Who are you chatting with? Katharina Müller

What project am I working in?

Behaviour and transport of Microplastic in disturbed and undisturbed soils – a project within the CRC 1357 "Microplastics"

Where am I based?

Working Group Ecosystem Research, Institute of Geography, University of Cologne







Microplastic input in to alluvial meadows of the Rhine river in Cologne, Germany

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Introduction

- Rivers as major pathways for microplastic (MP) [1].
- The Rhine among biggest river system in northeastern Europe.
- Aim: analyse transport pathways and sedimentation of MP into the alluvial meadows of the Rhine.

Methods

Sampling:

- Sites: north outside of the city and south inside of the city
- Three transects per site (increasing elevation and distance to river)
- Mixture samples per transect for depths 0-5 cm and 5-20 cm.

Sample preparation:

- Separation of coarse and fine fraction via sieving;
 visual MP sorting for coarse fraction
- Separation of inorganic matter: density separation using ZnCl₂ for fine fraction [2] ($<500 \,\mu m$)
- Separation of organic matter via enzymatic purification [3]

Analysis:

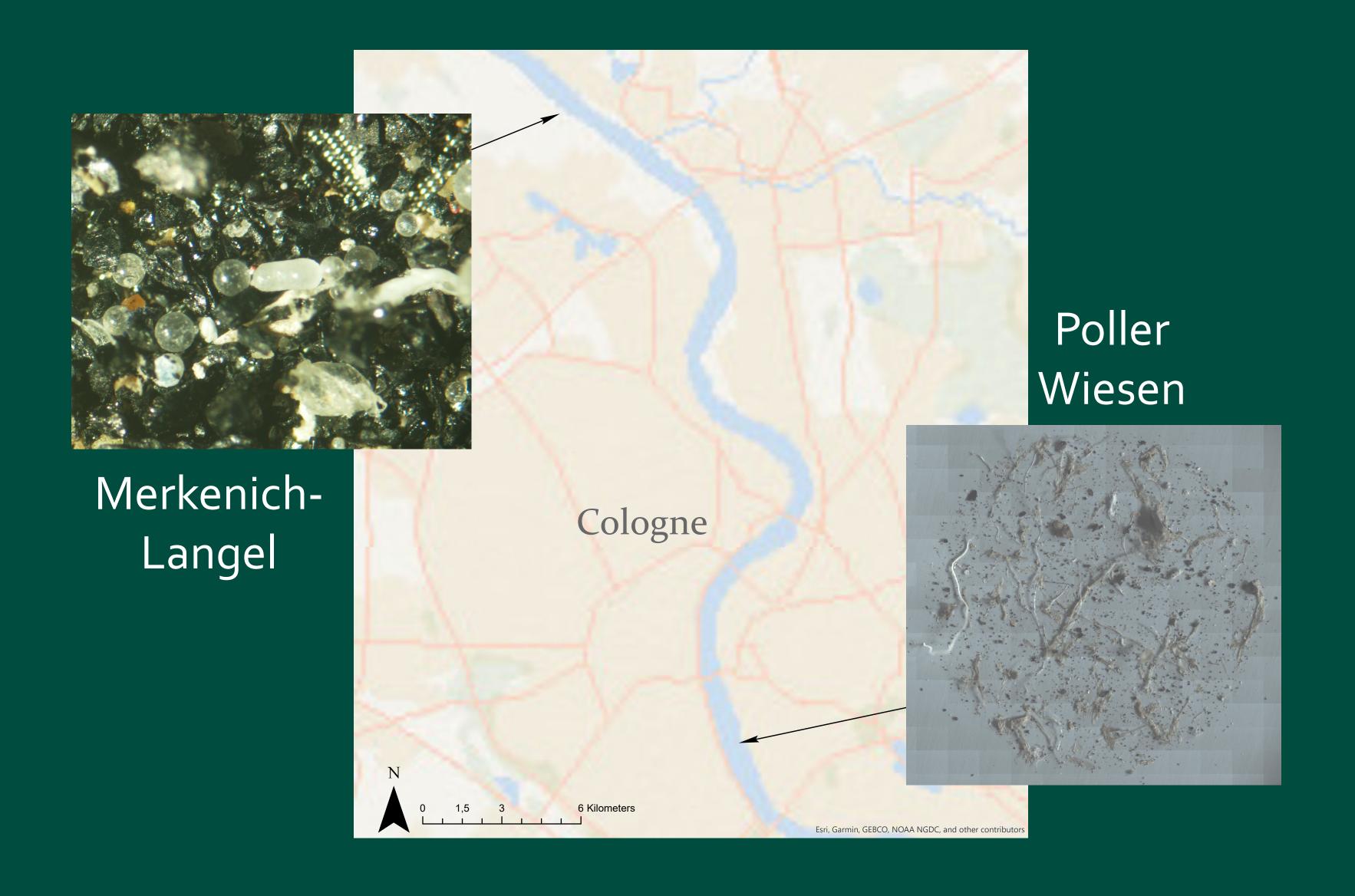
- Coarse fraction: Attenuated total reflection- Infrared Spectroscopy (ATR-IR)
- Fine fraction: Micro Fourier transform infrared (FTIR) spectroscopy







Primary Microplastic beads found in mead-ows of Rhine river in Cologne.



Northern sample site "Merkenich-Langel":





Southern sample site "Poller Wiesen":





Challenges

- Sample preparation process very time consuming
 amount of samples thus limited
- After enzymatic purification coal remained in samples: further separation undertaken using CaCl₂

Preliminary Results

- Variety of polymer types found in samples: PP, PE,
 PS, PET, ABS, PMMA, PVC, PC, PA, POM, PBT
- Primary MP beads found especially in northern site "Merkenich-Langel"
- Variety of particle shapes found in samples: beads, fibres, fragments, "pixels" (unidentified shape)

Outlook

- Quantitative results from spectroscopy will be included
- New questions arise: why is the concentration of primary MP beads especially high in the northern sample site?

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