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Vegetation restoration technology for Pisha Sandstone Area

Peiqing Xiao, Wenyi Yao, Pan Zhang

Yellow River Institute of Hydraulic Research

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Background

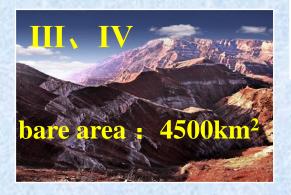


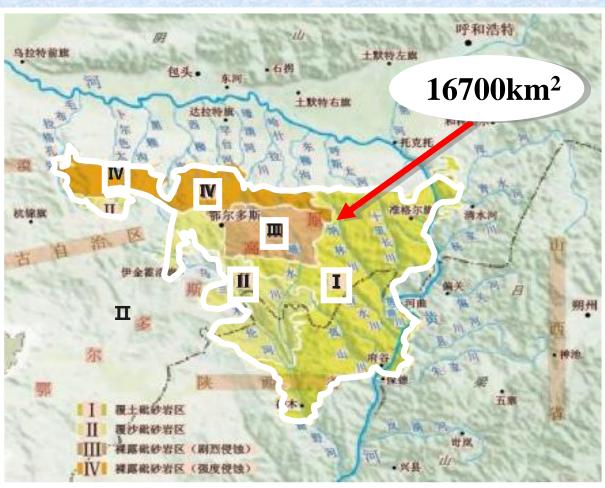
Pisha sandstone (PS) is composed of a thick layer sandstone, arenaceous shale, and mudstone.





II sand-covered area: 3800km²



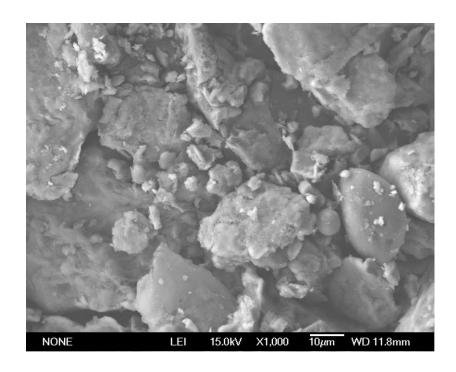


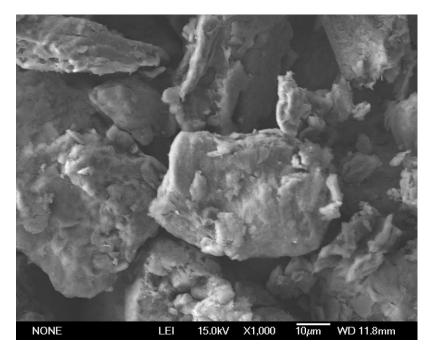
White: $Ca_{0.6}Na_{0.19}K_{0.05}(Si_{10.4}Al_{0.42})(Al_{3.52}Fe_{0.64})O_{10}(OH)_2$

 $Red: \ Ca_{0.8}Na_{0.07}K_{0.06}(Si_{9.3}Al_{0.31})(Al_{3.50}Fe_{3.19}Mg_{1.20})O_{10}(OH)_2$

Microstructure of PS

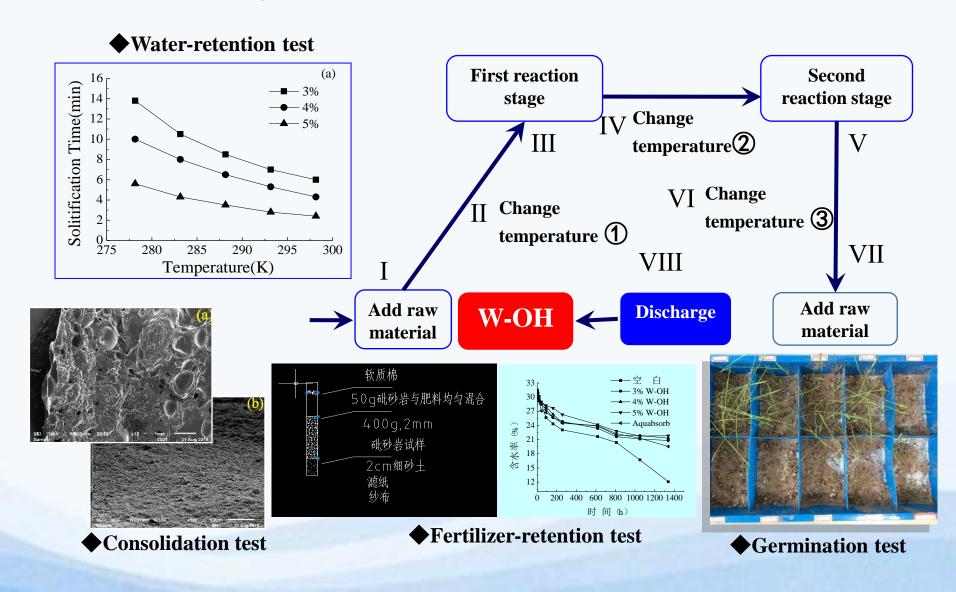
- Sediment particles are coarse, more than 80% of particles larger than 0.05mm.
- Obvious boundaries, few bonding substances and most of them are carbonates and clays.
- Porous cementation, strong friction and meshing force without water.



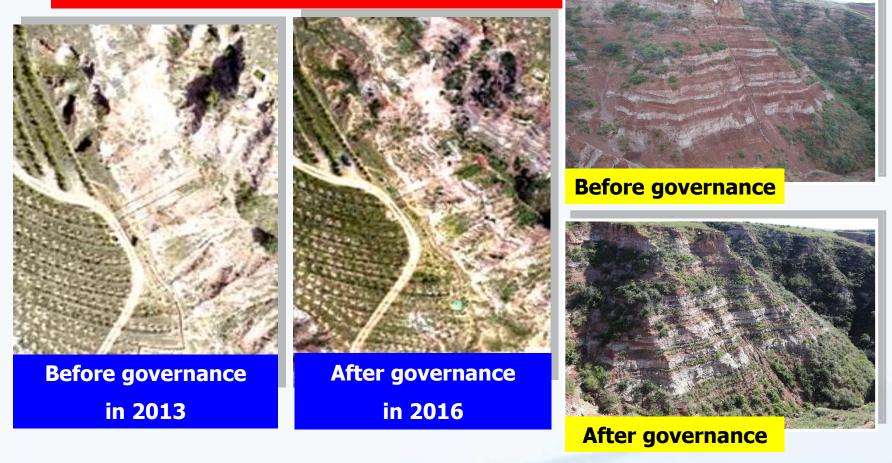


SEM images in 1000 times magnification

A type of consolidation plant-growing material is synthesized.



• Comprehensive governance effect in small watershed



The vegetation coverage increased from 25% to more than 75% after extensive promotion.



The method has been widely accepted by the local community and soil conservation bureau



Thanks!

