









High-Pressure serpentinization and abiotic methanogenesis in metaperidotite from the Appalachian subduction



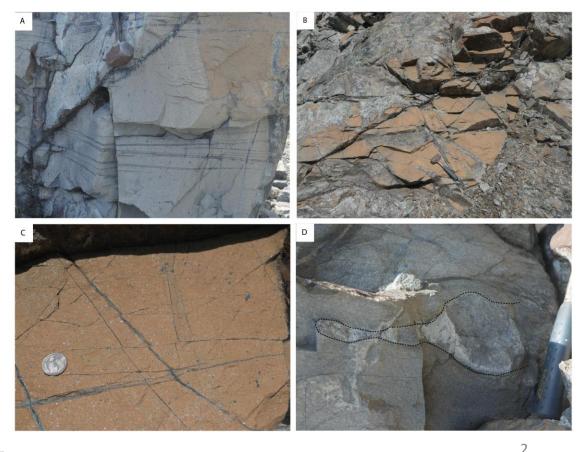
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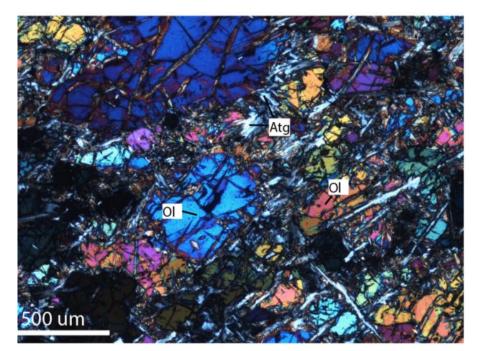


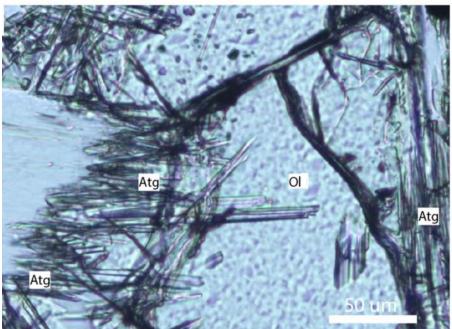
Field area: Belvidere Mountain Complex (BMC)

- **Belvidere Moutain Complexe Stowe Formation** Ultramafic rocks carbonaceous pyritiferous phyllit Ottauquechee Formation Amphibolite carbonaceous pyritiferous phyllite Greenstone **Hazen Notch Formation Tilloston Peak Complex** Blueschist Amphibolite and Green eclogite Schist/Gneiss
- Appalachian subduction, to \sim 450°C and \sim 1.2 Gpa
- Ultramafic body embedded in metasediments
- Serpentinites and fresh peridotites

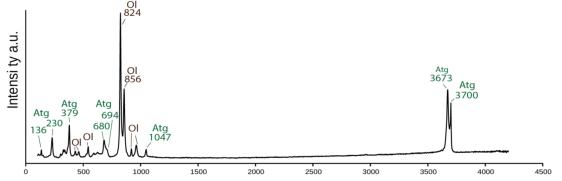


Petrography and microstructures



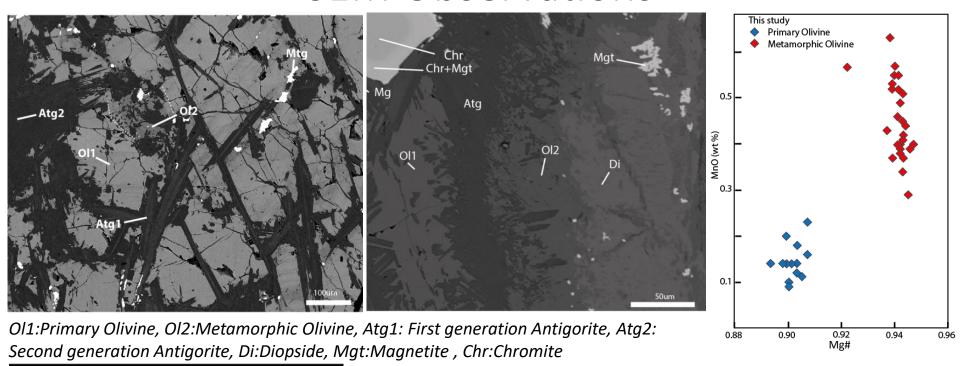


Ol:Olivine Atg:Antigorite



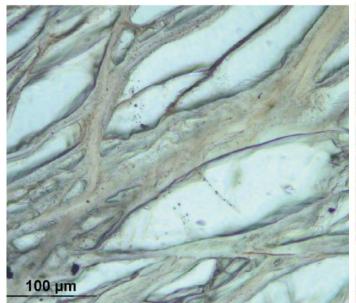
- Static serpentinization
- Mantle olivine preserved
- Antigorite (T> 400°C)
- Overgrowth of antigorite on olivine

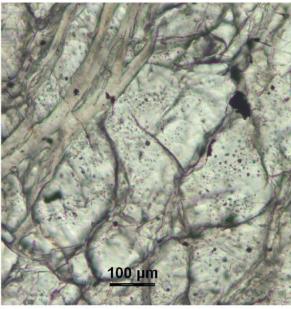
SEM Observations

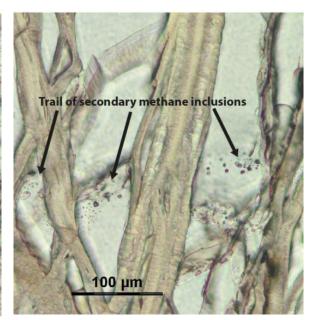


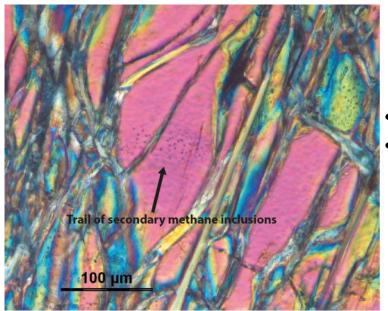
- Atg NiS NiFe NiCuFe
- Metamorphic olivine: higher Mg# and MnO content
- Zoned antigorite, bright core enriched in Cr and Al
- Atg2 replaces both primary olivine and metamorphic olivine
 - Second generation of antigorite formation is post metamorphic olivine formation
- Presence of Fe-Ni alloy indicates low fO₂ condition

Fluid inclusions



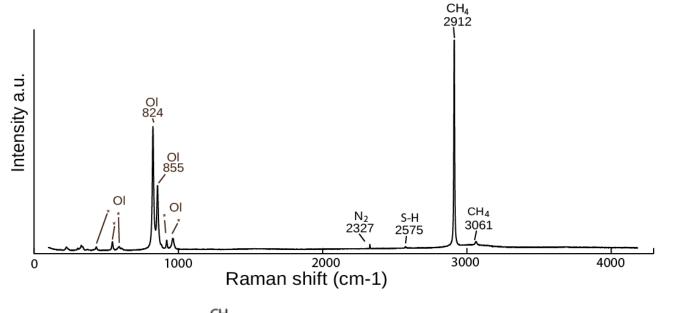


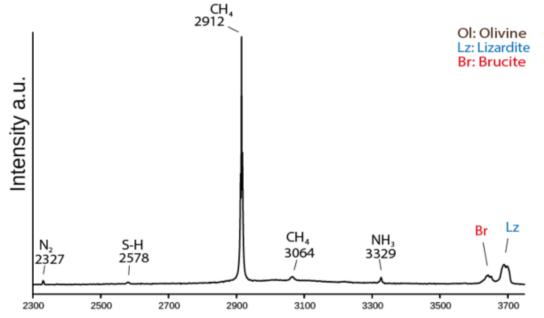




- Methane-rich inclusion trails in primary olivine
- Trails are probably syn-antigorite
 - > Fluid trapping linked to the serpentinization event

Fluid inclusions: Raman spectra





- Ubiquitous CH₄
- Presence of N in all inclusions
 - > Consistent with subduction fluids
- Presence of NH₃ and S-H bond
- Lizardite and Brucite as step-daughter minerals (H₂O initially present)
- Absence of H₂

Interpretations and conclusion

- Two stages serpentinization in the Belvidere with a least one in the antigorite stability field indicating an event of high pressure serpentinization in the subduction zone
- Antigorite growth on metamorphic olivine indicates hydration in subduction conditions
- Methane inclusions are associated with the antigorite serpentinization event, and the presence of alloys that can be catalysts for CH₄ formation
- Presence of nitrogen in the fluid inclusions is consistent with metamorphic fluid in subduction zones
- The Belvidere massif recorded high-pressure serpentinization and associated genesis of deep abiotic CH₄