

Magnesium Diboride (MgB₂) thermal detector array for Infrared Spectrometers and Cameras on Planetary Exploration Instruments.

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Abstract

Recent results from the 2-D array of MgB₂ thermal detectors being currently developed at NASA Goddard are presented. NEP and sensitivity (D^*) results show significant improvement compared to thermal detectors currently in use on planetary instruments. A MgB₂ thin-film bolometer, with a non-optimized radiation absorber, has been designed, fabricated and characterized. The bolometer pixel, with no separate absorber, gave an optical detectivity $D^* = \sim 1.6 \times 10^{10} \text{ cm}\sqrt{\text{Hz}}/\text{W}$ operating at 30 Hz.

1. Introduction

In this poster we present results of noise and sensitivity (D^*) measurements from a pixel in a 2-D array of superconducting MgB₂ thin film. The 2-D array is maintained at the superconducting transition temperature of an architected, high resistance, MgB₂ thin film on a SiN-coated Si substrate.

2. Figures

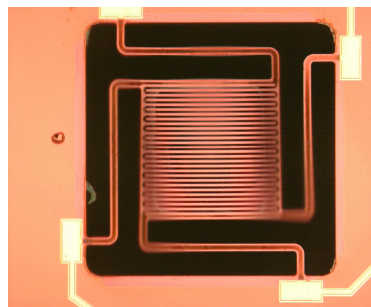


Figure 1: Single pixel in a 2-D array of MgB₂ bolometers.

3. Summary and Conclusions

Magnesium Diboride (MgB₂) grows nicely on SiN allowing the development of 2-D arrays of thermal detectors.

By architecturing it into a long meander line we have been able to obtain high resistance ($\sim 2\text{k}\Omega$) MgB₂ thermistors on the back of each pixel. Current results show that the D^* obtained is over an order of magnitude higher than thermopiles currently used on the CIRS instrument on Cassini. The sensitivity D^* is expected to be even higher when an IR absorber will be added.

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References

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