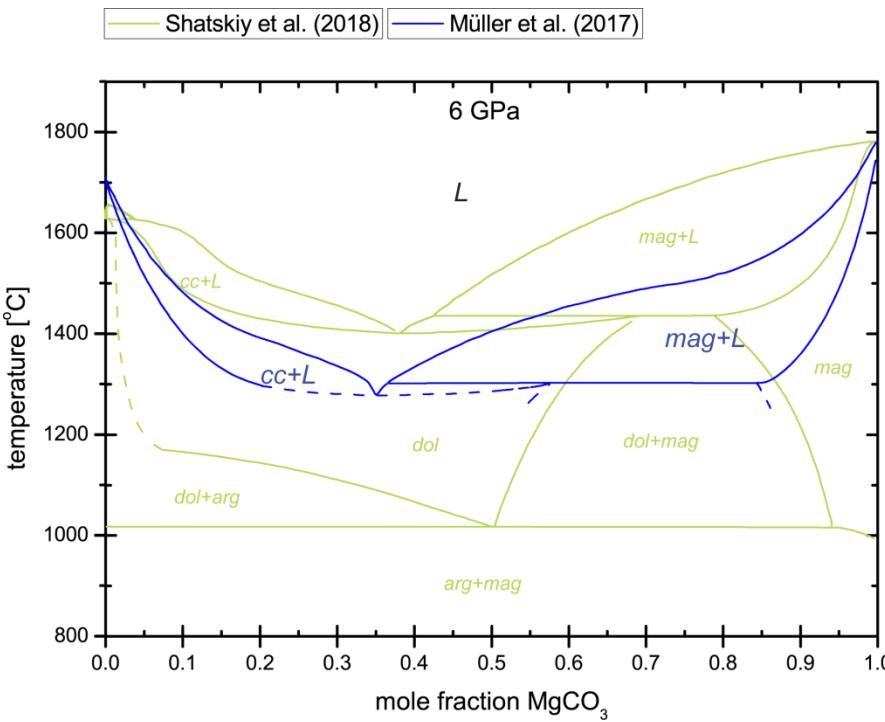


Phase relations of Ca-Mg-carbonates and trace element partition coefficients between carbonates and dolomitic melt at 6 (and 9) GPa

– Sieber M. J., Wilke F. D., Reichmann H-J., Koch-Müller M.

Introduction / Motivation

- The onset and composition of incipient melting of carbonated peridotites and carbonated eclogites are influenced by the pure $\text{CaCO}_3\text{-MgCO}_3$ system [1, 2, 3]
 - making the understanding of the phase relations of Ca-Mg carbonates fundamental in assessing carbon fluxes in the mantle
 - raising question to which extent the trace element signature of the incipient melt will also be affected by the melting of carbonates
- Despite this relevance, the melting relations of Ca-Mg-carbonates were poorly constrained (compare blue [4] and green [5] solidus and liquidus in figure on the right)



[1] Brey, G.P., Bulatov, V.K., Girmis, A.V., Lahaye, Y. (2008) Experimental melting of carbonated peridotite at 6-10 GPa. *Journal of Petrology*, 49, 797-821. [2] Dasgupta, R., Hirschmann, M.M., Withers, A.C. (2004) Deep global cycling of carbon constrained by the solidus of anhydrous, carbonated eclogite under upper mantle conditions. *EPSL*, 227, 73-85. [3] Yaxley, G.M., Green, D.H. (1994) Experimental demonstration of refractory carbonate-bearing eclogite and siliceous melt in the subduction regime. *EPSL*, 128, 313-325. [4] Müller, J., Koch-Müller, M., Rhede, D., Wilke, F.D., Wirth, R. (2017) Melting relations in the system $\text{CaCO}_3\text{-MgCO}_3$ at 6 GPa. *Amer Miner*, 102, 2440-2449. [5] Shatskiy, A., Podborodnikov, I.V., Arefiev, A.V., Minin, D.A., Chanyshhev, A.D., Litasov, K.D. (2018) Revision of the $\text{CaCO}_3\text{-MgCO}_3$ phase diagram at 3 and 6 GPa. *Amer Miner*, 103, 441-452. **Figure:** © Sieber, M.J., Wilke, F., Koch-Müller, M. (2020) Partition Coefficients of trace elements between carbonates and melt and suprasolidus phase relations of Ca-Mg-carbonates at 6 GPa. *American Mineralogist*. All rights reserved

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Methods and Results I : phase diagram at 6 GPa

- multi-anvil experiments were performed to (re-) investigate the supra-solidus phase relations of Ca-Mg-carbonates and to investigate the trace element partitioning between carbonates (magnesite, calcite) and dolomitic melt
 - Enhancing equilibrium between solids and liquid, the multi-anvil press was rotated 360° throughout the entire run duration and rotation was stop within <30 sec before quenching
- The obtained supra-solidus phase relations (grey circles and white diamonds in figure on the right) are confirmed by thermodynamic modelling of the system (not shown)

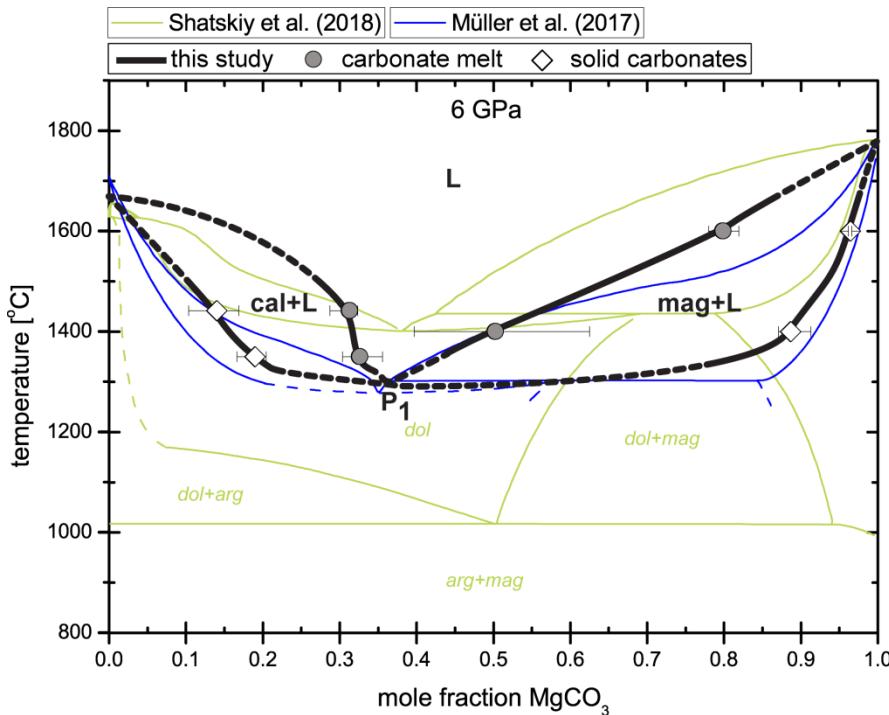


Figure: © Sieber,M.J., Wilke, F., Koch-Müller,M. (2020) Partition Coefficients of trace elements between carbonates and melt and suprasolidus phase relations of Ca-Mg-carbonates at 6 GPa. American Mineralogist. All rights reserved

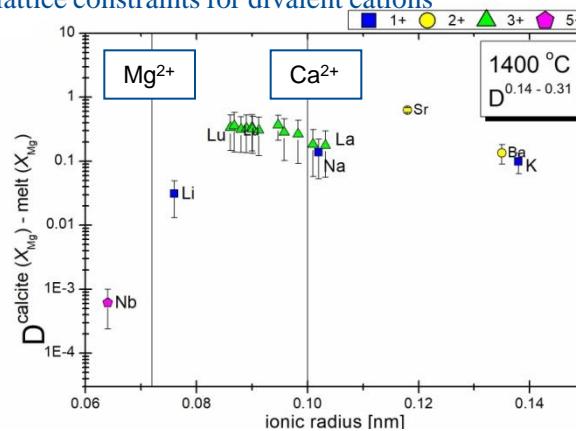
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Results II : partition coefficients at 6 GPa

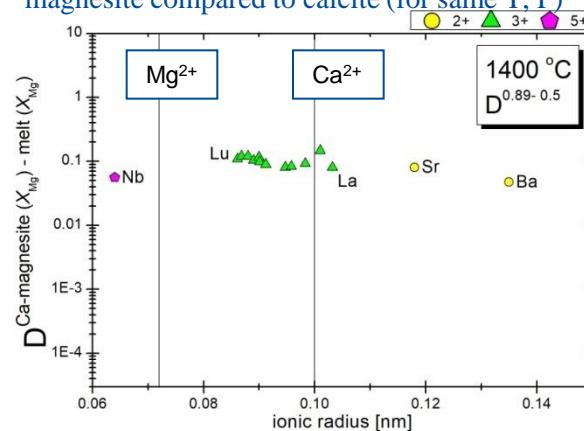
Calcite ($\text{Ca}_{0.86-0.81}\text{Mg}_{0.14-0.19}(\text{CO}_3)_2$) to dolomitic melt ($\text{Ca}_{0.31-0.??}\text{Mg}_{0.??-0.??}(\text{CO}_3)_2$)

- Na, K, Sr, Ba, Y, and REEs are slightly incompatible with $D \sim 0.1 - 0.8$.
- trace element distribution seems to follow lattice constraints for divalent cations



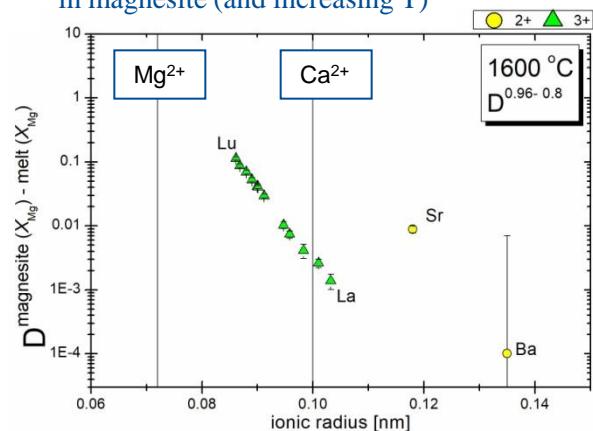
Ca-magnesite ($\text{Ca}_{0.11}\text{Mg}_{0.89}(\text{CO}_3)_2$) to dolomitic melt ($\text{Ca}_{0.31-0.??}\text{Mg}_{0.??-0.??}(\text{CO}_3)_2$)

- single valent Li, Na, K are incompatible (bdl)
- D for Y+REEs are ~ 0.1
- Sr^{2+} , Ba^{2+} are ~ 10 times less compatible in Ca-magnesite compared to calcite (for same T, P)



Magnesite ($\text{Ca}_{0.04}\text{Mg}_{0.96}(\text{CO}_3)_2$) to Mg-rich dolomitic melt ($\text{Ca}_{0.31-0.??}\text{Mg}_{0.??-0.??}(\text{CO}_3)_2$)

- strong fractionation of Y+REEs
- the compatibility of cations with ionic radii $\gtrsim \text{Ca}^{2+}$ decreases with decreasing Ca content in magnesite (and increasing T)



Abbreviations: bdl: below detection limit of Laser Ablation Inductively Coupled Plasma Mass Spectrometry measurements; D: partition coefficient between solid carbonate and carbonate melt; REE: rare earth elements; T: temperature; X_{Mg} molar fraction of Mg in Ca-Mg-CO₃

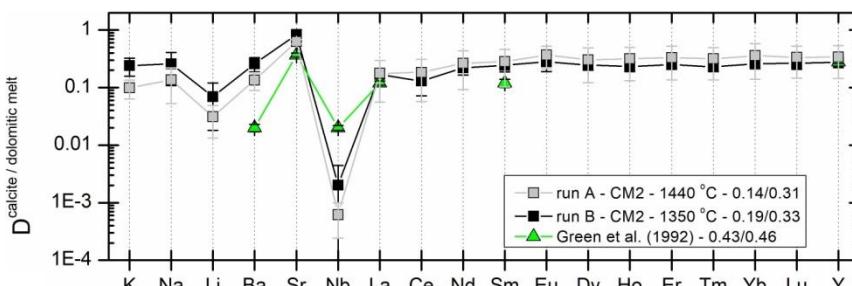
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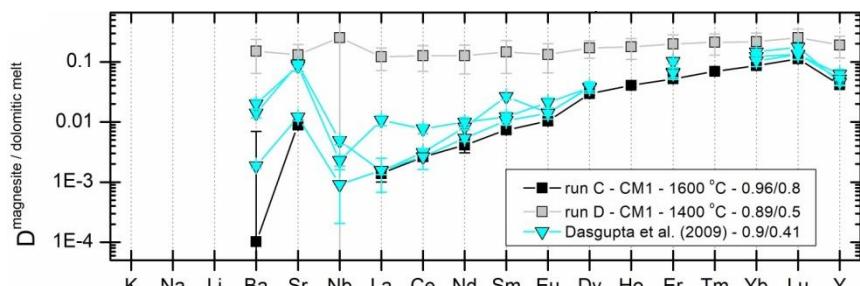
Implications

- (I) Ca-Mg-carbonates will (partially) melt at ~200 km depth for temperatures above ~1300 °C
- (II) The Sr and REE signature of a (Ca-rich) carbonatitic melt in equilibrium with calcite-pargasite-peridotite^[6] can be approximated by the pure carbonate system



Green et al. (1992) reported D's between a sodic, dolomitic magma and pargasite-augite-garnet-carbonate at 2.5 GPa and 1000 °C

- (III) The Sr and REE signature of a (Mg-rich) carbonatitic melt in equilibrium with a magnesite-garnet-lherzolithe^[7] can not be approximated by melting in the pure carbonate system (note the difference in temperature)



Dasgupta et al. (2009) reported D's between a carbonatitic melt and magnesite-garnet-lherzolithe (6.6 GPa, ~1250–1300 °C)