Effects of Upper-Hybrid Waves near the EDR: Change of Pressure Tensor and E field

Kyunghwan Dokgo¹, Kyoung-Joo Hwang¹, James L. Burch¹, Peter H. Yoon^{2,3,4}, Daniel B. Graham⁵, and Wenya Li^{5,6}

¹ Southwest Research Institute, San Antonio, TX, USA

- ² Institute for Physics Science and Technology, University of Maryland, College Park, MD, USA
- ³ School of Space Research, Kyung Hee University, Yongin, Republic of Korea
- ⁴ Korea Astronomy and Space Science Institute, Daejeon, Republic of Korea
- ⁵ Swedish Institute of Space Physics, Uppsala, SE-75121, Sweden

⁶ State Key Laboratory of Space Weather, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing, China

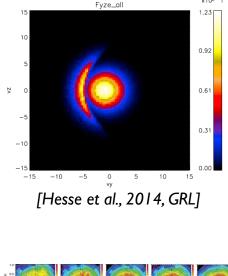


2020 EGU Online May 4 2020

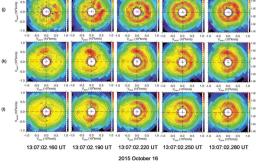


Introduction: Crescent Electrons

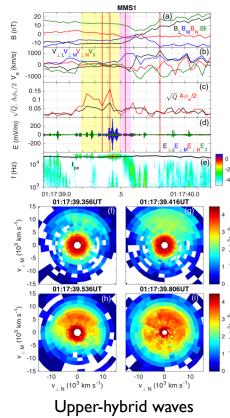




x10^ 1



[Burch et al., 2016, Science.]



[Graham et al., 2017, PRL.]

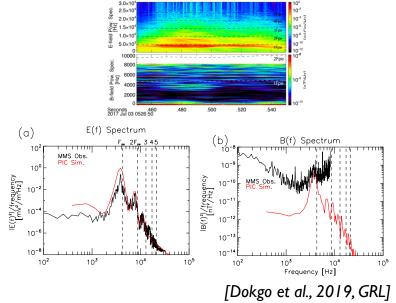
Crescent Electrons

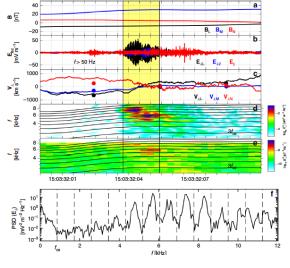
- Near EDRs
- Meandering motion of electron
- Expected by Hesse [2014]
- First observed by Burch [2016]

Beam-plasma Interaction

- Crescent and Core
- Large amplitude ES wave
- Thermalize or energize electrons

Introduction: High-Frequency Wave near EDR SwR





EM radiation

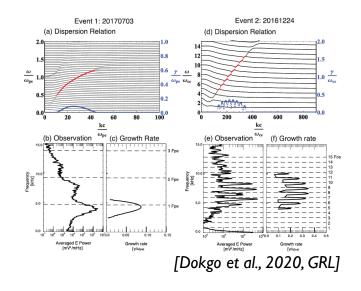
- Nonlinear beam-plasma interaction
- EM Radiation from wave-wave interactions

Beam-mode and Bernstein-mode

from agyrotropic electron

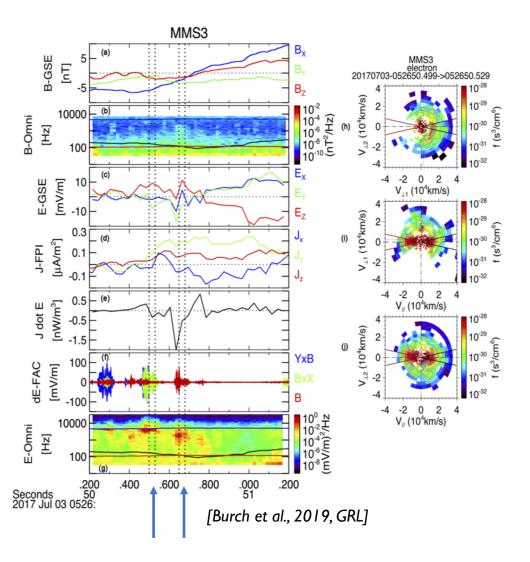
Nonlinear Harmonics and

The same generation mechanism: Interaction between agyrotropic beam and core.



[Li et al., 2020, Nat. Comm.]





Overview

- > 2017 July 3rd Event (MMS3)
- UTC 05:26:50.200-51.200, 1sec data

EDR features

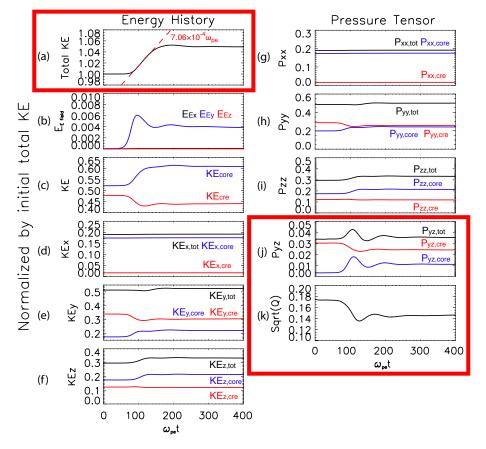
- Electron perp. Temp. increase
- Discrepancies between bulk electron velocities and E×B
- ≻ Finite $J \cdot E'$
- Crescent-shape electron distribution

Strong E-field perturbations

- Max. amplitude : ~150 mV/m
- Frequency :~ Fpe (~4kHz)

July 03 Event: PIC simulation





[Dokgo et al., in prep.]

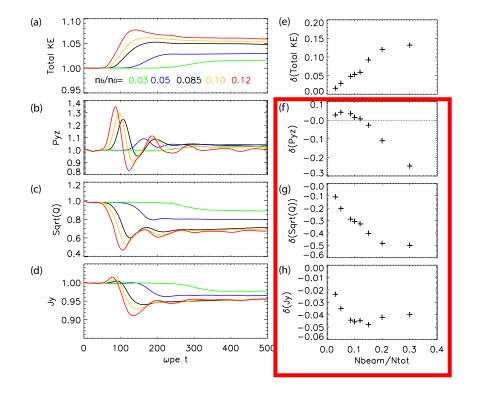
Time history of Energy and

Pressure tensors

- The increase rate of electron kinetic energy agrees with the MMS observation measured by J · E'
- Pyz increases due to the core population.
- Sqrt(Q) decreases
- Pyz and Sqrt(Q) can be changed oppositely.

More cases.





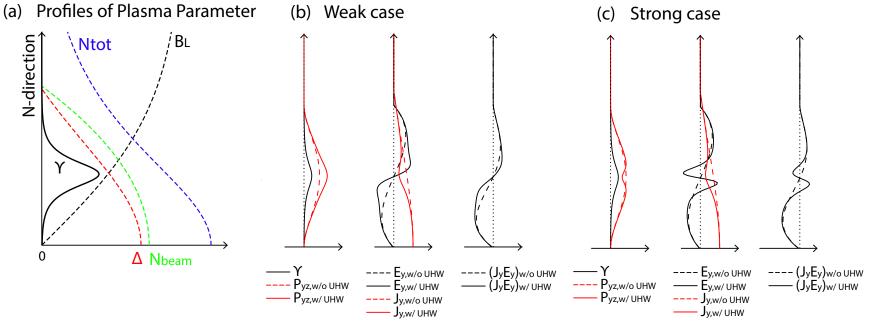
[Dokgo et al., in prep.]

More runs using various beam

densities

- Change of Pyz depends on the beam density.
- ➢ N_beam < 0.13: Pyz increase</p>
- N_beam > 0.13: Pyz decreases
- Current Jy decreases as a result of beam-plasma interaction

Plasma Parameters near EDR



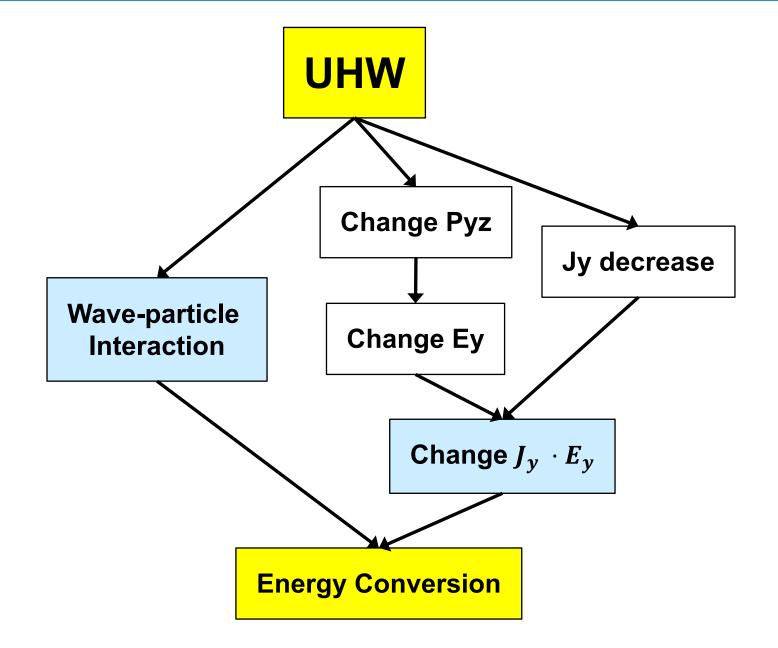
[Dokgo et al., in prep.]

Schematic diagram of plasma profiles w/ and w/o UHW

- Weak beam case: Ey field can be enhanced
- Strong beam case: Reversal of Ey field can be formed

Effects of UHW





Summary



- We Performed 2D PIC simulation for the generation of upper-hybrid waves near the EDR
- > Electron energization (heating) rate via wave-particle interaction agrees with the MMS observation measured by $J \cdot E'$
- The gyrotropy factor Sqrt(Q) and current Jy decreased as a result of wave activity.
- Off-diagonal pressure tensor Pyz
 - increased when N_beam < 0.13
 - decreased when N_beam > 0.13

> These changes of parameter can affect $J_y \cdot E'$ near the EDR

Thank you