Ambient seismic noise monitoring:

an online application for decision makers;

example of various applications for different slopes configurations.

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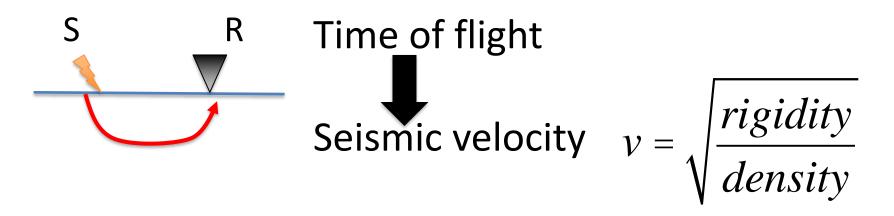
From: M. Le Breton, N. Bontemps, A. Guillemot, L. Baillet, E. Larose Landslide Monitoring Using Seismic Ambient Noise Interferometry: Challenges and Applications, Earth Science Review (in revision, 2020)



Main conclusions

- Ambient noise correlation method has been applied on 9 landslides to date => insights.
- Large drop of seismic velocity (below -5%) before observed before two earthflow failures (Pont-Bourquin & Montevecchio)
- Slow-motion of a deep-seated landslide was correlated with a lower seismic velocity (below -1.2%) (Maca, Peru)
- The velocity slowly recovers (several days/weeks) after a motion or failure event
- Seismic velocity monitoring can provide precursor on earthflows, but can also help to monitor reconsolidation after a failure
- Seismic velocity is also reduced by higher groundwater elevation and by snowmelt.



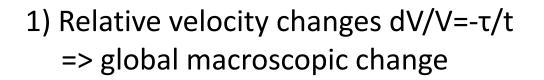


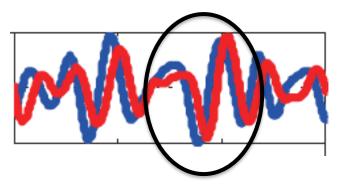
- dV/V <0
 - > Increase of density (water content)
 - > decrease of stress (acousto-elasticity)
 - > decrease of rigidity (fracturation/damage)



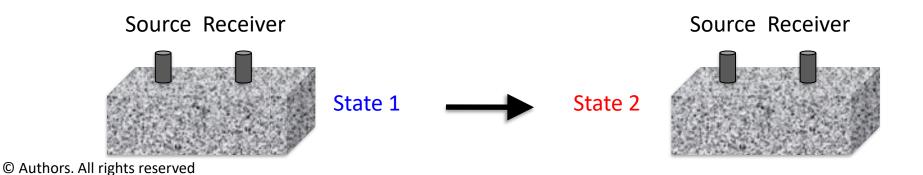


X-correlations-> 2 kinds of changes

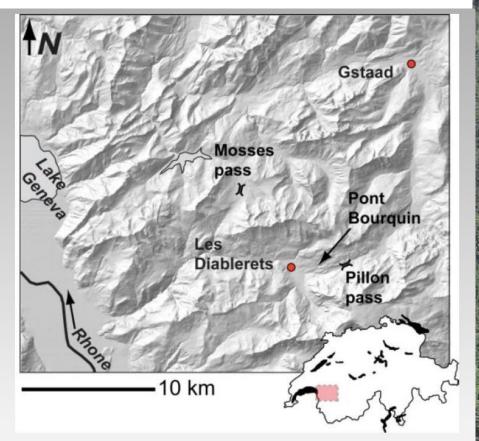




2) Waveform decorrelation
=> Change of structure, geometry
=> fluid injection...

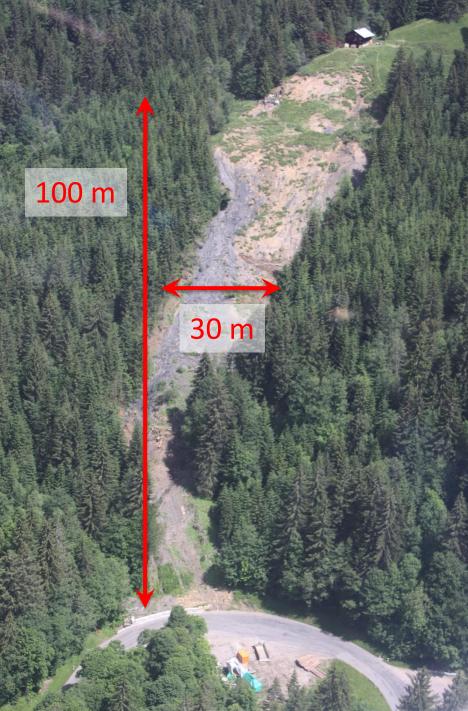


Les Diablerets (Suisse)



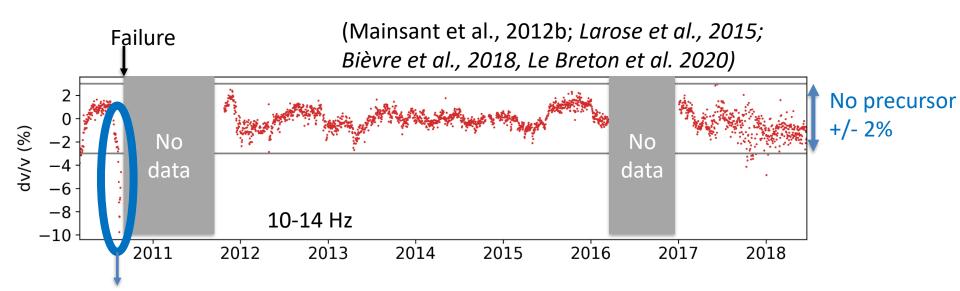
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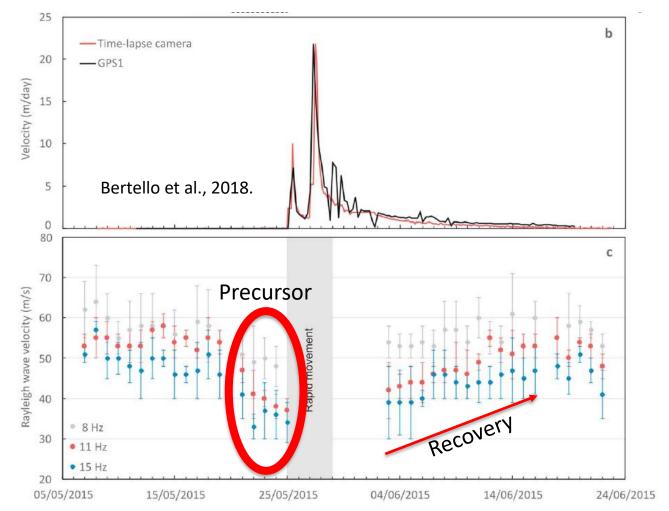
Precursor drop of dv/v observed five days before a major failure No other major failure since 2010, and no major drop of dv/v

-> Is dV/V a systematic indicator for failure ?
-> What happens after the failure ?
-> role of rainfalls? Earthquakes ?

Montevecchio landslide, Italy



Montevecchio landslide, Italy



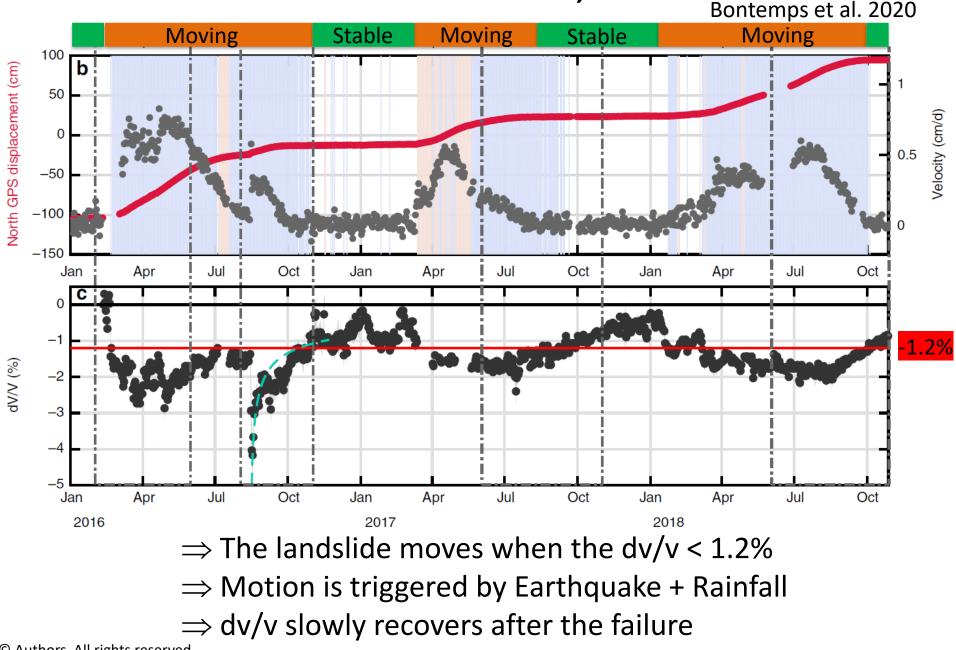
=> 4 days before the failure : dv/v dropped => After the failure : dv/v slowly recovers

Maca landslide, Peru



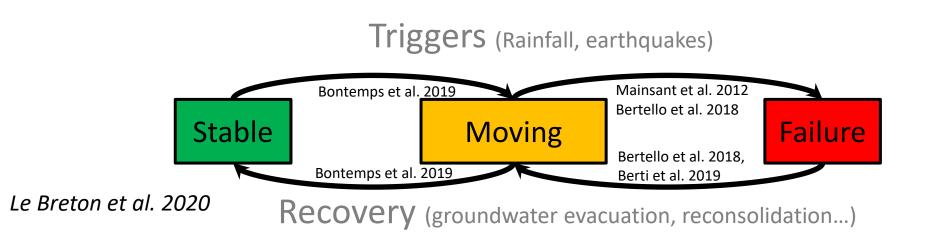
Bontemps et al. 2020

Maca landslide, Peru



Synthesis : three states of stability observed

The transition between states happens when the dv/v crosses a threshold

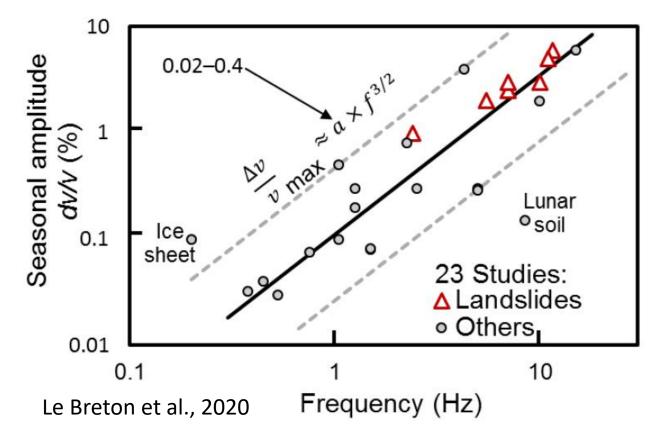


dv/v, an indicator of landslide stability...

- \Rightarrow Before failure (precursor)
- \Rightarrow But also after the failure (recovery)

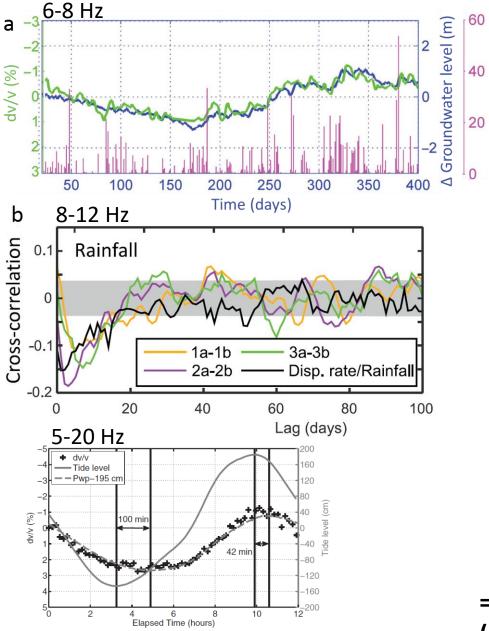
Question : is the dv/v also influenced by the environment ?

Seasonal amplitude of the dv/v



- \Rightarrow Dv/v fluctuates seasonaly, not only on landslides
- \Rightarrow Fluctuation amplitude depends on frequency (proxy to investigation depth)
- \Rightarrow The same processes may occur on landslides or on stable grounds

Influence of groundwater



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Yearly negative correlation between groundwater and dv/v, on Utiku landslide (Voisin et al. 2016)

Rainfall (mm/day)

Rainfall is correlated with a negative peak of dv/v, on Pont-Bourquin landslide (Bièvre et al. 2018)

Groundwater level is negatively correlated, on a 12-hour periods, created by tides, on a coast (Planès et al., 2017)

=> Groundwater elevation has a major (negative) influence on the dv/v



E. Larose et al.



Rocky Glacier « Gugla » – Wallis (CH)

Rock+sand+clay

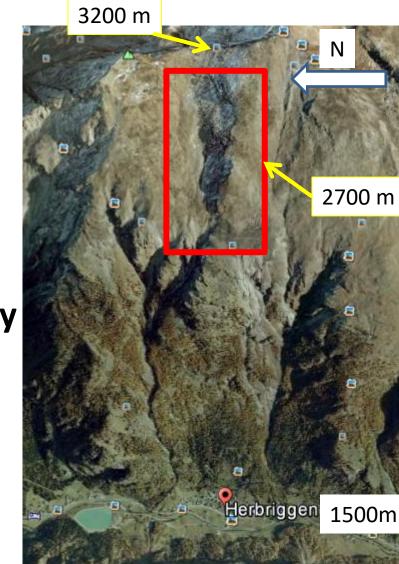
lce

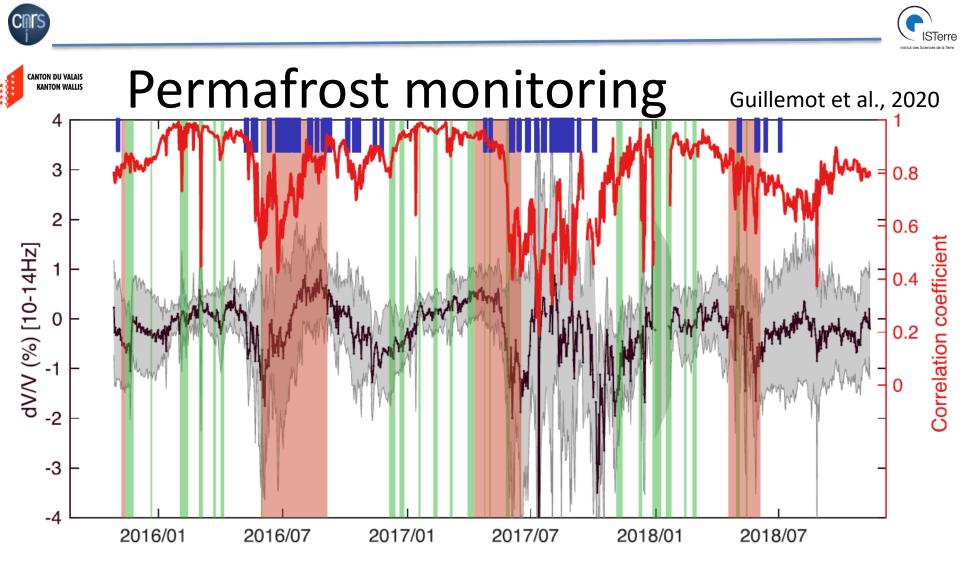
Rock+sand+clay

bedrock



Guillemot et al., 2020





Intense periods of :

Snow meltingSnowfallRainfall

=> Large drops of correlation coefficient occured during intense snow melting + rainfall

Online monitoring application

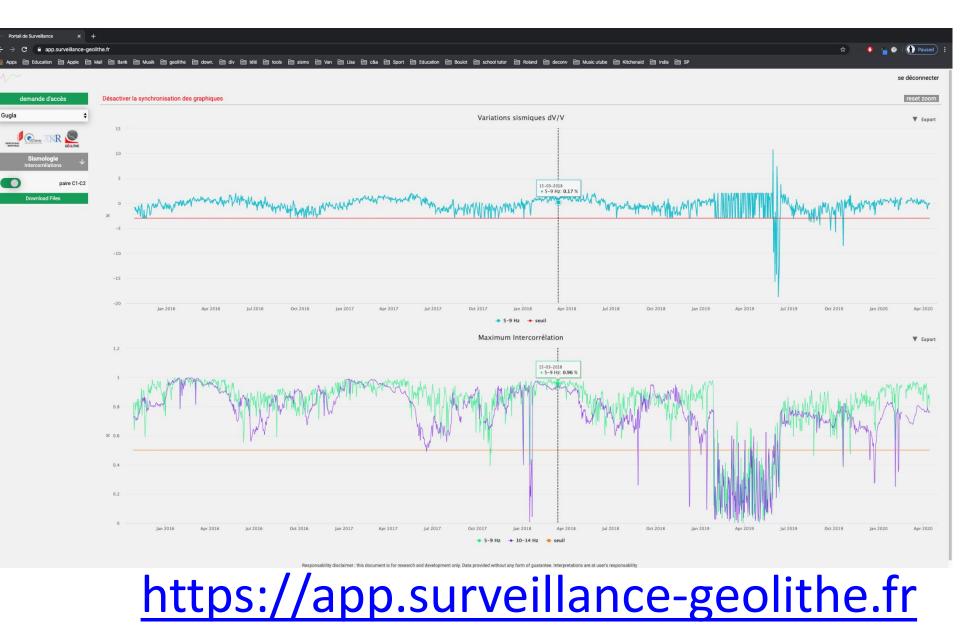
In partnership with Geolithe and Geolithe Innov, engineersconsultants in geology, geophysics and geotechnical science, an online monitoring application is now available:

Interactive visualization of data for comparison

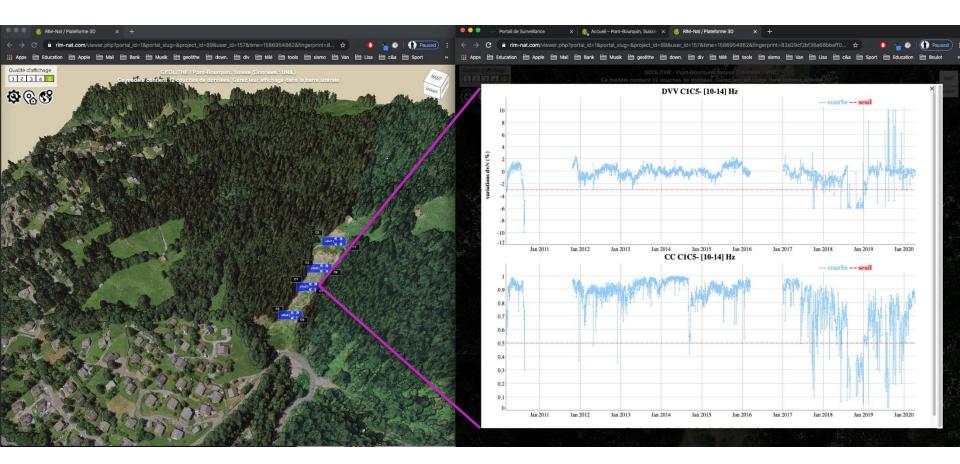
- Updated data every day/hour
- Alert by email/sms
- Possibility to map sensors and visualize data on 4D model with Rimnat[®]

<u>https://app.surveillance-geolithe.fr</u> <u>https://rim-nat.com</u>

Online software for processing and visualization



Visualization of the data on a DEM



https://rim-nat.com

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dv/v ⇔ landslide displacement

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