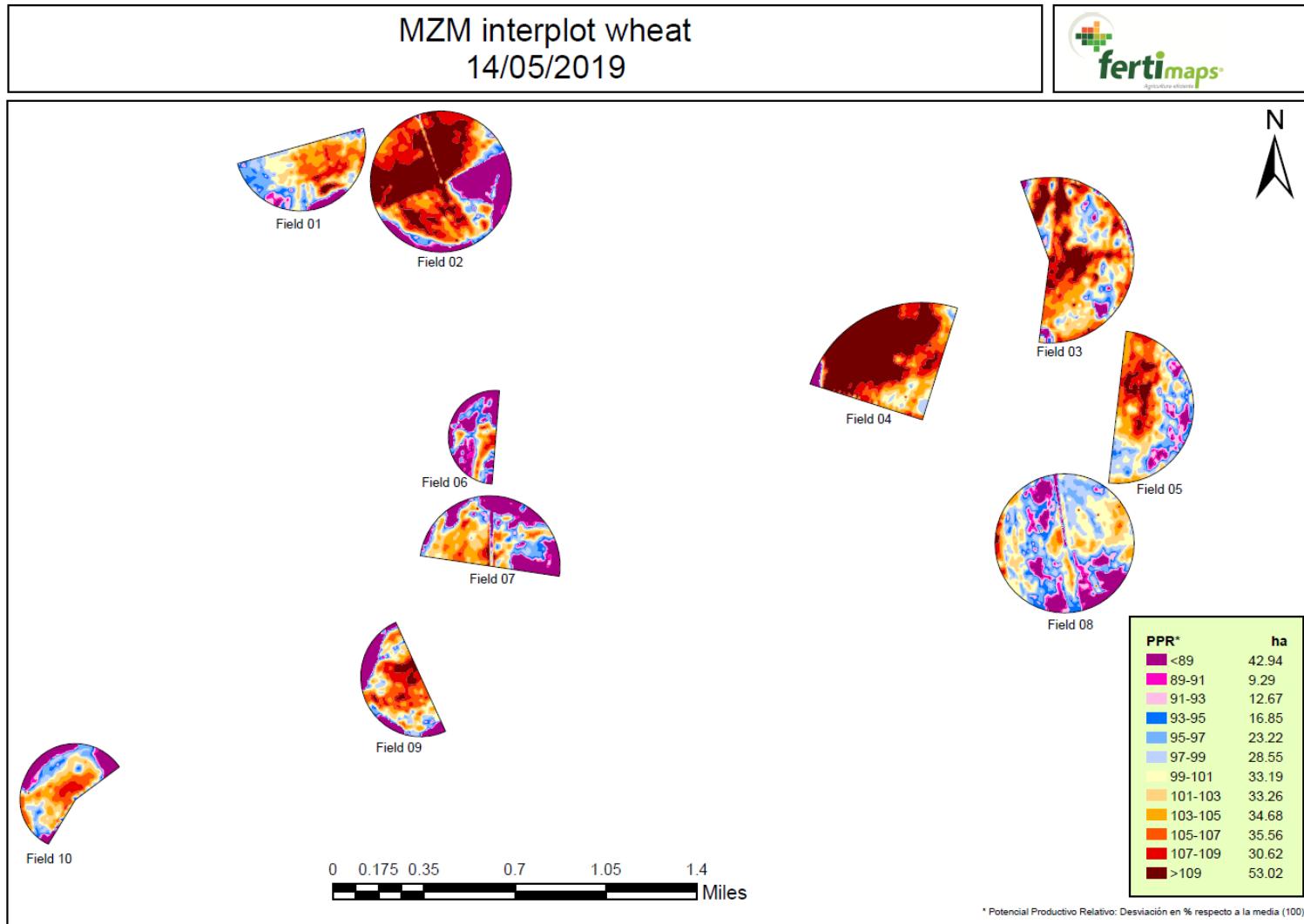
NNI

< 0.3
0.3 - 0.5
0.5 - 0.7
0.7 - 0.9
0.9 - 1.1
1.1 - 1.3
1.3 - 1.5
1.5 - 1.7
1.7 - 2
> 2

- under N (fields 8, 9 and southeast 2 fields 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7)
- optimum N (fields 2 and 10)
- extra N

Practical application in a farm

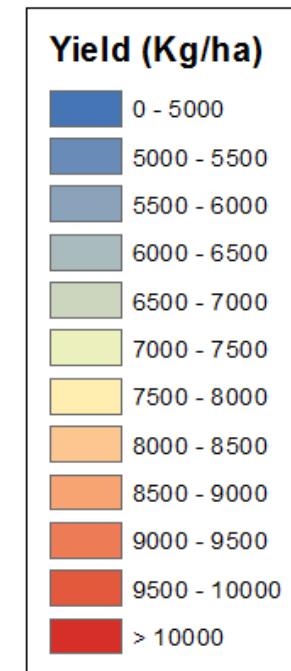
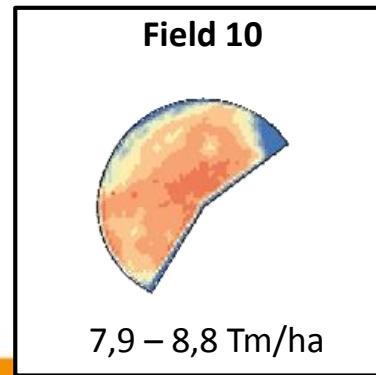
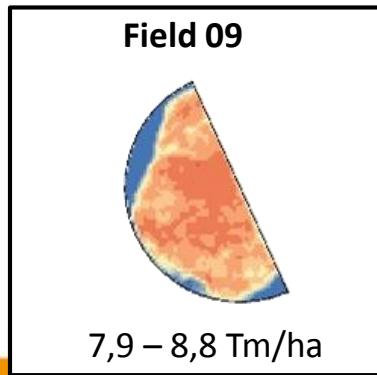
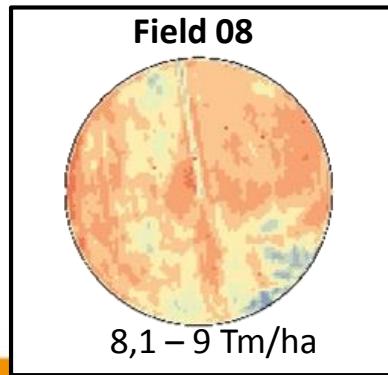
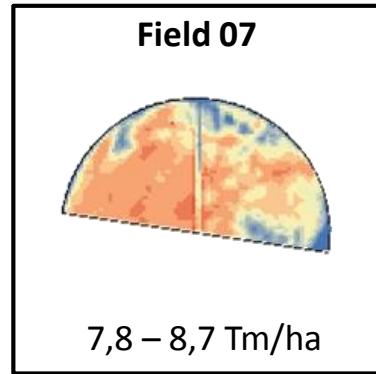
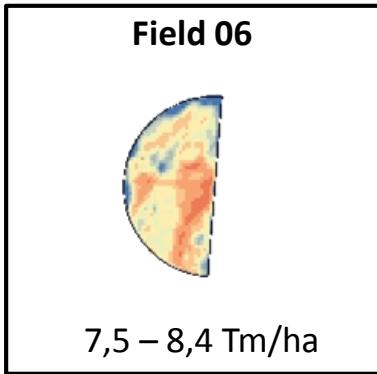
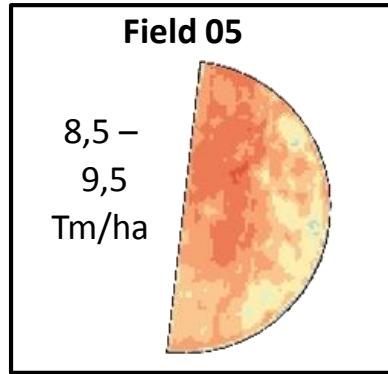
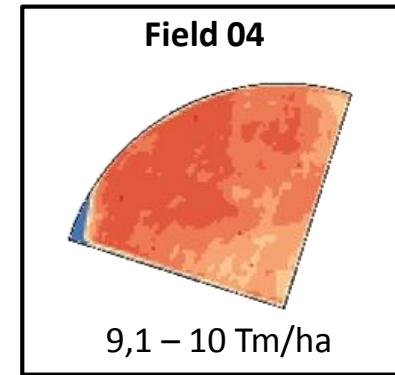
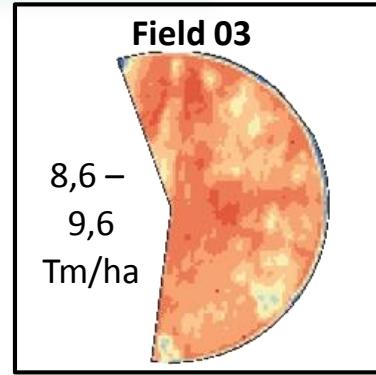
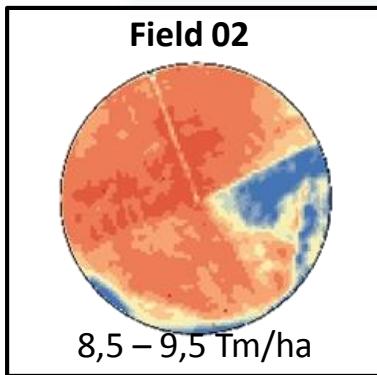
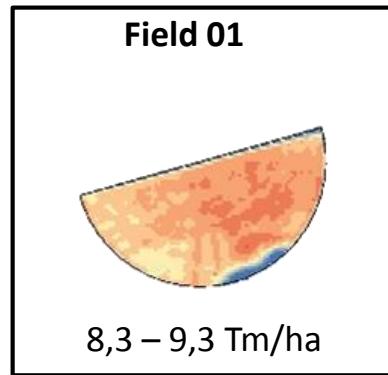
2.- What is the spatial distribution of productive potential?



Practical application in a farm

3.- What is the expected yield in each plot?

FORECAST HARVEST



Practical application in a farm

4.- What is the necessary amount of N to obtain these yields?

Field	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10
Yield forecast (tm/ha)	8,8	9	9,1	9,6	9	8	8,2	8,5	8,3	8,3
N uptake (Kg/ha)	282	288	291	307	288	256	262	272	266	266
Applied N (Kg/ha)	240	240	240	240	240	240	240	240	240	240
Pending N (Kg/ha)	42	48	51	67	48	16	22	32	26	26
NNI evolution	0.89	0.9	0.76	0.79	0.87	0.83	0.79	0.79	0.74	0.91
11-may	0.84	0.94	0.72	0.8	0.86	0.79	0.72	0.71	0.71	0.84
04-may	0.85	0.9	0.71	0.77	0.81	0.71	0.71	0.75	0.62	0.91
26-abr	0.97	1.35	0.88	1.06	1.08	0.98	1	0.82	0.66	1.13
04-abr	1.29	1.36	0.98	1.36	1.23	1.19	1.2	0.97	1.18	1.21
25-mar	1.46	1.11	1.36	1.58	1.44	1.87	1.17	1.21	1.07	1.65
15-mar	2	1.24	1.14	1.65	1.43	1.42	1.07	1.79	1.24	2
Apply 32 NFU			Apply 64 NFU			Apply 32 NFU			Not apply	

Usual management vs NNI strategy

		USUAL MANAGEMENT		NNI STRATEGY		RESULTS	
Field	Surface (ha)	N (Kg/ha)	N (Kg)	N (Kg/ha)	N (Kg)	Real yield (Tn/ha)	Protein (%)
01	25,6	32	819	32	819	9,9	15,4
02	45		1440	32	1440	8,3	14,6
02	15		480			8,4	15,6
03	48,5		1552	64	3104	9,9	15,2
04	41,5		1328	64	2656	8,7	13,6
05	35		1120	32	1120	6,6	13,6
06	13,4		429			8,1	14,5
07	29,8		954			8,2	14,3
08	58		1859			6,8	14,2
09	21,6		691			7	13,8
10	20,6		659				
		11.331 Kg N		9.139 Kg N			

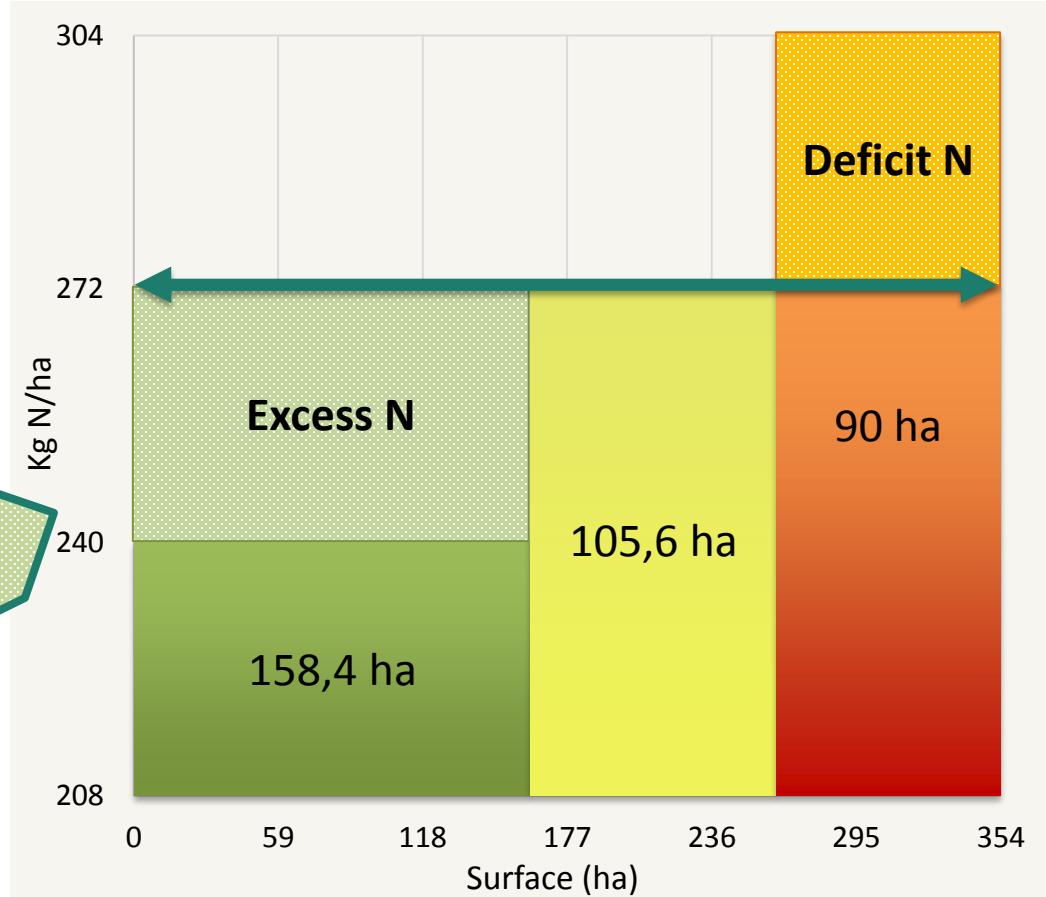
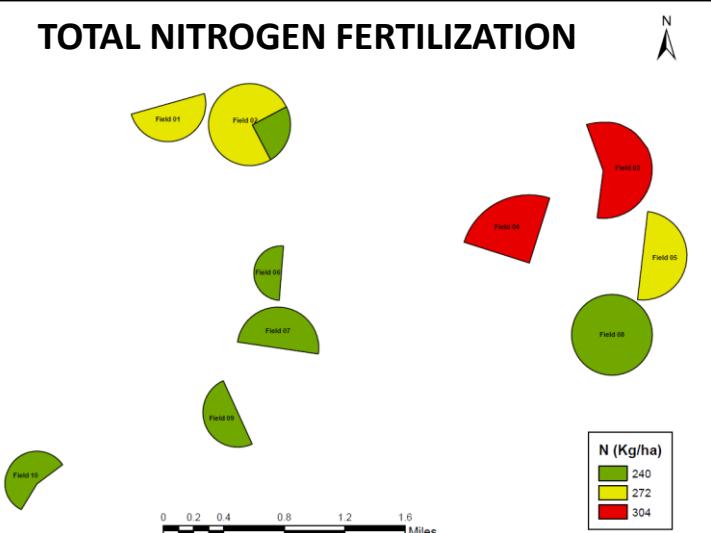
Savings of 2.192 Kg N

6.850 Kg fertilizer
(UAN32)

€ 1.750
(1 application)

Environmental savings

TOTAL NITROGEN FERTILIZATION



- ✓ ***EO time series are the main input to estimate yield forecast and the NNI generation.*** Boths products are crucial to ***make the fertilization decission.***
- ✓ ***The methodology manages to reduce N amounts: environmental and economic benefits.***
- ✓ ***Excellent protein content, the highest value in the history of the farm (14,5 % average for the total).***
- ✓ ***Operational procedure, at low cost for farmers.***



THANK YOU!



Tu campo desde el cielo

carmen.plaza@agrisat.es