

Photosynthesis - Solar Induced Fluorescence relationships in polar ecosystems

Kadmiel Maseyk

The Open University, UK

@kmaseyk

Holly Croft, University of Sheffield, UK

Cheryl Rogers, University of Toronto, Canada

Terenzio Zenone, University of Exeter, UK

Walter Oechel, San Diego State University, USA

Donatella Zona, San Diego State University, USA

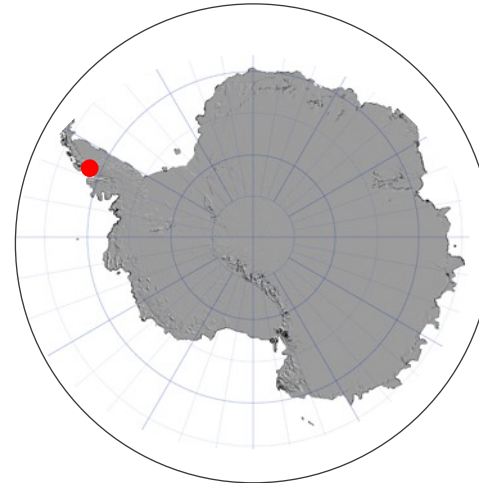


Summary

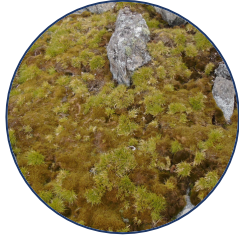
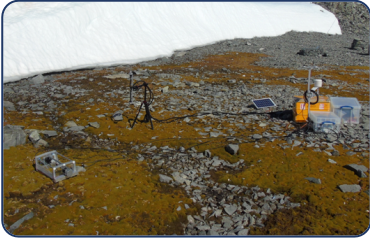
- Short campaigns of ground-based SIF measurements were made in a range of high latitude ecosystems (Antarctic and Arctic)
- Measurements were coupled with photosynthesis measured at different scales (surface chamber, LI6400 leaf, eddy covariance)
- SIF shows linear responses to PAR – variable between ecosystems but also some commonality
- SIF captures short-term temporal dynamics of photosynthesis across scales, but needs to incorporate species and environmental data for quantification

Measurement sites

- Ryder Bay, Antarctic Peninsular
- Abisko, north Sweden
- Utqiagvik (Barrow), Alaska



Vegetation



Antarctica:
moss beds, and moss with
Deschampsia antarctica



Abisko:
Stordalen Bog –
cloudberry (*Rubus*)
cranberry (*Vaccinium*)



Research Station –
Salix shrub

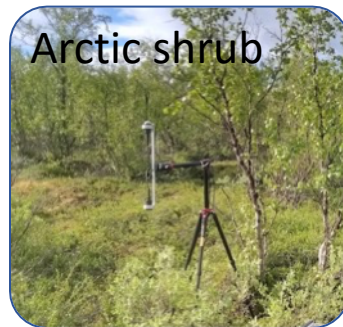
Utqiagvik:
wet coastal tundra



SIF measurements

Dual-field-of-view spectrometry – Piccolo Doppio

(Mac Arthur et al. 2014)



Photosynthesis measurements

Antarctic moss beds
surface chamber



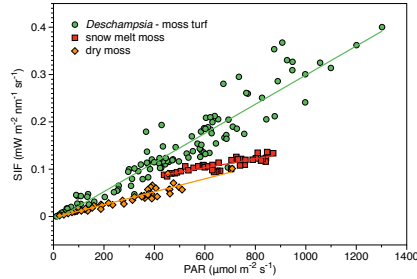
Arctic shrub and bog
LI6400 leaf phs



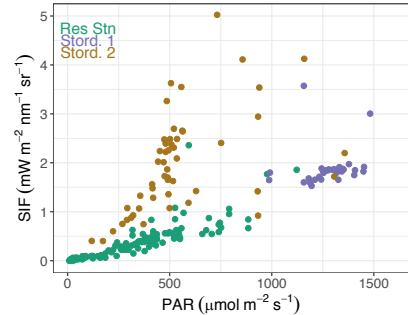
Arctic wet coastal tundra
Eddy covariance



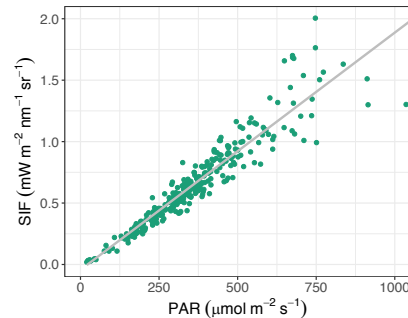
Relationships with PAR



Antarctic moss beds: Increasing SIF with increasing activity and biomass, even dry moss produces some SIF but overall low SIF values

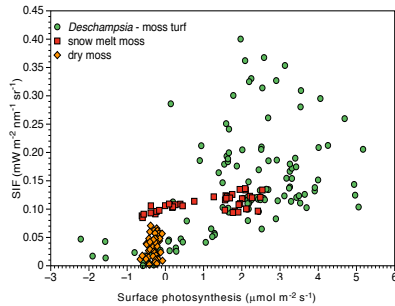


Arctic bog and shrub: *Salix* (Res Stn) and *Vaccinium* (Stord.1) on a similar relationship, *Rubus* (Stord.2) more noisy and higher SIF values

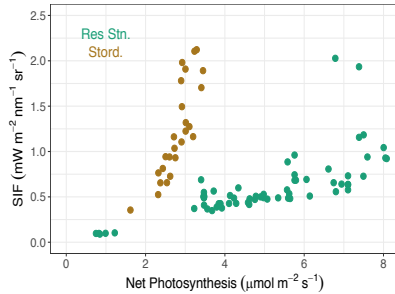


Arctic coastal tundra: Stable relationship over time, similar relationship to *Salix* + *Vaccinium*

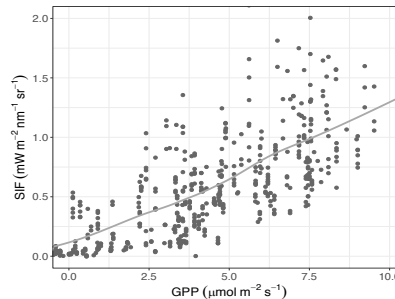
Relationships with Photosynthesis



Antarctic moss beds: SIF quite variable for given photosynthesis in the mixed community

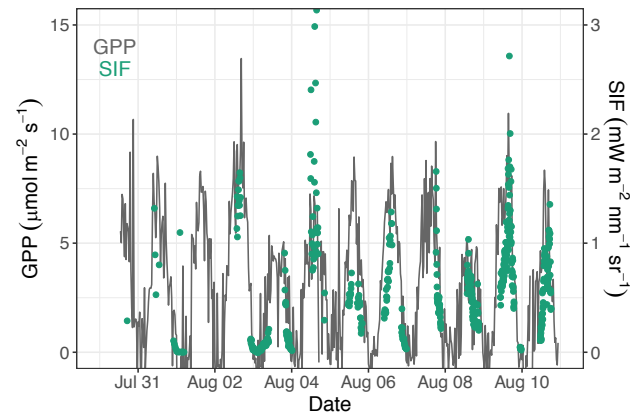
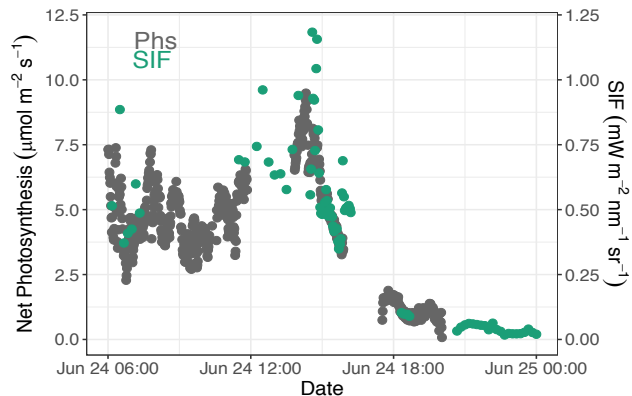
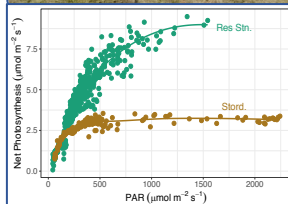
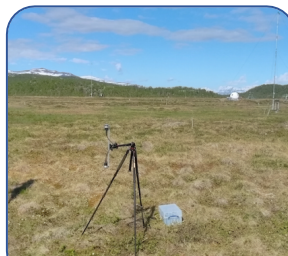
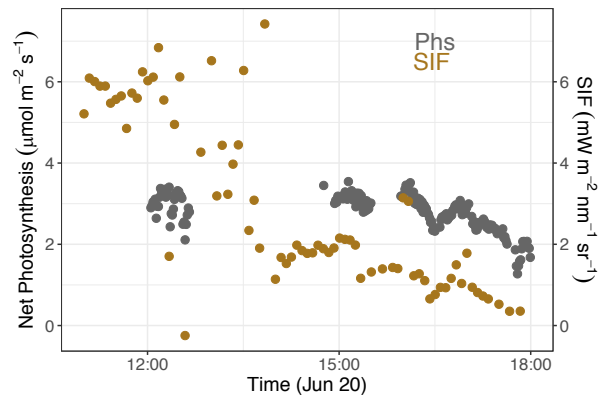


Arctic bog and shrub: Similar divergence between *Salix* and *Rubus*, due to different phs - light responses



Arctic coastal tundra: Lot of variability in the GPP-SIF relationship, indicating role of other factors, but scale similar to *Salix* for LAI = 1

Capturing temporal dynamics



Unpubl.